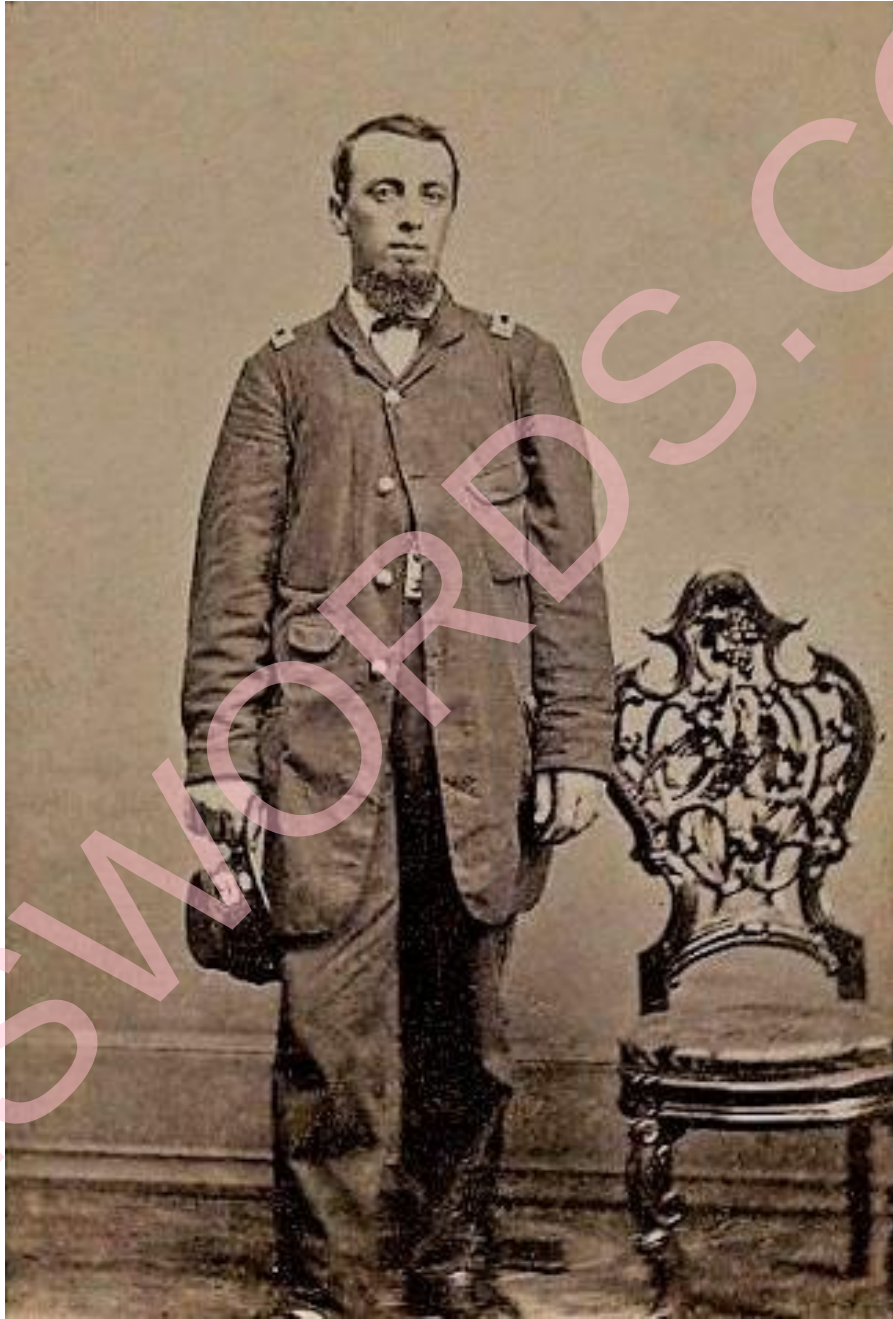


William H. Peckinpaugh

Captain

49th Regiment Indiana Infantry



Residence Leavenworth, IN.
Enlisted on 10/18/1861 as a Captain.

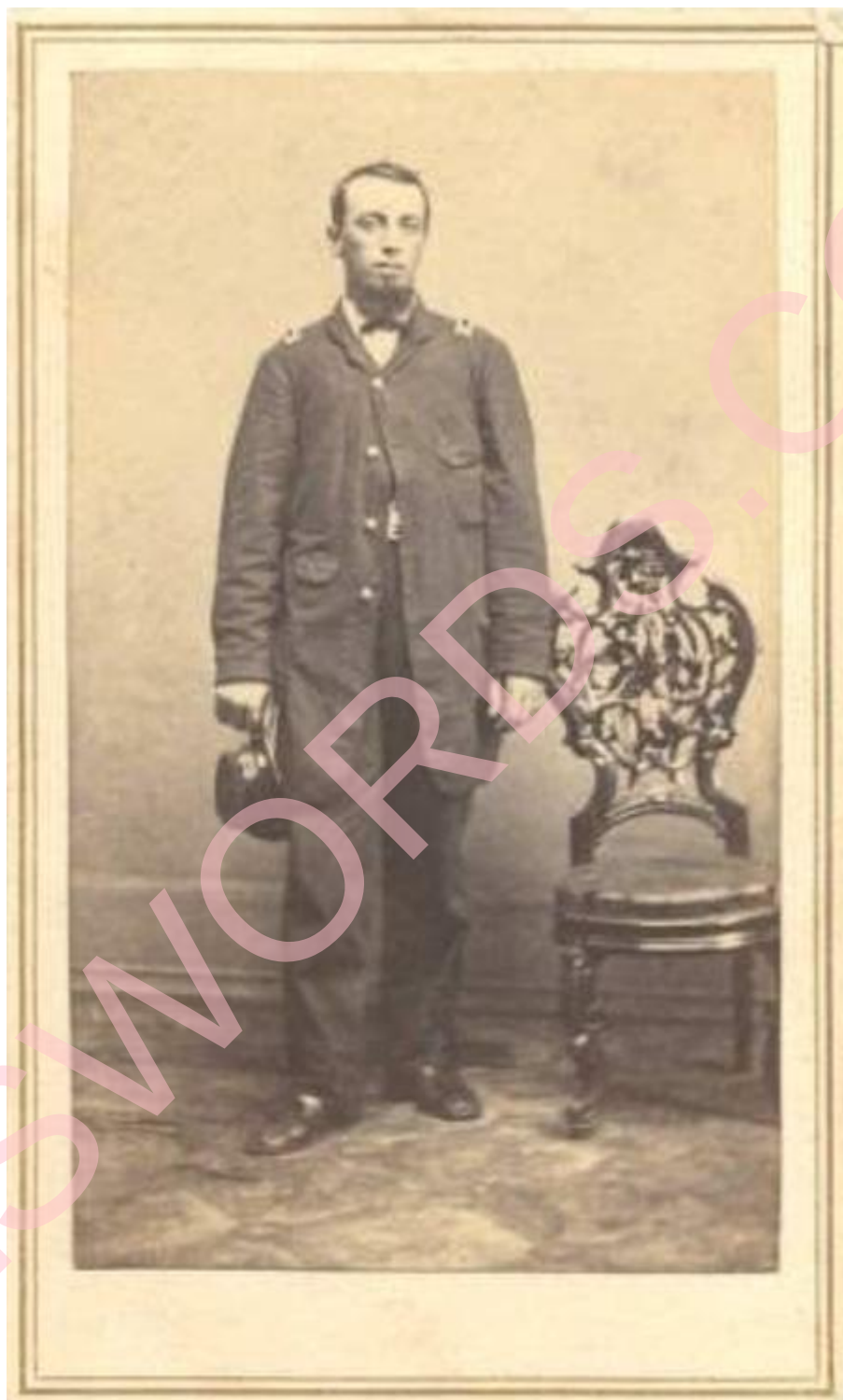
On 11/21/1861, he was commissioned into "F" Co. Indiana 49th Infantry.
He was Mustered Out on 11/29/1864

William H. Peckinpaugh



William Henry Peckinpaugh, taken in 1866 after the Civil War.
Captain William Henry Peckinpaugh (1835-1875) was a Civil War veteran
(49th Regiment Indiana Infantry in Company F)

William H. Peckinpaugh



Biography

Captain William H. Peckinpaugh

Captain William H. Peckinpaugh (also spelled Peckenpaugh) was a Union Army officer who served during the American Civil War. He is best known for his role as a captain in **Company F of the 49th Indiana Infantry Regiment**, a unit that mustered into federal service in 1861.

Military Service

Peckenpaugh enlisted as a captain in **October 1861**, shortly after the outbreak of the Civil War Indiana Memory. As a company commander in the 49th Indiana Infantry, he would have been responsible for leading a group of approximately 100–150 men, organizing drills, maintaining discipline, and ensuring the readiness of his troops for combat. The 49th Indiana Infantry fought in several major campaigns and battles on the Union side, including engagements in the Western Theater of the war.

Historical Records and Portraits

A known CDV image of Captain Peckenpaugh shows him in a Union military uniform, holding a hat, and standing next to a chair. The image is part of the **Civil War Military Front** collection at the Indiana Historical Society, photographed by J.M. Eckers in New Albany, Indiana; Indiana Memory. The reverse of the photograph notes "Capt. Will H. Peckinpaugh" and the photographer's name.

Family and Legacy

Historical research into the **Peckinpaugh family collection** reveals that William Henry Peckinpaugh had a long family history connected to war. His father, **Paul Peckinpaugh**, and his wife, **Sallie Emmick**, were also active in military service, with their son **Harry J. Peckinpaugh** continuing the family tradition. Letters and photographs from the collection show the family's efforts to maintain morale through correspondence during the war, a common practice given the limited means of communication at the time.

Summary

Captain William H. Peckinpaugh was a Union officer whose service in the 49th Indiana Infantry reflects the contributions of Indiana's volunteers to the Civil War effort. His documented presence in military records and portraits, along with his family's military legacy, underscores his place in Indiana's Civil War history.

Captain William Henry Peckinpaugh He is historically notable for his wartime correspondence with his fiancée (later wife) Mary Ann "Mollie" Emmick, which provides detailed firsthand accounts of military campaigns and events such as the aftermath of President Abraham Lincoln's assassination.

William Henry Peckinpaugh Family Tree

(as Confirmed by Ancestry.com)

William Henry Peckinpaugh
Birth 22 Feb 1838 • Crawford, Indiana, United States
Death 6 Dec 1875 • Jasper, Dubois, Indiana, USA
&
(Spouse)
Flora Blanche Peckinpaugh
Birth 8 Mar 1874 • Crawford County, Indiana, USA
Death 18 Aug 1965 • Owensboro, Daviess, Kentucky, USA



Flora Blanche Peckinpaugh
(daughter)
Birth 8 Mar 1874 • Crawford County, Indiana, USA
Death 18 Aug 1965 • Owensboro, Daviess, Kentucky, USA
&
(Spouse)
James Clinton Gabbert
1872–1930



Lois B Gabbert
(Granddaughter)
Birth Sep 12, 1904 • Spencer County, Indiana, USA
Death 14 Jan 1994 • Grand Rapids, Kent, Michigan, USA
&
(Spouse)
Walter Henry McBride
Birth 20 Apr 1905 • Waterloo, De Kalb, Indiana, USA
Death 03 Dec 2003 • Grand Rapids, Kent, Michigan, USA



Nelson Gabbert Mc Bride
(Great Grand Son)
Birth 29 Aug 1936 • Ft. Wayne, Allen, Indiana, USA
Death 30 May 2014 • Grand Rapids, Kent, Michigan, USA
&
(Spouse)
Susan Doody McBride

Peckinpaugh Collection

This collection, which is identified to Captain William H. Peckinpaugh, consist of his 1851 NAVY Revolver .36 Caliber, Octagonal Barrel, Serial number 105189 manufactured 1861; his Non-Regulation Officer Sword made by "F. Holster" Solingen, which he is holding in two CDV images; a framed full-plate ambrotype of Captain Peckinpaugh and his wife Mary A. *Emmick* Peckinpaugh, as well as several CDV images of family members and friends. Additionally, two clothing ledgers for Company "F" Co. Indiana 49th Infantry under the command of Captain William H. Peckinpaugh.

The collection remained within the family through the generation until **Nelson Gabbert McBride**, the Great Grandson of William H Peckinpaugh, passed and his surviving wife Susan Doody McBride sold all the items in the collection to **Alexander's Militaria** at 1204 Leonard St. NW in Grand Rapids, a large Civil War Store. The grouping was then sold to Mike Culp of Kalamazoo who maintained the collection until sold to Steven D Rioni in September of 2025.

Nelson was survived by his wife Susan Doody McBride. She brought all the items in the collection to **Alexander's Militaria** at 1204 Leonard St. NW in Grand Rapids, a large Civil War Store

William H Peckinpaugh
Captain Co F 49th Indiana Infantry



Born: 22 Feb 1838
Died 6 Nov 1875 (aged 37)
Burial: Grandview, Spencer County, Indiana, USA

William H. Peckinpaugh

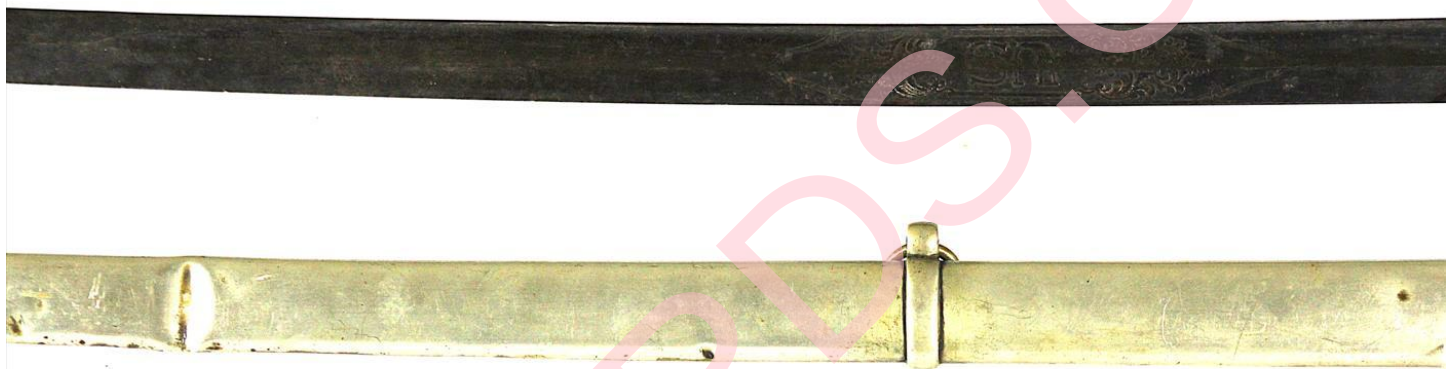
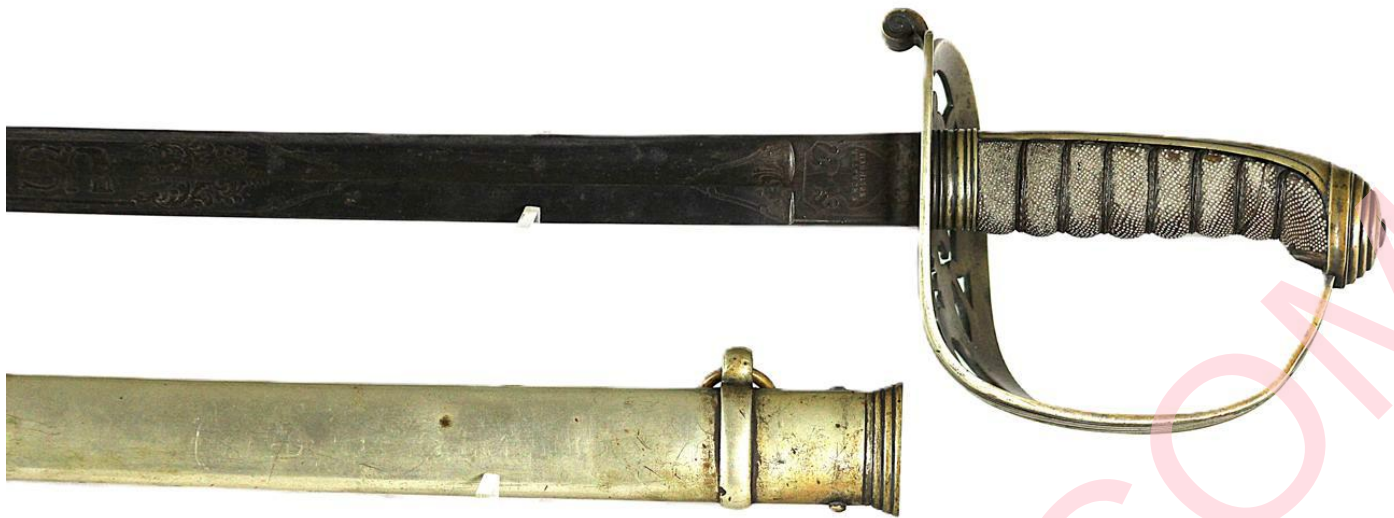
Non-Regulation Sword



This Non-Regulation Foot Officers sword is identified to Captain William H. Peckinpaugh and came directly from his decedents as part of the Peckinpaugh Collection. It is the higher-grade version of the Non-Regulation Foot Officers sword with a brass silver plated hilt; shark skin grip with triple-strand dragoon wire complete with a German Silver-plated scabbard. The blade is fully etched with a dark patina. F. Horster, Solingen.









William H. Peckinpaugh Belt Buckle

This Belt Buckle is identified to Captain William H. Peckinpaugh and came directly from his decedents as part of the Peckinpaugh Collection.



William H. Peckinpaugh

Colt Model 1851 Navy Revolver



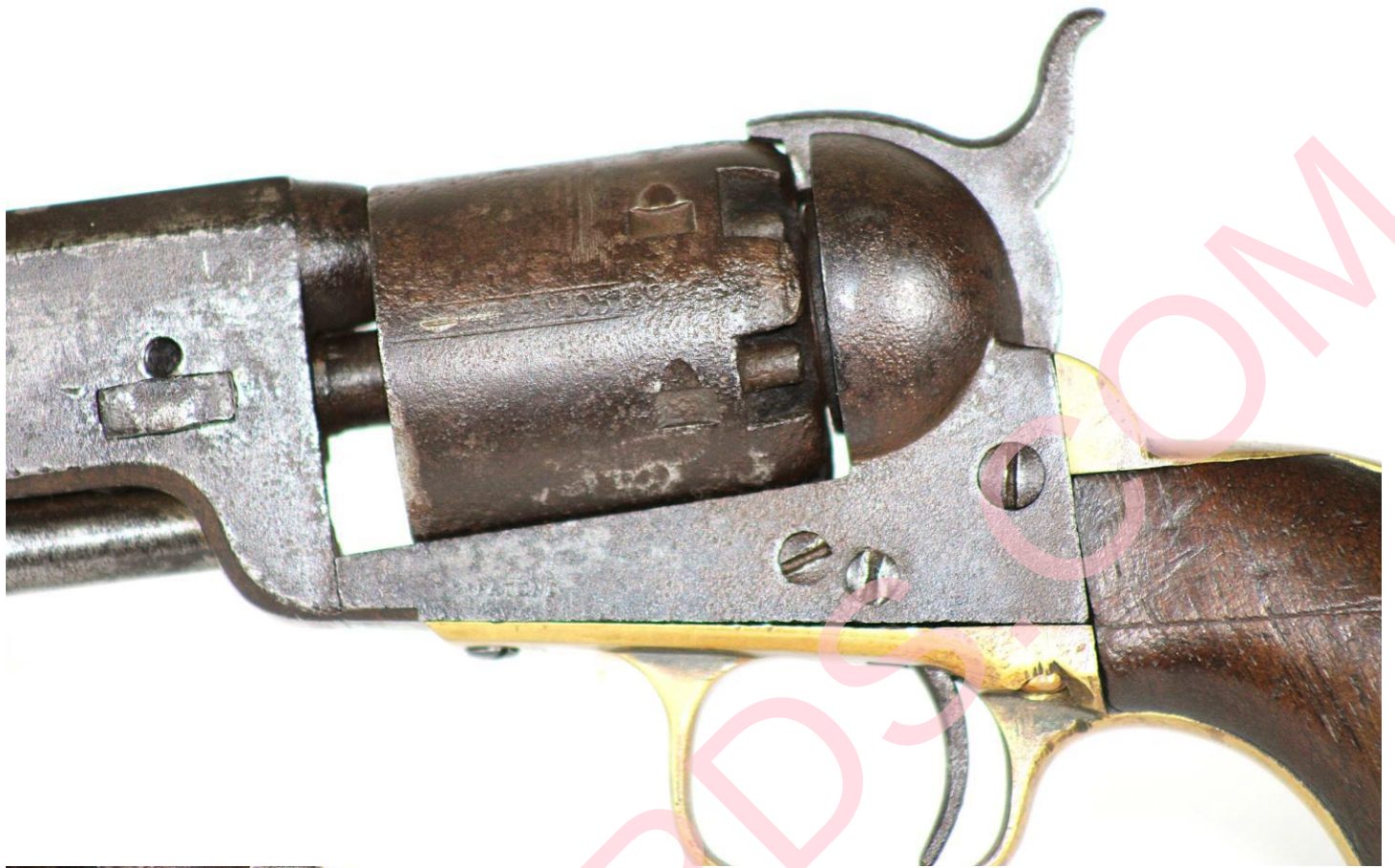
This Colt Model 1851 Navy Revolver is identified to Captain William H. Peckinpaugh and came directly from his decedents as part of the Peckinpaugh Collection. It is serial number 105189 with a production year of 1861. It is an early Civil War production and show heavy use with a deep brown patina. It is missing the wedge screw and has two period brass replacement screws for the loading lever, but all other screws are original. The gun is tight and properly function and holds in both half & full cock positions. All the nipples are original as well as the front site, and the original grip is complete. The serial number matches on all parts to include the wedge, and loading lever, which is tight.





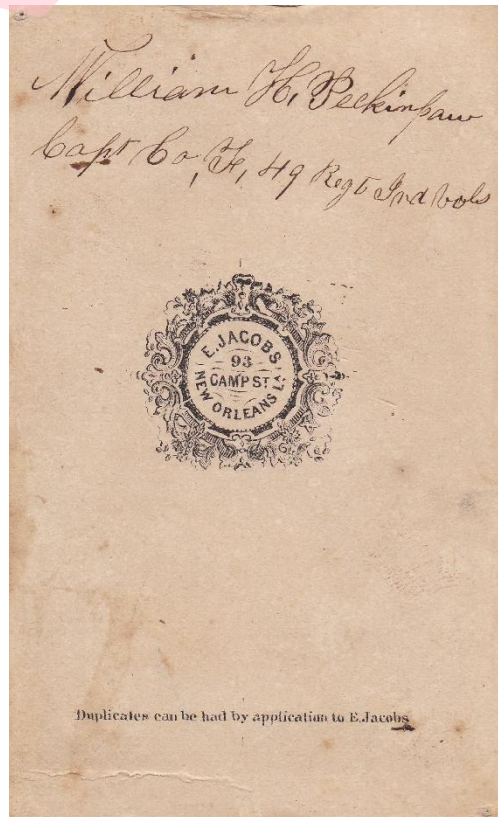
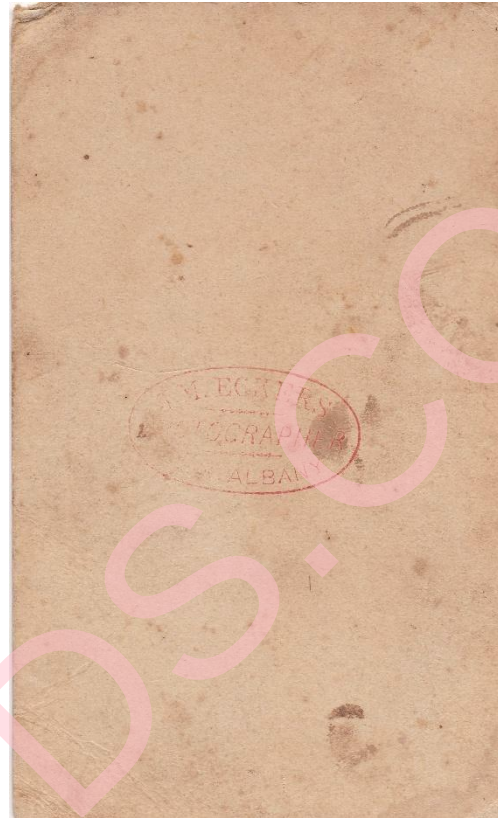




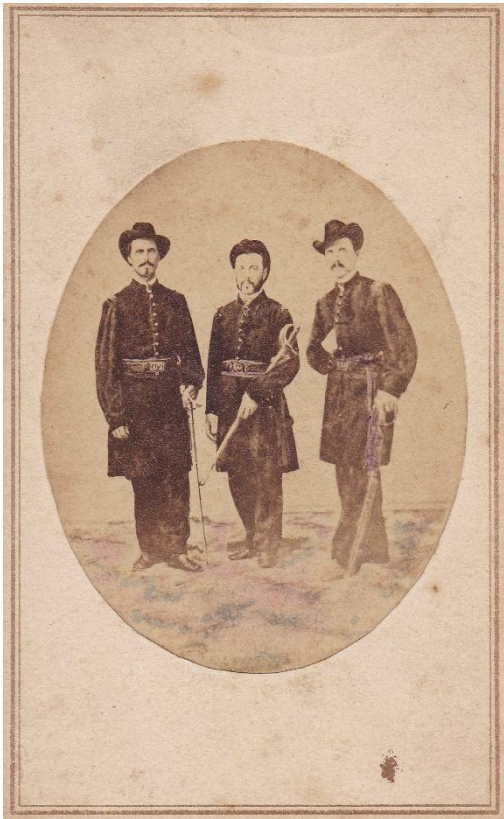




William H. Peckinpaugh



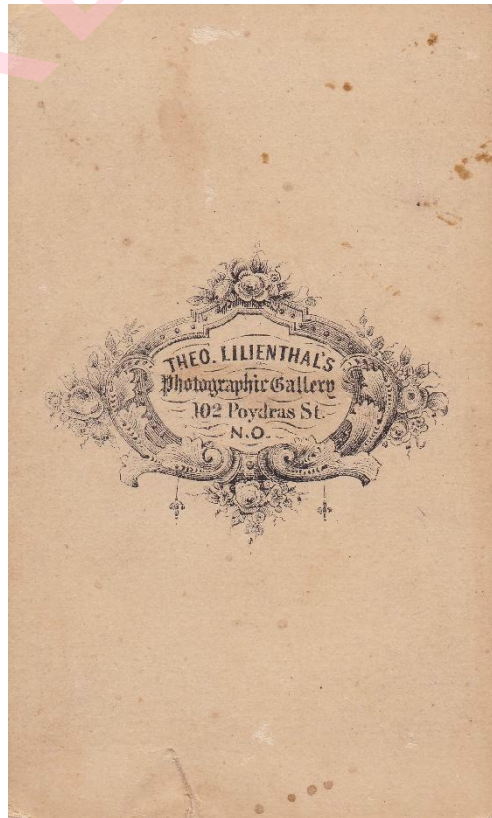
Captain Peckinpaugh with his Non-Regulation Sword



Captain Peckinpugh in the center with his Non-Regulation Sword



Captain Peckinpugh standing to the left with two unknown officers



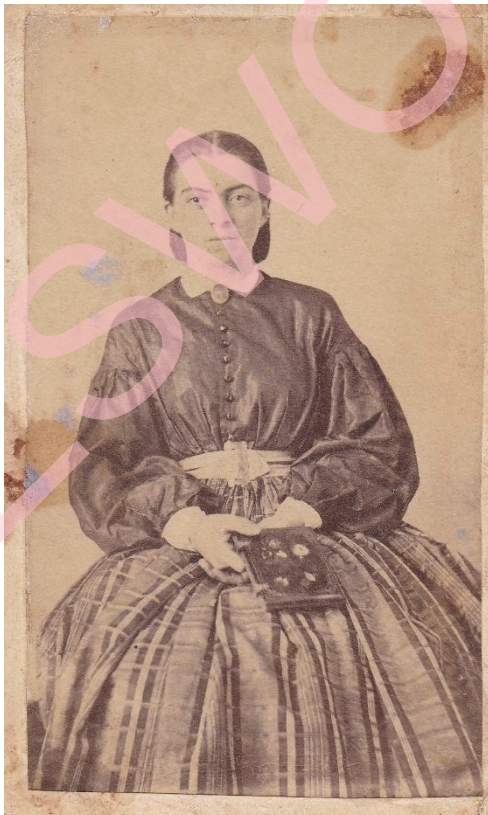
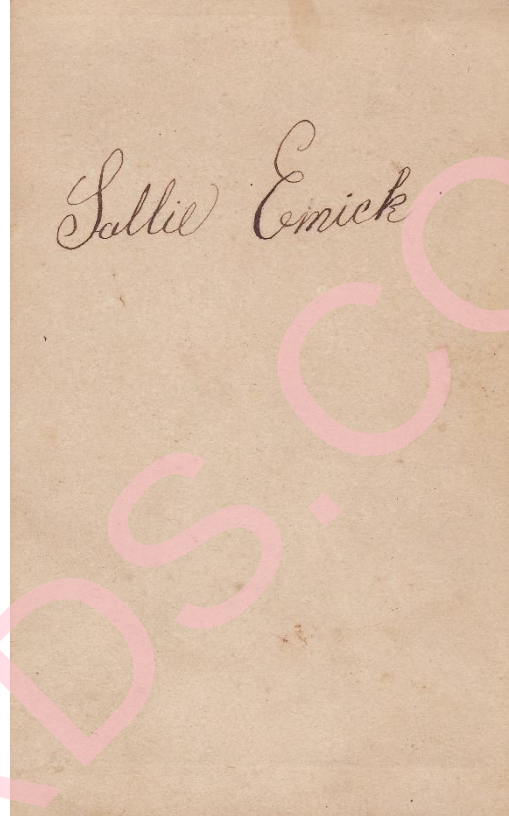
Peckinpauh



Photo Copy of CDV with Captain holding his Non-Regulation Sword

Peckinpaugh

Family Members







Sarah (Sallie) Miller Emmick (mother of Mary Emmick Peckinpaugh)

Birth 1822

Death 1886 (aged 63–64)

Burial Grandview, Spencer County, Indiana, USA



Lavisa Jane Peckinpaugh Johnston (sister of William H. Peckinpaugh)

Birth 12 Feb 1840 Crawford County, Indiana, USA

Death 30 Sep 1914 (aged 74)

Provolt, Jackson County, Oregon, USA

Burial Peckinpaugh Cemetery Cape Sandy, Crawford County, Indiana, USA



Vina Peckinpaugh (No further info. Found)



Mina Amanda Fillenwider

Flora Blanche Peckinpaugh Gabbert (daughter of William H.)

Birth 8 Mar 1874 Indiana, USA Death 18 Aug 1965 (aged 91) Owensboro, Daviess County, Kentucky, USA Burial Grandview, Spencer County, Indiana, USA

Lois Gabbert McBride (daughter of James Clinton Gabbert and Flora Peckinpaugh Gabbert)

Birth 12 Sep 1904 Indiana, USA Death 14 Jan 1994 (aged 89) Burial Graceland Memorial Park and Mausoleum Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan, USA

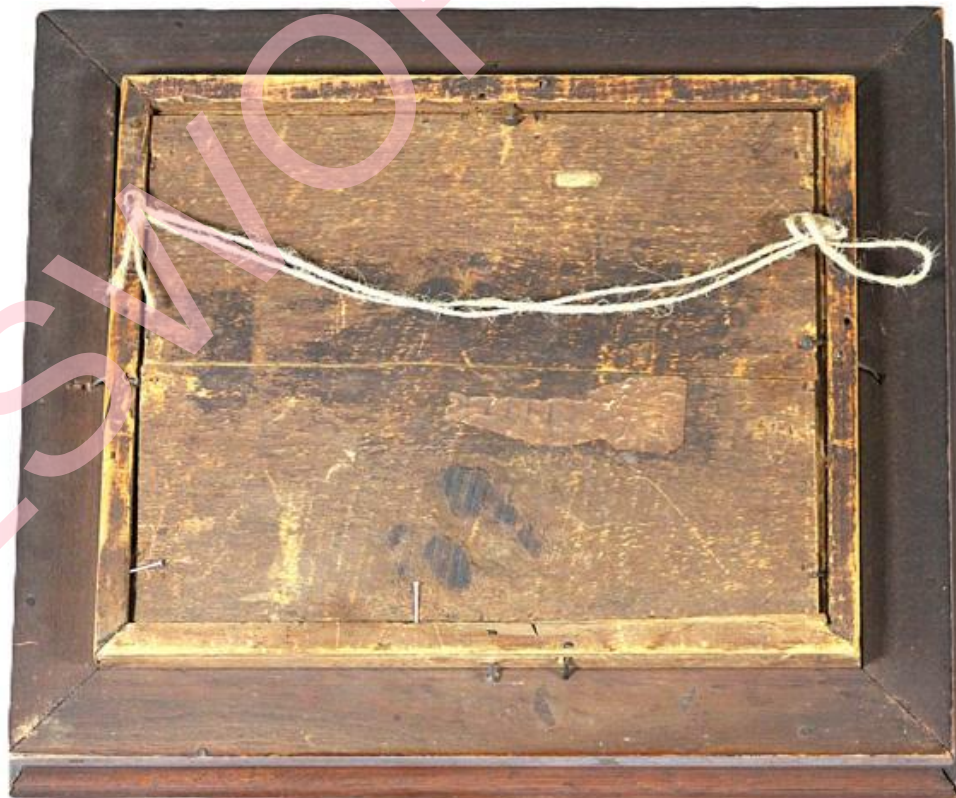
Nelson Gabbert McBride (son of Lois Gabbert McBride) (Great Grandson of William H Peckinpaugh)

Birth 29 Aug 1936 Fort Wayne, Allen County, Indiana, USA Moved to Grand Rapids in 1954 to run the Grand Rapids Art Museum. Death 30 May 2014 (aged 77) Grand Rapids, Kent County, Michigan, USA

Nelson is survived by his wife Susan Doody McBride.

William H. Peckinpaugh

Captain Peckinpaugh & Wife

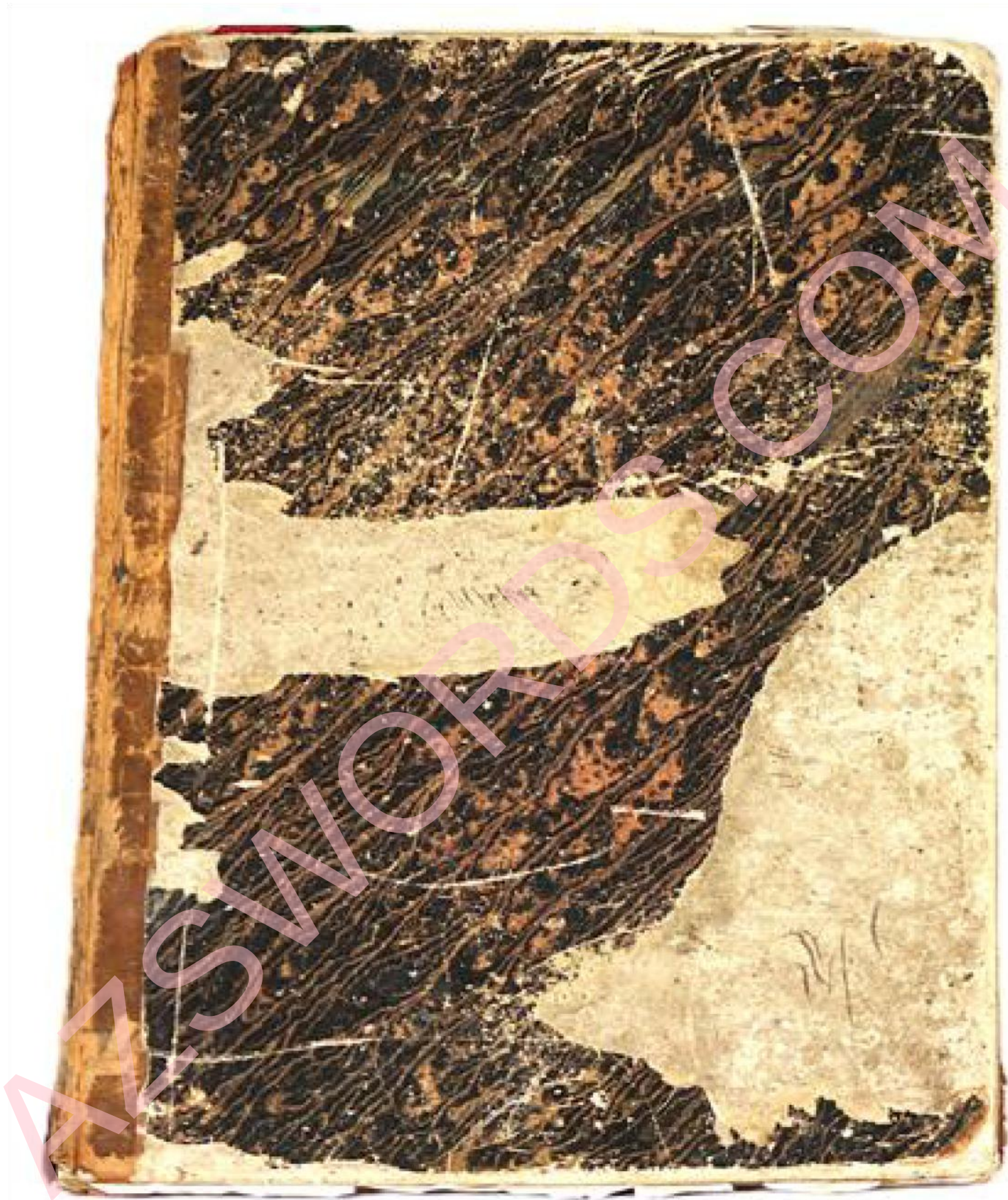


A full plate ambrotype on a large glass plate measuring 6½ by 8½ inches

Two Clothing Ledgers Company "F" Co. Indiana 49th Infantry



COMPANY
CLOTHING





The married couple here is Mary Ann (Mollie) Emmick Peckinpaugh and her husband, William Henry Peckinpaugh. Their children are Harry Junius (believed to be about 7 here) and the baby, Flora Blanche.

Mary A. Emmick Peckinpaugh (spouse of William H. Peckinpaugh)

Born 17 Jun 1843 Death 6 Oct 1929 (aged 86) Burial: Grandview, Spencer County, Indiana, USA

Letter dated March 31, 1922 (from Envelope to Mary Peckinpaugh –

Our dear Mrs. Peckinpaugh, We are not unmindful of the part that you so generously and cheerfully took in the care and comfort for our mother in her last days. We wish to express our great appreciation for this. We also thank you for the flowers which were such a beautiful tribute of your sympathy and a fine testimony of your love and esteem of our beloved mother.



John Gabbert (John Columbus Gabbert)

Carrie Tremper (Carrie E. Gabbert Tremper)

Maggie Landsbury (Margaret Jane Gabbert Landsbury)

James Gabbert (James Clinton Gabbert)

Mother : **Sarah Lavina Brown Gabbert**, Death March 25, 1922 (aged 86) Grandview, Spencer County, Indiana, USA

REGIMENTAL HISTORY

History of the 49th Indiana Volunteer Infantry, Co. F



The 49th Regiment Indiana Infantry was an infantry regiment that served in the Union Army during the American Civil War. Organized in November 1861, the regiment fought in several major campaigns throughout the war, including the **Cumberland Gap Campaign**, the **Siege of Vicksburg**, and the **Red River Campaign**. The regiment mustered out of service in September 1865.

The regiment was first attached to the 12th Brigade, Army of the Ohio, in December 1861, and later to several other units before being assigned to the Department of Kentucky in February 1865.

The regiment's detailed service included duties at various locations, such as Bardstown, Kentucky, and Memphis, Tennessee, before participating in the Cumberland Gap Campaign in 1862. The regiment played a key role in the capture of Fort Hindman during the Yazoo Expedition and also participated in the Siege of Vicksburg in 1863.

Throughout its service, the 49th Indiana Infantry suffered a total of 236 casualties, including 1 officer and 40 enlisted men who were killed or mortally wounded in battle, and 3 officers and 192 enlisted men who died of disease. Notable members of the regiment included 1st Sergeant William Wesley Kendall, who was awarded the Medal of Honor for his actions during the Battle of Big Black River Bridge on May 17, 1863.

The 49th Indiana Infantry is an important part of the history of the American Civil War and its service reflects the bravery and sacrifices of the men who served in the Union Army during the war. The regiment's service is a testament to the importance of preserving and commemorating the legacy of those who fought and died for the cause of the Union during the Civil War.

49th Regiment Indiana Volunteer Infantry

Organized at Jeffersonville, Ind., and mustered in November 21, 1861. Moved to Bardstown, Ky. December 11-13, and duty there till January 12, 1862. Attached to 12th Brigade, Army of the Ohio, December, 1861. 12th Brigade, 1st Division, Army of the Ohio, to March, 1862. 24th Brigade, 7th Division, Army of the Ohio, to October, 1862. 3rd Brigade, Cumberland Division, District of West Virginia, Dept. of the Ohio, to November, 1862. 2nd Brigade, 9th Division, Right Wing 13th Army Corps (Old), Dept. of the Tennessee, to December, 1862. 2nd Brigade, Sherman's Yazoo Expedition, to January, 1863. 2nd Brigade, 9th Division, 13th Army Corps Army of Tennessee, to February, 1863. 1st Brigade, 9th Division, 13th Army Corps, to July, 1863. 3rd Brigade, 1st Division, 13th Army Corps, Dept. of the Tennessee, to August, 1863, and Dept. of the Gulf to March, 1864. 2nd Brigade, 1st Division, 13th Army Corps, to July, 1864. 4th Brigade, 1st Division, District of Kentucky, to February, 1865. Dept. of Kentucky to September, 1865.

SERVICE. March to Cumberland Ford January 12-February 15, 1862. Flat Lick Ford, Cumberland River, February 14. Skirmishes at Big Creek Gap and Jackson borough March 14 (Detachment). Reconnaissance toward Cumberland Gap and skirmishes March 21-23. Duty at Cumberland Ford till June. Cumberland Gap Campaign March 28 to June 18. Occupation of Cumberland Gap June 18 to September 16. Tazewell July 22 (Detachment). Evacuation of Cumberland Gap and retreat to the Ohio River September 17-October 3. Expedition to Charleston, W.Va., October 21-November 10. Moved to Memphis, Tenn., November 10, and duty there till December 20. Sherman's Yazoo Expedition December 20, 1862, to January 3, 1863. Chickasaw Bayou December 26-28. Chickasaw Bluff December 29. Expedition to Arkansas Post, Ark., January 3-10, 1863. Assault and capture of Fort Hindman, Arkansas Post, January 10-11. Moved to Young's Point, La., January 15; thence to Milliken's Bend March 8. Operations from Milliken's Bend to New Carthage March 31-April 17. James' Plantation, near New Carthage, April 6 and 8. Dunbar's Plantation, Bayou Vidal, April 15. Expedition from Perkin's Plantation to Hard Times Landing April 25-29. Phelps' and Clark's Bayous April 26. Choctaw Bayou on Lake Bruin April 28. Battle of Thompson's Hill, Port Gibson, May 1. Battle of Champion's Hill May 16. Big Black River Bridge May 17. Siege of Vicksburg, Miss., May 18-July 4.

Assaults on Vicksburg May 19 and 22. Advance on Jackson, Miss., July 4-10. Near Clinton July 8. Siege of Jackson July 10-17. Ordered to New Orleans, La., August 13. Duty at Carrollton, Brashear City and Berwick till October. Western Louisiana "Teche" Campaign October 3-November 30. Moved to New Orleans, thence to DeCrow's Point, Tex., December 10-14. Duty at Matagorda Island and Indianola till April, 1864. Ordered to New Orleans April 19, thence to Alexandria April 23. Red River Campaign April 26-May 22. Action at Graham's Plantation May 5. Retreat to Morganza May 13-20. Expedition to the Atchafalaya May 30-June 6. Duty at Morganza till July. Moved to New Orleans, thence home on Veteran furlough July and August. Ordered to Lexington, Ky., and garrison duty there till September 7, 1865. Moved to Louisville, Ky., September 7, and there mustered out September 13, 1865.

Regiment lost during service 1 Officer and 40 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 3 Officers and 192 Enlisted men by disease. Total 236.

49th Indiana Infantry in the American Civil War

Overview

The 49th Indiana Infantry (Three Years' Service) was an infantry regiment from Indiana that served in the Union Army during the American Civil War. Organized at Jeffersonville, Indiana, the regiment was mustered into Federal service on November 21, 1861. The 49th Indiana participated in operations across the Western Theater, including Kentucky, Tennessee, Mississippi, Louisiana, and Texas, and was attached to various brigades and divisions throughout its service. The regiment is noted for its extensive campaigning, including participation in the Vicksburg Campaign and the Red River Campaign.

Organization & Service

The 49th Indiana Infantry was organized at Jeffersonville and mustered in on November 21, 1861. The regiment left Indiana for Bardstown, Kentucky, on December 11, 1861, and then moved to Cumberland Ford in January 1862, where it remained until June, suffering significant losses from disease. During this period, the regiment engaged in skirmishes at Big Tree Gap and Cumberland Gap in March 1862. In June, the 49th Indiana joined General Morgan's forces and occupied Cumberland Gap on June 18, 1862, after the Confederate withdrawal.

The regiment remained at Cumberland Gap until September 1862, then participated in the retreat to the Ohio River, reaching Greensburg, Kentucky, in early October. It subsequently moved to Coal Mouth, West Virginia, and in November was ordered to Memphis, Tennessee, where it joined Sherman's army for the Vicksburg expedition. The 49th Indiana fought at Chickasaw Bluffs, suffering 56 casualties, and took part in the expedition against Arkansas Post in January 1863.

Following Arkansas Post, the regiment assisted in digging a canal at Young's Point and then moved to the rear of Vicksburg, participating in the battles of Port Gibson, Champion's Hill, and Black River Bridge. The 49th Indiana was engaged in the siege of Vicksburg until its surrender, including the assault on May 22, 1863. In July, the regiment took part in the siege of Jackson, Mississippi, and was ordered to New Orleans in August, where it was assigned to the Department of the Gulf.

The regiment moved to Berwick's Bay and participated in the Teche expedition, advancing as far as Opelousas, Louisiana. Upon returning to New Orleans, the regiment was ordered to Texas, arriving at Matagorda Peninsula on December 14, 1863, and later moving to Indianola. On February 3, 1864, 171 men reenlisted as veterans. The regiment embarked from Matagorda Island on April 19, 1864, for Alexandria, Louisiana, where it reinforced Banks' army and was engaged in continuous skirmishing until the retreat to the Mississippi River in May.

After returning to New Orleans, the regiment was furloughed home in July 1864. Upon expiration of furlough, it was ordered to Lexington, Kentucky, where it remained until September 7, 1865. The 49th Indiana then proceeded to Louisville and was mustered out of service on September 13, 1865. Over its service, the regiment marched approximately 8,000 miles.

Engagements & Campaigns

- Skirmishes at Big Tree Gap and Cumberland Gap (March 1862)
- Occupation of Cumberland Gap (June 1862)
- Retreat to the Ohio River (September–October 1862)
- Battle of Chickasaw Bluffs (December 1862)
- Expedition against Arkansas Post (January 1863)
- Canal operations at Young's Point
- Battle of Port Gibson (May 1863)
- Battle of Champion's Hill (May 1863)
- Battle of Black River Bridge (May 1863)
- Siege of Vicksburg, including assault of May 22 (May–July 1863)
- Siege of Jackson, Mississippi (July 1863)
- Teche Expedition (October–November 1863)
- Operations in Texas (December 1863–April 1864)
- Red River Campaign, including skirmishes near Alexandria (April–May 1864)

Casualties

The 49th Indiana Infantry's original strength was 974. During its service, it gained 294 recruits and 177 reenlistment, for a total of 1,445 men. The regiment lost 238 men by death, 94 by desertion, and 42 were unaccounted for. Detailed breakdowns of killed, wounded, and deaths by disease are not fully specified in available sources.

The 49th Indiana and the Raid on Big Creek Gap

In the days after the Federal victories at Forts Henry and Donelson, the western armies pushed south along the Tennessee and Cumberland Rivers, eventually taking over control of much of middle Tennessee. But in eastern Kentucky, Union forces were also on the move and their sights were on Cumberland Gap.

To that end, in early March 1862 General Samuel Carter directed a demonstration made at Big Creek Gap to draw Confederate forces away from Cumberland Gap and assigned the task to his brother, Colonel James Carter leading the 2nd East Tennessee, along with a portion of the 49th Indiana. The expedition across the mountains proved a trying affair for the troops as remembered by Lieutenant Colonel James Keigwin of the 49th Indiana.

"After three days' hard marching over muddy roads, we arrived at the foot of Little Cumberland Mountain late in the evening. An hour was allowed the boys to refresh themselves with hardtack and coffee, then we started with our guides up the mountains. These were so precipitous at several places, some of the boys who were not good climbers as the others had to be drawn up from 8-10 feet by their comrades. The latter bent saplings over against the bluff for temporary ladders upon which they would mount the bluff then reach down and draw their comrades up to the point they had reached," he wrote. After an all-night march, the Hoosiers surprised the camp of the 1st Tennessee Cavalry at dawn and soon captured a set of colors.

Lieutenant Colonel Keigwin's account of the raid on Big Creek Gap first saw publication in a lengthy article about captured Confederate flags that appeared in the September 5, 1893, edition of the *Indianapolis News*. Special thanks to Tony Meeks for sharing the article!

In the month of March 1862, my regiment the 49th Indiana, then part of General Sam Carter's brigade of the Army of Ohio had wintered at Cumberland Ford [Kentucky] watching the enemy who were strongly entrenched at Cumberland Gap. General Carter ordered his brother Colonel James Carter, colonel of the 2nd East Tennessee Regiment, and a part of my regiment to make a raid into Powell's Valley, Tennessee for the purpose of drawing a part of the enemy's forces from the Gap with the determination of attacking them with the forces remaining at Cumberland Ford.

Colonel Carter with his regiment and I with part of the 49th Indiana left the Ford on March 10, 1862. Forces pooled, we had about 800 men including a detachment of 30 men from Colonel Reuben Munday's Kentucky cavalry. We took no transportation with us and only had what rations we could carry in our haversacks. Our objective point was Big Creek Gap in the Cumberland Mountains which at the time was guarded by the 1st Tennessee Cavalry [C.S.A.] Three companies were at the gap which they blockaded with stone and broken timber. The remainder of this regiment was at Fincastle and Jacks borough, two and five miles distant respectively from Big Creek Gap.

After three days' hard marching over muddy roads, we arrived at the foot of Little Cumberland Mountain late in the evening. An hour was allowed the boys to refresh themselves with hardtack and coffee, then we started with our guides up the mountains. These were so precipitous at several places, some of the boys who were not good climbers as the others had to be drawn up from 8-10

feet by their comrades. The latter bent saplings over against the bluff for temporary ladders upon which they would mount the bluff then reach down and draw their comrades up to the point they had reached.

After we had climbed the Little Cumberland Mountain and had reached the bottom of the other side of it, we found another obstacle staring us in the face. It was Big Creek, which at that time was very high and had to be crossed before we could cross the Big Cumberland Mountains through which the creek flowed. The water was very cold but it did not deter the gallant boys from plunging in and wading above their waist in the water. No horses could be passed at this point and the officers had to measure the depth of the water with the boys.

After crossing the creek, the first place we struck the Big Cumberland Mountains was at a precipitous bluff about 8 feet high where we had to repeat the pulling up process of the men which caused delay in getting over the mountains. Many of the men did not get over until long after daylight. We climbed the mountains just to the verge of the Gap and when nearly to the top we could see the camps of the enemy hundreds of feet below us and no doubt would have been discovered by the enemy had not the rushing waters in the creek kept up such a mighty roar.

A little before daylight [on March 14], Colonel Carter, myself, and two guides with about 200 men reached the foot of the mountain close to the camp of 5 companies of the enemy. The camps were a few hundred yards apart. Colonel Carter and myself held a consultation and agreed to divide the men and make a simultaneous attack upon two of the camps. Colonel Carter was to attack the company at the little brick schoolhouse and I was to attack the camp at Sharpe's Tanyard, about 200 yards in advance of the schoolhouse.

We divided the men and cautioned them not to fire a shot nor to speak until the order was given to fire. If this order had been obeyed, we would have captured every one of them before they could have gotten out of their beds. But unfortunately, not all men are alike. Just before we reached the camp of the enemy, some excitable fellow fired his gun which started firing all along the line as we were charging into the camps.

Many of the Rebels had time after the first shot to escape into the timber which was a short distance to their rear. The horses at the camp I charged were hitched to a line. At the camp charged upon by Colonel Carter, the horses were tied to the fence around the schoolhouse. When the first gun was fired, it seemed to me that every man began firing and the horses between us and the enemy met with terrible slaughter. A total of 75 horses met their death with only 3 men killed, 8 wounded, and 36 prisoners captured, one of them Lieutenant Colonel [John F.] White, a captain, and lieutenant [Hoyl]. In this raid there was the first blood seen by any of the troops engaged. The first spoils of war they handled (sugar, shotguns, tobacco, and other stuff) were a drug on the boys' hands because we had no transportation to carry them.

From Big Creek Gap we marched to Jacks borough where we found one company of the enemy quartered in the courthouse. We charged into the town with our little squad of cavalry commanding by Lieutenant Durham of Cincinnati and Lieutenant Conover of the 2nd East Tennessee and myself and captured Captain [Edward] Winton of the Rebel army [Corps of Sappers and Miners], a lieutenant,

and several men. I remember an old bushwhacker named Gibson who was the finest looking old man I ever saw and who was a terror to the Union people in that section. He fell from his horse with a bullet through his body. We picked him up and carried his body to a vacant storehouse in the little town and left it for his friends to care for.

Captain James W. Thompson and Lieutenant Barr of Co. B, 49th Indiana were in command of the men of the 49th. Captain Thompson captured the Rebel flag now in the State Library and turned it over to me. The flag was the colors of the 1st Tennessee Cavalry [C.S.A.]. I kept it for about one year after the war when I saw the order from Governor Morton that all flags captured during the war be sent to the State Library. I forwarded it to that place where it has remained ever since.

In conclusion, the raid drew a large force of the enemy from the Gap which came very near swooping over our little command. General Carter marshaled his forces and marched up to the Gap which pulled the enemy back to the Gap and left us a gap to get back into Kentucky without the loss of a man.

"Company B, 49th Regiment Indiana Volunteers was the captor of the flag from the Rebels in the fight at Big Creek Gap in 1862," the *Indianapolis News* stated. "The regiment was commanded by Colonel James Keigwin. The flag is 3 x 6 feet in size and is in a fair state of preservation. The form is that of the regular Confederate flag [first national]. The two red bars are of a different shade and whole is pierced showing that material was scarce and that the necessity of having a flag had led some women, no doubt, to give dresses for the design. It has a silk fringe. It bears evidence of having been in the midst of hurtling bullets."

Source:

"Captured Rebel Flags: Collection in Charge of Indiana's State Geologist," *Indianapolis News (Indiana)*, September 5, 1893, pg. 18



INDIANA AT VICKSBURG

11

Published pursuant to an act
of the
SIXTY-SIXTH GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Approved March 5, 1909.

By the
INDIANA-VICKSBURG MILITARY PARK COMMISSION

Compiled by
HENRY C. ADAMS, Jr.
INDIANAPOLIS

1910

INDIANAPOLIS :
WM. B. BURFORD, CONTRACTOR FOR STATE PRINTING AND BINDING
1911



Monument of 49th Infantry.

(Monument Tablet Inscription.)

1st BRIGADE 9th DIVISION 13th CORPS
49th INFANTRY

Colonel JAMES KEIGWIN

Lieut. Col. JOSEPH K. THORNTON

Major ARTHUR J. HAWHE

Engaged: Port Gibson, May 1; Champion's Hill, May 16; Big Black River Bridge, May 17; Assault, May 19; Assault, May 22. Duty at Big Black River Bridge, May 24-July 4. Casualties: Killed 10, wounded 52, missing 2, total 64.

FORTY-NINTH REGIMENT INDIANA INFANTRY VOLUNTEERS.

During the closing days of August, 1861, and the following month, September, the nucleus of what became the 49th Regiment Indiana Volunteer Infantry entered "Camp Joe Holt," a rendezvous for troops, situated on the north bank of the Ohio River and just west of Jeffersonville, Indiana. By the 18th of October the formation of the regiment was completed, and it was mustered into the United States service November 21, 1861.

FIELD AND STAFF.

John W. Ray.....	Colonel.
James Keigwin.....	Lieutenant-Colonel.
Joseph H. Thornton.....	Major.
James W. Gwin.....	Adjutant.
Charles H. Paddock.....	Quartermaster.
William Maple.....	Chaplain.
Charles D. Pearson.....	Surgeon.

COMPANY OFFICERS.

<i>Captain.</i>	<i>1st Lieutenant.</i>	<i>2d Lieutenant.</i>
Co. A. Arthur J. Hawhe,	Thomas A. Fleming,	Jas. C. McConahay.
Co. B. John W. Kane,	Thomas Bare,	James W. Thompson.
Co. C. John Nafius,	Isaac Buzby,	James Fulyard.
Co. D. James Leeper,	Upshur S. Reynolds,	J. A. C. McCoy.
Co. E. Edward B. Cutler,	Hiram Evans,	Ira B. Hyde.
Co. F. Wm. H. Peckenpaugh,	Caleb Temple,	Emory P. Toney.
Co. G. John A. Ritter,	William Charles,	Elijah T. Pennick.
Co. H. Samuel M. Johnston,	George W. Riddle,	James K. Holcroft.
Co. I. John Alles,	John F. B. Widmer,	Edward Bohart.
Co. K. McHewet Keck,	James W. Higgins,	William W. Pate.

On the 11th of December the regiment began its first march. Crossing the river it proceeded through Louisville, Kentucky, to Bardstown, Kentucky, which place it reached on the 13th of December, and where it entered a camp of instruction.

On the 12th of January, 1862, the regiment left Bardstown under orders to reinforce General Thomas, who was watching the movements of the rebel General Zollicoffer, who seemed to threaten another invasion of Kentucky, he having been soundly defeated a few months before, at Wild Cat, Kentucky.

The regiment had reached a point five miles south of Lebanon, when it received the news of General Thomas' victory at Mill Springs, Kentucky, in which engagement General Zollicoffer was killed. The regiment then proceeded through Lebanon, Crab Orchard, Mt. Vernon, London and Barboursville, to Cumberland Ford, Kentucky, which place was reached February 15, 1862.

The winter of 1861, throughout the line of march, was not cold, but it supplied great quantities of snow, slush and rain, and, in the effort to reach its destination, the regiment was compelled to build roads to enable the wagons to get along. While unpleasant, and a new experience for the men, they bore everything cheerfully, but later, as spring came in, the effects of exposure developed. For a time scarcely a hundred men could be mustered for duty. Some died, some were discharged, while others were slow in returning to health.

In the month of June, 1862, the army of General Morgan, of which the 49th was a part, occupied Cumberland Gap and proceeded to add to the strength of an already well fortified position.

In the month of August the rebel General Kirby Smith, with a strong force, came through the mountains and succeeded in cutting off supplies and all communication between the two Union forces. At the time this occurred supplies in Cumberland Gap were somewhat at a low ebb, and the men were in need of clothing. By the 17th of September rations were all gone, and the clothing sadly in need of repair. Then it was that the evacuation was begun and accomplished. Through the eastern part of Kentucky, over almost impassable roads, harrassed night and day by rebel cavalry, the army plodded, reaching Greenupsburg, Kentucky, on the Ohio River, October 4th, where it crossed into Ohio for "eats" and outfits.

Going into camp at Oakland, Ohio, Col. John W. Ray met the regiment, he having been absent on detached service since June. He tendered his resignation and was succeeded by James Keigwin, who continued as colonel to the close of the war. But little time was given for recuperation, as orders came to the regiment to march to Gallipolis, Ohio, and there cross the river into Point Pleasant, West Virginia, and proceed up the Kanawha Valley, which it did as far as Coal's Mouth, where it went into winter quarters.

The winters must have been exceptionally short in that section, for November 17th found the regiment back at Point Pleasant embarking on transports bound for Memphis, Tennessee, where it arrived on the 30th of said month and became a part of General Sherman's expedition against Vicksburg.

All details being completed, the army embarked December 19, 1862, that part to which the 49th belonged landing at Chickasaw Bayou, Mississippi, on Christmas eve. For seven days the Union army engaged the enemy, but without success. Withdrawing on the morning of January 2, 1863, the army proceeded to Young's

Point, Louisiana, where a change of commanders took place, General John A. McClernand succeeding General Sherman in command. Without landing, the troops were ordered up the Arkansas River to Arkansas Post, a strongly fortified position held by a force of over five thousand men under General Churchill. On the 11th of January, after a fierce fight and a gallant defense, the enemy surrendered. Returning to Young's Point, Louisiana, the regiment assisted in digging the canal which, it was hoped, would change the course of the Mississippi River, thereby making it possible to convey transports and gunboats to a point below Vicksburg. On the 2d of April the regiment moved with General Grant's forces down the west bank of the river to a point below Grand Gulf, where it boarded transports which, with gunboats, had run past the batteries of Vicksburg and Grand Gulf, and were landed at Bruinsburg, near the mouth of Bayou Pierre. On the 30th of April the regiment crossed the river and marched toward Port Gibson, where, on the morning of May 1st, began the battle which was the first of a series of engagements preliminary to the complete investment of Vicksburg.

At Champion's Hill, Black River Bridge, the charges on the enemy's works of the 19th and 22d of May, the engagements at Jackson, the 49th Indiana Regiment did its full duty. On its return to Vicksburg it embarked, August 10th, for Port Hudson, and in a few days proceeded to New Orleans, where it was assigned to the Department of the Gulf. From New Orleans the regiment was transported by cars to Brashear City, on Berwick Bay, from whence it joined an expedition up the Teche, going as far as Opelousas, Louisiana, passing through the towns of Pattersonville, Franklin and New Iberia. It was ordered back to New Orleans where, on the 10th of December, 1863, it boarded the steamer Blackstone en route for the Texas coast. Coming out of the Mississippi River into the Gulf of Mexico a heavy storm was encountered, which constituted a new experience, one scarcely appreciated. Landing at Decroe's Point, on Matagorda Island, and at the entrance of Matagorda Bay, the regiment went into camp, removing shortly after to Indianola, farther inland, and situated on the bay. At this point, on February 2, 1864, a portion of the regiment re-enlisted for another three years, or during the war, the President having called for enlistments of men of two years', or longer, service.

In March the regiment moved to Fort Esperanza, on Matagorda Island, where it remained until April 19th, when it re-embarked and recrossed the Gulf of Mexico, back to New Orleans. Here it

took passage on the steamer Emma for Alexandria, Louisiana, to reinforce General Banks' army on Red River. The regiment, on arrival at its destination, was moved to the front, where it was engaged thirteen days, driving the enemy or holding it in check until the naval forces could get their gunboats below the falls, they having been delayed above on account of low water. This accomplished, the army took up its march to Morganza Bend, on the Mississippi River. From Morganza Bend the regiment was ordered to New Orleans, where it went into camp at Fort Chalmette, General Andrew Jackson's old battle ground.

From this point those of the regiment who re-enlisted left for home, they having been granted a thirty-day furlough.

After departure of the veterans the regiment was ordered to Algiers, Louisiana, for garrison duty until November 5, 1864, when it embarked on an ocean steamer for New York, where it arrived on the 20th of the month, after a rough voyage. It then proceeded to Indianapolis, where, on the 29th of November, 1864, so much of the regiment constituting the old part, was mustered out. At the expiration of furloughs the re-enlisted men reported at Indianapolis for duty, and were ordered to Lexington, Kentucky, where they did provost and guard duty until September 13, 1865, when they were ordered to Louisville, Kentucky, and there mustered out of service. The regiment then proceeded to Indianapolis, where the men turned over government property, received their final pay, and separated forever as an organization.

During the time of its service the 49th Indiana Regiment trod the soil of many States. It served in Kentucky, Tennessee and West Virginia with the Army of the Ohio and the Army of the Cumberland; in Arkansas, Mississippi and Louisiana with the Army of the Tennessee, and in Louisiana and Texas with the Army of the Gulf. Long and weary as were its marches, numerous as were its losses, in battles and through exposure, its officers and men were loyal and true, never faltering in the performance of every duty.

The regiment lost during service one officer and 40 enlisted men, killed and mortally wounded, and 3 officers and 192 enlisted men by disease; total, 236.

Col. James Keigwin, Forty-ninth Indiana Infantry, First Brigade

IN THE FIELD

May 18, 1863.



SIR: I have the honor to submit the following as a report of the part taken by the **Forty-ninth Regiment Indiana Volunteer Infantry** in the engagements with the enemy on the 16th instant at Champion's Hill and at Big Black Bridge on the 17th instant:

On the morning of the 16th, we were ordered from our bivouac, and formed a part of the advance guard of the division. After a march of about 4 miles, we came upon the enemy's line of skirmishers, and were ordered to form on the left of the Seventh Kentucky. Our skirmishers advanced and were soon hotly engaged. I advanced the regiment a short distance, and soon met the enemy in our front, when I opened fire on him, and drove him back a short distance. The ground being very rough, I halted for a short time to reconnoiter the ground in my front.

While at this point, I received an order from General Osterhaus to push forward; that he wanted to gain another position. I moved on, and soon found that I was getting so far in advance of the brigade that I might be cut off. I halted, and found that the regiments to my right and left were about 500 yards to my rear. I did not remain here but a short time, when I was ordered back to the battery, to my position in the brigade. As I fell back, the enemy followed a short distance and halted. We remained here a short time, when the brigade, with the Forty-second Ohio, was moved forward to the attack. We moved forward until we came in sight of the open field and got our line formed, when we discovered the enemy approaching across the field. They soon drove our skirmishers in, and commenced the attack. The Forty-second Ohio, on my right, from some cause, gave way, which left my left flank exposed, when the enemy came down on it and charged into the flank, and some of them got to my rear. My men stood up bravely, and, after passing a few blows with the butts of their pieces, were forced to retire. I halted them on a small elevation and fired a few rounds, when the enemy broke and went back faster than they had approached. This ended the fighting for the day. We then moved on to Edwards Station and bivouacked for the night.

My men during the day fought bravely, and I cannot speak in too high terms of the gallant bearing of both officers and men. I only had seven companies engaged in the fight, and they were small, numbering only 260 men. The other three were detailed in the morning to support one section of Captain Lanphere's battery. Major Hawhe and Adjutant Riddle deserve great credit for their cool and efficient aid rendered me during the day. And my line officers were ever in their places, urging their men to do their duty.

The following is a list of casualties during the day: Killed, 6; wounded, 14; missing, 1.

On the morning of the 17th instant, we left our bivouac and marched in the rear of our division on the road toward Big Black Bridge. We had only marched about 2 miles when the firing commenced in front. We followed on to a point where the Ninth Division turned off the road to the left. At this point I was ordered by General McClelland to move with my regiment on the right of the road, and form a

line in the rear of General Lawler's brigade, which was hotly engaged. I remained at this point, when General Carr ordered me to support his division, which was [engaged] with the enemy in his works at the bridge. I remained at this point for some time, when General Lawler ordered me up to support a charge he was preparing to make on the enemy's works. I had not my line in position when the right regiment of his brigade charged across the open field toward the enemy. The general rode up to me and ordered me to charge at the same time, which I did, and I don't think it was anything but the daring bravery of the officers and men which ended the contest so quickly, for we had within 100 yards of the works a bayou to cross, with a heavy abatis, when the enemy commenced putting cotton on their ramrods and showing a willingness to surrender. My men charged into the bayou, and my regiment was second in the works, although they had farther to charge and deeper water to wade through than three others that started in advance of us.

Captain McConahay, of Company A, was the only man I had wounded in this engagement, which was the poorest fight I ever saw the rebels make. After Captain McConahay fell, Sergeant [William] Wesley Kendall, who is one of the bravest of the brave, and always proved himself such in every engagement, led the company in the fight, and was one of the first in the works. I would recommend him to the commanding general for promotion for the gallant conduct he has displayed in every skirmish and battle the regiment has been engaged in since its organization.

JAMES KEIGWIN, Colonel

Commanding

W. A. JORDAN, Acting Assistant Adjutant-General



REAR ATTACK BY GEN. JOHN A. JORDAN, MAY 16TH 1863.

BATTLE OF CHAMPION-HILLS.

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THE Jackson CAMPAIGN

Mississippi, WEST TENNESSEE, ETC. Chapter XXXVI.

On the morning of the 17th, learned that the enemy had evacuated the city. One hundred and eighteenth Illinois was detached from the brigade on the 12th instant; have, made no report to these headquarters since that time. The regiments in the brigade suffered a great quite a number of cases of sunstroke having occurred, a few only proving fatal. A large number of men were taken with chills and fever, and were on no service to the brigade. After we arrived at Jackson, a large number had to be transported back to the camps at Big Black River. The surgeons in the brigade complained that they could not get any medicines suitable for the diseases contracted while on the march, and asserted that one-half of the men who were disabled by chills could have been kept for duty if they had had quinine to have given to them. It would be useless for me to name under my command for gallant conduct. I can but say that all acted their part as well they have ever done in former engagements. We had quite a number of officers disabled. Colonel Spiegel and Lieutenant Totten, of the One hundred and twentieth Ohio, were severely wounded by a defective shell from one of Captain Lanphere guns. I am happy to say that there is a prospect of their speedy recovery.

Lieutenant-Colonel Lucas, of the Seventh Kentucky, was wounded by a shell from the enemy's guns of the morning of the 10th instant. Lieutenant Fullyard, of the Forty-Ninth, captain Miller, of the Sixty-Ninth Indiana, and Lieutenant Bates, of the Seventh Kentucky, all received honorable wounds while fighting the battles of their country. There are strong hopes that they will soon recover, and be ready to do service again in the good cause.

I feel under lasting obligations to Major A. J. Hawke, Forty-Ninth Indiana; Lieutenant-Colonel Perry, Sixty-Ninth Indiana, colonel May, of the Seventh Kentucky, and Colonel Spiegel and Major Slocum, of the One hundred and twentieth Ohio, for the prompt manner in which they obeyed every order sent to them, and for the skillful maneuvering of the regiments while on the march, and in the several day's skirmishing while in front of Jackson. My thanks are due to **Captain William H. Peckinpaugh**, acting assistant adjutant-general, for his valuable assistance to me while on the march and on the field.

Enclosed you will find a list casualties, with the name and rank, and nature of wounds. The total loss in the brigade amounted to 2 men killed and 2 who have since died of their wounds, 8 commissioned officers, 7 non-commissioned officers, and 22 privates, making a total loss of 39 men.

I am, sir, with much respect, your most obedient servant,
JAMES KEIGWIN,
Colonel Forty-Ninth Indiana, Commanding First Brigade.
Captain J. W. THOMPSON,
Acting Assistant Adjutant-General.

Muster Sheets

✓ 1580

Leckinbaugh, William H.
Co. F, 49 Indiana Infantry.

<i>Captain</i>	<i>Captain</i>
CARD NUMBERS.	
1 25725207	26 42853431
2 25725308	27 42853796
3 25725404	28 42853785
4 25725500	29 42853782
5 25725592	30 42855150
6 25725683	31 42855152
7 25725768	32
8 25725853	33
9 25725934	34
10 25726011	35
11 25726081	36
12 25726154	37
13 25726218	38
14 25726277	39
15 25726333	40
16 25726388	41
17 25726526	42
18 25726662	43
19 25726754	44
20 25726842	45
21 25715497	46
22 25726930	47
23 34323533	48
24 36175142	49
25 42853149	50

Number of personal papers herein: _____

Book Mark: 3500-05-1878.

See also _____

P

49

Ind.

Wm Hb. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Capt. Peckinpaugh's Co., 49 Reg't Ind. Inf.*

Age *23* years.

Appears on

Company Muster-in Roll

of the organization named above. Roll dated

Jeffersonville, Ind., Nov. 21, 1861.

Muster-in to date *Nov. 21, 1861.*

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When *Nov. 7*, 1861.

Where *Jeffersonville, Ind.*

Period *War* years.

Bounty paid \$ *100*; due \$ *100*

Remarks:

*This organization subsequently became Co. F, 49 Reg't Ind. Inf.

Book mark: *{ 127-05-1887*
{ 3500-05-1878.

Flaster

(356)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William Hb. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for *Enlistmt. to Dec 31, 1861.*

Present or absent *Present*

Stoppage, \$ *100* for

Due Gov't \$ *100* for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Flaster

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Jan & Feb, 1862.

Present or absent

Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Mch & Apr, 1862.

Present or absent

Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpah
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for May & June, 1862.

Present or absent Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpah
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for July & Aug., 1862.

Present or absent Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Sept & Oct, 1862.

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks: On detached service
Oct. 21/62

Book mark:

Feaster

(378)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. 49 Reg't Indiana Inf.

Appears on a

Detachment Muster Roll

(Recruiting Party)
of the organization named above,

for Sept & Oct, 1862.

Station New Albany Ind

Present or absent Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks: Detailed Oct 20/62

Book mark:

W. H. Peckinpaugh

(344)

Copyist.

C

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpough
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Nov & Dec, 1862

Present or absent

Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

(318)

Copyist.

C

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpough
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Jan & Feb, 1863

Present or absent

Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

(318)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Beckinbaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Mch & Apr, 1863

Present or absent Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Beckinbaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on Special Muster Roll

for Apr 10, 1863

Present or absent Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Feaster

359)

Copyist.

P | *49* | *Ind*
Wm H. Peckinpaugh
Capt. *49th Regt Ind.*

Return

of the 1st Brigade, 9th Division, 13th Army Corps,
for the month of *May*, 186*3*,
dated *Big Black River*
May 31, 186*3*,
shows the following with regard to the officer
named above:

Post or station _____

Remarks: *Acting assist*
Aykt Genl,

Book mark: _____

A M Now

(546)

Copyist.

P | *49* | *Ind.*
William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for *May & June*, 186*3*

Present or absent *Present*

Stoppage, \$ *100* for _____

Due Gov't \$ *100* for _____

Remarks: _____

Book mark: _____

(358)

Feaster

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind
W H Peckinpaugh
Captain 49 Reg't Ind Inf.

Return

of the 1st Brigade, 9th Division, 13th Army Corps,
for the month of June, 1863,
dated Camp Keokuk Miss
June 30, 1863,
shows the following with regard to the officer

named above:

- Bridge Mississippi
Post or station Camp Keokuk Black River

Remarks: A A Genl

Book mark:

A M Row

(546)

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind.
William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for July & Aug., 1863.

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks: Was absent with
leave from Aug. 2 to
22 1863.

On detached
service A. A. G.
3 Brig. 1 Div. 13 Army
Corps.

Book mark:

Falcomer

(358)

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind

W H Pecknhaugh
Captain 49 Regt Ind Vol Inf.

Return

of the 3d Brigade, 1st Division, 13th Army Corps,

for the month of July, 1863,

dated Vicksburg Miss

July 31, 1863,

shows the following with regard to the officer
named above:

Post or station _____

Remarks: AAA Genl.

Book mark: _____

(546)

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind

W H Pecknhaugh
Capt. 49 Regt Ind Inf.

Return

of the 3d Brigade, 1st Division, 13th Army Corps,

for the month of Aug, 1863,

dated Corrallton La

Aug 31, 1863,

shows the following with regard to the officer
named above:

Post or station _____

Remarks: AAA Genl

Book mark: _____

(546)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Beckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Sep - Oct., 1863.

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks: Provost Marshall
3 Brig. 1 Div. 13 A. C.
detailed by Brig. Gen.
M. H. Lawler

Book mark:

Falcomer
Copyist.

(358)

P

49

Ind

W. H. Beckinpaugh
Captain 49 Reg't Ind Vols

Return

of the 3d Brigade, 1st Division, 13th Army Corps,

for the month of Sept., 1863,

dated Berwick La.,

Sept 30, 1863,

shows the following with regard to the officer
named above:

Post or station

Remarks: Provost Marshal
Detailed by Genl Order No 2
3 Brigade 1 Division 13 A. C.
of date Sept 24, 1863.

Book mark:

G. M. Row
Copyist.

(546)

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind

Wm H. Peckinpugh
Capt. 49 Regt. Ind. Infy.

Return

of the 1st Division, 13th Army Corps,
for the month of Oct, 1863,
dated New Iberia La.,
Oct 31, 1863,

shows the following with regard to the officer
named above:

Post or station New Iberia La.

Remarks: Pu Mar.
Detailed by Special Order No. 2,
Her Grs. 3rd Brigade 1st Div.
Transferred to Div Staff Oct 29/63.

Book mark:

Wm H. Peckinpugh

(546)

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind.

x William H. Peckinpugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Nov. & Dec., 1863.

Present or absent Present.

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

x Name appears in column
of names present as
William H. Peckinpugh.

Book mark:

Falconer

(358)

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind.

Wm H Peckinpough
Capt

Return

of the 13th Army Corps,

for the month of Nov, 1863,
dated Aransas Pass, Texas
Nov 30, 1863,

shows the following with regard to the officer
named above:

Post or station

Remarks: 1st Division
Prov. Marshal
Detailed by G.O. M. 2 Hd
Qrs 3d Brig 1st Div trans
ferred to Div Staff Oct
20/63

Book mark:

A M Bassford

(546)

Copyist.

P | 49 | Ind.

Wm H Peckinpough
Capt &
Insr. Mgr.

Appears on

Muster Roll

of General and Staff, 1 Division, 13 A. C.,

for Nov & Dec, 1863

Station Deerwre St. Texas

Clothing account:

Last settled _____, 186 ____; drawn since \$ _____ 100

Present or absent

present
Remarks: Detailed by order of
Genl Benton Dec. 13. 1863
Comdg 1st Div. 13 A C

Book mark:

Waddington

(520)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Oct. 31 '63 to Feb. 29, 1864.

Present or absent Present,

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Falconer

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for March, 1864.

Present or absent Present.

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Falconer

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

¹⁴
William H. Beckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for May & June, 1864.

Present or absent Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

* corrected by Lt. Miller 24th

Book mark:

Falconer
(358) Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

Wm. H. Beckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for dated Aug. 31, 1864.

Present or absent Present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Falconer
(358) Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Apr. 30 to Oct. 31, 1864.

Present or absent *Presents*

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks: *Responsible clothing and arms \$10 per month.*

From Second Auditor's Roll.

Book mark:

Falconer

(358)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh
Capt., Co. F, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Age *23* years.

Appears on **Co. Muster-out Roll**, dated

Indianapolis, Ind., Nov. 29, 1864.

Muster-out to date *Nov. 29, 1864.*

Last paid to *Oct. 31, 1864.*

Clothing account:

Last settled _____, 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Due soldier \$ 100; due U. S. \$ 100

Am't for cloth'g in kind or money adv'd \$ 100

Due U. S. for arms equipments, &c., \$ 100

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: *Responsible for Co. property. Final payment not to be made until all his accounts are declared settled.*

Book mark:

Falconer

(361)

Copyist.

P

49

Ind.

William H. Peckinpaugh.
Capt., Co. I, 49 Reg't Indiana Infantry.

Appears on Returns as follows:

Dec. 1861 to mch. 1862 - Present.
May 1862 - Presence or absence not stated.
June & July 1862 - Present.
Sept. to Dec. 1862 - Present.
May 1863 - Absent - Actg Asst. Adj. Genl -
on Col. Higinson's Staff, May 19/63.
July 1863 - Absent - A. A. A. Genl - for 1
Brig. 9 Div.
Aug. 1863 - Presence or absence not stated.
Sept. to Dec. 1863 - Absent - Detached as
Prov. Marshal - 3 Brig. 1 Div. 1st
A. C. - Sept. 25/63, under Gen. Louke.
Jan. 1864 - Present.
Feb. & mch. 1864 - Present - Detailed
on Gen. Court Martial.
Apr. & May 1864 - Present.
July 1864 - Absent - An military commis-
sion for S. C. 164, H. Ho, Defence
New Orleans, (Hawkins Batt'n).
Aug. & Sept. 1864 - Present.

Book mark

Wing.

Pearlman, Wm. H.

apt., Co. **49** Reg't **Ind. Inf.**

3 **Enclosures.**

Bed Cards	Final Statements
Burial Records	Furloughs or L. of A.
Certs. of Dis. for Discharge	Med. Certificates
C. M. Charges	Med. Des. Lists
Descriptive Lists	Orders
Discharge Certificates	Pris. of War Record
Enlistment Papers	Resignations

Other papers relating to—

Admission to Hosp'l	Furlough or L. of A.
Casualty Sheet	Med. Examination
Confinement	Misc. Information
Contracts	Pay or Clothing
Death or Effects	Personal Reports
Desertion	Rank
Discharge from Hosp'l	Transfer to Hosp'l
Discharge from Service	Transfer to V. R. C.
Duty 2	Transportation

Det. to
Det. to

Col. Carrington

Indianapolis Ind.

New Albany Ind. Nov. 30th 62

Col. I find recruiting in this section
very dull. we have been canvassing the Counties where
our regiment was raised, but the men are not here to go
We have only two men - And that is all we can
get - at present - I have seen Col. Rogers 49th In.
and stated the facts to him. And he said for
me to gather my men to gather and return
to the Regiment - I think this the best for
we cannot get recruits - And I hope you will
permit us to return to the Regt - as soon as possible
As our Regt passed down the river some of our
men left the Boat to see their friends. The
Col. ordered me to send them forward - for this
purpose I will go down the river and make one more
effort for recruits - And return in a few days - and
hope by that time to receive orders to return to the
Regt -

Yours, respectfully
W. H. DeKempingh Capt
Comd'g - Recruiting system 49th In.

Nov 30th

198

1862

Capt. Pickenpaul

49th Ind. Vol.

Report

May, 1904, This paper was formerly
filed with the records of Indiana
(Main Office) in the Enrolment Div,
R. & P. O.

J

1
1st 2nd Lt Brigade 9th Division
Vicksburg Mississippi
July 29th 1863.

Colonel James H. Leggett }
Comdg 1st Brigade }

Sir

I hereby make application
for 30 days leave of absence to go beyond the limits of this Dept
during its inactivity: for the following reasons, that I have
been for the last four months suffering from the effects of
Hernia and have never been able to procure a truss that
would give me any relief And now desire to visit an
instrument maker in the City of Louisville Ky where
I can have one made and properly adjusted

I - That I have not missed a days duty a fight or
skirmish during the entire campaign just ended
I hereby certify that a competent officer will be left
as a.a.a. and during my absence

Yours, respectfully
W. C. Peckhamphart.

Capt Co E 49th Regt Ind Inf & a.a.a. 9th Brig

P. 341. B. (D. H.) 1863.

Hd 2nd 1st Brigade
Vicksburg Miss
July 29th 1863.

Peckinpaugh Wm H.
Capt Co 49th Ind Inf
and a a a 9th 1st Brigade
9th Division 13th Army Corps

Applis for a leave of absence
based on the accompanying
reasons.

Recd Ops. 13th Army Corps
Vicksburg Miss. July 31st 1863.
Approved and Respectfully
Forwarded.

E O C O D

Maj. Genl. Comdy,
attested S. O. 208 Aug 1st 1863
(44)

150

F

40.

Hd 2nd 1st Brigade
Vicksburg Miss
July 29th 1863.

Approved
and respectfully
forwarded
James Bequith
Col Comdy.

S. O.

622

H^d 2nd 1st 9th Div's
July 29 1863

Respectfully forwarded
J. W. Stephens
Brig Gen Comdy

New Orleans La.

Nov 5th 1864

Lieut J J Sargent

1st Lt. A. S. C. & A. A. A. Genl. Dept Gulf }
Sir

I would most respectfully ask to be relieved from duty as a member of a Genl. Court Martial, convened in the City of N. O. pursuant to "Special Order No 292" "Genl. Dept of the Gulf Oct 28th 1864" For the following reasons: My term of service expires on the 21st of Nov. 64. Once my command is now under orders to proceed to land to be mustered out of service, and my personal presence are now required at the Commission. to inventory all Government property for which I am responsible.

I am Sir Your Obedt Servt.

W. H. De Ruyter

Capt 1st Regt Indpls Inf
Comd Co D

Lieut J J Sargent

1st Lt. A. S. C. & A. A. A.

Dept of Gulf

New Orleans La
Nov 5th 1864

P. 136. D. 1864

Capt W^m B. Peckinpach
requests to be released
from duty as a member
of Kent Court Martial
convened pursuant to
Special Order No 292
Head Qr Dept of the Gulf

Will be

Judge Charles
please assign
an officer to relieve
him today.

C. S. Sergeant.

Office I. A. D. G.
Nov 5. 1864

Capt John Morris
11th N. Y. Cav. now in the
city is designated as a
proper person to relieve the
northman named Capt Peckinpach
Respy

C. D. Whittier
O. J.

Capt Morris has just returned
from sick leave. Has a gunshot
wound in shoulder unfit for
field service. If detailed
I will detail him. C. D. H.

What does he
belong to?

C. S. B.

11th N. Y. Cav

S. O. Nov 5

Pension File



State of Indiana
Crawford County, ss:

On this 3^d day of August
AD 1876 personally appeared
before me Thad D. Kelso Clerk
of the Circuit Court the same
being a Court of Record within
and for the County & State aforesaid
Mary Beckinpaugh aged
33 years who being sworn ac-
cording to law makes the fol-
lowing declaration in order
to obtain the provision provided
by acts of Congress granting
pensions to Widows: That she
is the Widow of William A. Beck-
inpaugh who under the name
of William A. Beckinpaugh was
Commissioned as Captain of
Company A 49th Regiment of
Indiana Volunteers on the 18th day
of October AD 1861 and who was
mustered into the Service as
Captain of said Company in
said Regiment on the 21st day
of November AD 1861 at Jef-
fersonville Indiana and who
while in the Service aforesaid and
in the line of his duty while
on the march from Cumberland
Gap Ky to Greenupburg Kentucky
on or about the 27th day of Sep-

Winter 1862 he slipped while
marching the road being very
slippery and fell straining him-
self and causing ^{Inguinal} Soluble Her-
nia or rupture. The Hernia
was on both sides and was
cutted by Physicians Oblique
Inguinal Hernia, who died
from the effects of said in-
jury at his home in Jasper
Dubois County State of Indi-
ana on the 6th day of December
A.D. 1876. That said Soldier bore
the rank of Captain at the date
of his discharge or at the time he
was mustered out November.
29. 1864 by reason of Expiration
term of service that she was
married under the name of Mary
Ann Emrick to said William H.
Bekinspangh. on the 19th day of November
1865 and by Wm S Shooks ^{County} what Spencer
County and then being no legal barrier
to such marriage. That she has
not been previously married that
her said Husband was married
previously to one Emeline B.

McConn who died at Crawford
County State of Indiana on the
20th day of April A.D. 1859 that she
has to the present date remained
his widow and the following

are the names and dates of births
of all his legitimate Children
yet surviving who were under the
Sixteen years of age at the father's
death to wit.

His by Himself.

Harry J. born, November 3rd 1866.

Flora B. born, March 8th 1874.

His by a former manager
To wit—

That she has not abandoned the sup-
port of any of his Children but
that they are still under her care
and maintenance that she has not
in any manner been engaged in
or aided or abetted, the rebellion in
the United States; That no prior
application has been filed that
she hereby appoints My Beckin-
pough Gesser, her attorneys to pro-
secute her claims that their
Postoffice address is Frawmorth
Grant Co. Indiana that
she resides in Spencer County
State of Indiana that her
Post office address is Fraw-
morth Spencer County Indiana
Nealich's Book

Witness My hand this 10th day of March 1874.

Also Personally appeared Nealich's
Book residing at Frawmorth

Cravford County Indiana and
John F. Bruckner residing at
near Cravford County Indiana
persons whom I Certify to be re-
spectable and entitled to Credit
and who being by me duly sworn
say that they were present and
saw Mary McKinpaugh the Claimant
sign her name to the foregoing dec-
laration; that they have every reason
to believe from the appearance of
said Claimant and their ac-
quaintance with her that she
is the identical person she rep-
resents herself to be and that
they have no interest in the pro-
secution of this Claim

Malachi Moulton

Clark F. Correll

Seen & and Subscribed before
me this 3^d day of August 1876
and I hereby Certify that the
contents of the above declaration
including all erasures and
interlineations were fully
made known and explained
to the Applicant and Witnesses
before Swearing including the
words erased and interlined
and that I have no interest either
direct or indirect in the prosecution

of this claim
Thad R. Kelso (Clerk)
Lansford Circuit Court



Head-Quarters 1st Brigade 9th
Division 13th Army Corps Vicksburg
Miss August 1st 1863
Mr Eminger

Dear Sir

This will
introduce to you, Capt Peckinpough
of the 49th Indpls, who has been
a. a. a. Gen on my staff for the
last three months. He visits you
for the purpose of having a nice trip
made for himself. He having been
badly ruptured while performing the
duties of an Officer and Soldier.
I hope you will take great pains
in getting him out, as he is one
of the most energetic and industrious
Officers that I have in my
Command. And I should wish to
see him have to leave the service on
account of his affliction. By accommodating
him it will be taken as a great
favor by your most Obedt Servt

James Keighin
Col 49th Indpls Infy.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
MAR 27 1878
RECEIVED OFFICE

Curran

AZSWORD.S.C.

[V]

War Department,

3500. 25 1878.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

Washington, September 24th, 1878.

SIR:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your request of August 16th, 1878, for certain information for use in the consideration of application for pension No. 236,272, and to return it herewith, with the following information from the records of this office:

It appears from the rolls, &c., on file in this office that William H. Dickinson was mustered into the service of the United States as Capt. Co. F, 49th Regiment of Indiana Vols., to date Nov 21st, 1861, to serve 3 years or during the war. On the Muster-roll of Company of that Regiment for the months, of to Aug 31st, 1862, he is reported

"present for duty." Roll for Sept & Oct 1862 reports him "On detached service Oct 21. 1862." Subsequent rolls to June 30. 1863 "present for duty." Roll for July & Aug 1863 "On detached service Aug. 31st Brig. 1st Div. 13th Army Corps. Was absent with leave from Aug 2nd to 22nd 1863." Roll for Sept & Oct 1863 "Absent. Provost Marshal. 3rd Brig. 1st Div. 12th A.C." Subsequent rolls report him "present for duty." until honorably mustered out with Co. F Nov 29, 1864. X

I am, sir, very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

Sam. P. Puel

Assistant Adjutant General.

THE COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS,
Washington, D. C.

500



State of Indiana, Dubois County -

Personally before me the undersigned, clerk of the Dubois Circuit Court, on this 16th day of October 1877, appeared E. D. Brooks whom I certify to be a practicing physician of good standing in his profession and a credible person, and a resident of Jasper in said County - State, who being duly sworn according to law, upon his oath declares that he was well acquainted with Capt. William H. Peckinpough, deceased, of Co. F, 49th Reg. Ind. Inf. Vol., and who died about the day of December 1875 - that he was the family physician of said Peckinpough, and attended him as his physician during his last illness - that his last illness commenced by inflammation of the lungs - that in connection therewith he was violently attacked with scrotal Hernia (left side he thinks) - that he treated him previously for hernia from which he suffered considerably at different times, and of different duration - that his hernia was of an aggravated character - that ~~he~~ deponent, thinks he would have recovered had it not been for the hernia, or he was recovering from his other disease when the hernia set in violently and carried him off - that he has no interest whatever in the prosecution of this claim.

E. D. Brooks, M.D.

Subscribed and sworn to by E. D. Brooks, this 16th day of October 1877, and I certify that I have no interest in this claim - Witness my hand & the seal of the said Court this 16th day of October 1877 -

Peter J. Goswami, Clerk
Dubois Circuit Court



State of Indiana
Crawford County

On this 23^d day of
February 1878 personally appeared
before me Thad P. Kelso Clerk of
the Circuit Court the same being
a Court of Record with in and
for the County & State of said
Peter Beckwithpaugh who being duly
sworn on his oaths says that he
was well acquainted with William
H. Beckwithpaugh and Emeline B. his
former wife and that she died at
Crawford County Indiana on the
20th day of April 1859, that said
soldier left no children surviving
him the issue of said marriage
that he died leaving surviving him
Mary A. his widow and James
Hann J. and Flora B. his minor
children under the age of 16 years
and that there are the only children
under the age of 16 years now
living and that he has no in-
terest in the prosecution of this
claim either direct or indirect

Peter Beckwithpaugh

Subscribed and sworn to this 23^d
day of February 1878 and I hereby
certify that I have no interest in the
prosecution of this claim and that said
affiant is respectable and entitled

to Credit and that all erasures above
are pointed out and explained to
said affiant before signing.

Thad. B. Kelso Clerk
C.C.C.

DEPARTMENT OF THE INT.
MAR 27 1978
PENSION OFFICE

Ind. Aff. with
Duly sworn
Death / copy

State of Indiana
Crawford County, Ind.

On this 11th day of March 1878 personally
appeared before me Thad P. Kelso Clerk of the
Circuit Court the same being a Court of
Record within and for the County and
State of said Oliver Whitcomb whom
I certify to be respectable and entitled to
credit and who being duly sworn on his
oath says that he was a second Lieutenant in
Company "F" 49th Regiment of Indiana
Volunteers and that he was well acquainted
with one William H. Beckinpugh who was
Captain Commanding said Company "F" in
said Regiment and that he was present
with said Company and Regiment during
their march from Cumberland Gap to Green-
upsburg Kentucky about the month of
September 1862 and that while on said
March the roads being muddy and slippery
the said William H. Beckinpugh while
marching and while in the line of his du-
ty on or about the 27th day of September
1862 fell & slipped and fell and strained
himself causing a rupture which was
called by his physicians a Double Hernia
that I saw said Soldier and spoke to him
within 15 minutes after he received said in-
jury and asked him to get a horse and
I then saw that he was badly hurt
I frequently saw the Rupture and know
of my own personal knowledge that it

was very bad. It was in or near about
his privates. and was very large and when
swollen & inflamed it was very large and
his intestals could be diserned through the
skin, and said Soldier Wm H. Becken-
baugh was a sound able bodied man
when he entered into said service as of-
fiant only believes and said affi-
ant further say that said soldier was
compelled to carry his privates in a bag-
or something to protect them - and
affiant further say that he has no
interest in the prosecution of this
claim either direct or indirect.

Oleber Whitcomb
Subscribed & Sworn to this 11th day of
March 1878 and I hereby certify
that I have no interest in the pro-
secution of this claim.

Thos. R. Kellogg
P. C. C.



Buf. ltr



State of Indiana
Crawford County 3^d:

On this day of March 1878 personally appeared before me Thad R. Kelso Clerk of the Circuit Court the same being a Court of Record within and for the County and State of Indiana Robert M. Craig to me well known to be respectable and entitled to credit who being duly sworn on his oath says that he was a First Lieutenant in Company "F" 49th Regiment of Indiana Volunteers and that he was well acquainted with one William H. Peckinpugh who was Captain Commanding said Company "F" in said Regiment and that he was present with said Company and Regiment on their march from Cumberland Gap to Greensburg Kentucky about the month of September 1862 and that while on said march the said William H. Peckinpugh while marching and while in the line of his duty on or about the 27th day of September 1862 while on said march and while in the line of his duty said soldier Wm H. Peckinpugh slipped and fell causing a rupture which was called by his Physician a Double Hernia. That he saw said soldier shortly after he received said injury and he then showed him said injury which was in or near about his privates and was very large and seemed to be very painful that he saw said injury

frequently and know of his own
personal knowledge that it was very
bad and greatly disabled him -
said Affiant further says that he
said Soldier were mesmates - during
greater portion of the time they were
in the service and were very intimate
and that said Soldier was a sound
able bodied man when he entered
the service afore said.
And said Affiant further says that
that he has no interest what ever in
the prosecution of the Claim this Affidavit
is sought to procure.

Robert M. Craig
Subscribed and sworn to this 11th day of
March 1875 and I hereby certify that
I have no interest in the prosecution
of the Claim this Affidavit is sought
to procure.

Thos. R. Kibbick
C.C.C.

copy

State of Indiana }
County of Crawford } ss

Personally appeared before me
Shad. P. Kiles Clerk of the Circuit Court
within and for the County and State above
named Emanuel R. Haron, whom I certify
to be a respectable practicing Physician
of this County and entitled to credit
who being duly sworn on his oath says
that he is the identical Emanuel R. Haron
who was Surgeon of the 49th
Regt of Indiana that he was
intimately acquainted with Capt William
H. Pickenspangh who was Captain
of Co 'H' of said 49th Regt. that he
the affiant joined the Regt in April
1864 and that his attention was soon
called to the fact that Capt Pickenspangh
had a hernia which caused
him great trouble at times that he
had known said Pickenspangh
intimately prior to his enlistment and
and that he had never heard or known
of the existence of this injury prior
to his affiant joining said Regt as
above stated and that it is his opinion
that said injury was received in the
service of the United States He farther
states that shortly after the close of the
war,

He was the family Physician of Sarah
Peckinpough, and his near neighbor
until within a short period of his
death, (probably two years) when he
removed to Jasper Ind where his death
occurred, and that he was often
called to see him by reason of
strangulation of David Furness, and knows
of his personal knowledge that he was
incapacitated for manual labor from
this cause. He further states that he
has no interest direct or indirect
in this claim for Pension.

Emanuel R. Hawn M.D.

State of Indiana }
Crawford County SS }

Before me Thos P. Kelso

Clerk of the Crawford Circuit Court on
this 29th day of April A.D. 1879, Personally
came Emanuel R. Hawn and was by
me duly Sworn to the foregoing Statement.

Witness my hand and the Seal
of said Court this 29th day of
April 1879.

Thos P. Kelso, Clerk.
c.c.c.



Peckinpough Wm H. } ss:
McLown Emilie B. }

Be it remembered, That
on this 19 day of August 1857, the following
Marriage License was issued to-wit:

Indiana, To-wit, Harrison County:

To all who
shall see these presents Greeting:

Know ye that any person legally
authorized to solemnize matrimony is hereby
licensed to join in Marriage as husband
and wife William H. Peckinpough
and Emily B. McLown and for so doing
this shall be his sufficient authority.

In Testimony whereof, I, George W.
Deubel, Clerk of the Harrison Circuit
Court herunto subscribes
my name and affix the seal of
said Court, this 19 day of August
1857.

Geo W. Deubel Clerk.

Be it further remembered, That on this
25th day of August 1857, the following
certificate was filed in my Office to-wit:

Indiana To-wit, Harrison County:

This certifies that I joined in Marriage as
husband and wife William H. Peckinpough
and Emilie B. McLown on the 19
day of Aug 1857
J. J. Ryan Minister

1 State of Indiana, Harrison County, Sch:
2 I, John Ridley Clerk of the Harrison Circuit
3 Court within and for the county and State
4 aforesaid certify the within and foregoing to
5 be a full true and complete copy the
6 record of the Marriage License of William
7 H. Peckinpough and Emilina B. McConow
8 with the certificate of Marriage by D. J.
9 Ryan Minister as both remain on the
10 record of Marriage Licenses in my office.
11 Given under my hand and
12 the Seal of the Harrison
13 Circuit Court at Corydon
14 this 25 January 1878
15 John Ridley Clerk
16 Harrison Circuit Court.
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W H Deekinspawgh
Mary Ann Emmick.

Be it remembered, that heretofore, to-wit: on the
25th day of August, A. D. 1865,
the following Marriage License was issued, to-wit:

Indiana, to-wit: Spencer County, ss:

TO ALL WHO SHALL SEE THESE PRESENTS, GREETING:

Know Ye, That any person empowered by law to solemnize
marriage is hereby authorized to join together as Husband and Wife,
W H Deekinspawgh and Mary Ann Emmick
and for so doing this shall be his sufficient authority.



In Testimony Whereof, I, B J Smith, Clerk of
the Spencer Circuit Court, heretofore subscribe my name, and
affix the Seal of said Court, at Rockport, this 25th
day of August, 1865.
B J Smith, Clerk.

Be it further remembered, that afterwards, to-wit: on the 27th day
of November, 1865, the following Certificate of Marriage was filed in
my office, to-wit:

Indiana, to-wit: Spencer County, ss:

This certifies that I joined in Marriage, as Husband and Wife
W H Deekinspawgh and Mary Ann Emmick
on the 19th day of November, 1865.
Wm L Shrode M G.

STATE OF INDIANA,)
Spencer County,) SS:

J A Richardson, Clerk of the Circuit Court within and
for the County of Spencer, and State of Indiana, do hereby certify
the foregoing to be true and correct copies of the Marriage License and Certificate of
Marriage of W H Deekinspawgh to
Mary Ann Emmick, as the same now appears
upon the Marriage Record now on file in my office.

In Witness Whereof, I have heretofore subscribed my name and affixed the Seal of
said Court at Rockport, Indiana, on this 18th day
of September, 1876.

J A Richardson, Clerk
By J B Mepmure Sd Co, Ind.

State of Indiana
Crawford County:

On this 11th day of March 1878,
personally appeared before me Thad P. Kelso
Clerk of the Circuit Court the same being
a Court of Record within and for the
County & State aforesaid Emanuel R.
Hamm whom I certify to be a regular
practicing Physician in good standing
and respectable and entitled to practise
who being duly sworn on his oath
says that he was well acquainted
with William H. Beckinbaugh and his
wife Mary A. Beckinbaugh and their
children Harry J. and Nora B. that
he was present at the birth of the said
Nora B. and acted in the capacity of
her attending Physician that said
Nora B. was born on the 8th day
of March 1874. and he further swears
that the said Harry J. and Nora B.
are the only children now alive under
the age of sixteen years the issue of
said marriage and that he has no
interest in the prosecution of this claim

Emanuel R. Hamm
Subscribed & sworn to this 11th day of March
1878 and I hereby certify that I have no
interest in the prosecution of the claim
this affidavit is sought & procured

Thad. P. Kelso Clerk
C. C.

State of Indiana
Circuit of Spencer

On this 24th day of April A.D. 1879 before me the Clerk of the Spencer Circuit Court per =
Sworn came Isaac A. Beckinpough to me well
known and whose I certify to be a credible
person whose residence and Post Office address
is Rockport in said County & State who being
me first duly sworn according to law upon
his oath says that he was well and intimately
acquainted with Capt. Must Beckinpough
of Co. "F" 49th Regiment Ind. Vol. war
1861. whose widow has applied for Pension Certifi-
cate Claim No. 236,217. and that said
Must Beckinpough died at Jasper Sulvis
County Indiana on the 6th day of December
A.D. 1875. and that said Must Beckinpough was present
at his funeral. And he has no interest in
said Pension Claim. And that said
Must Beckinpough at the date of his death
was a Lawyer. } Occupation
Isaac A. Beckinpough

Subscribed & sworn to before me this 24th day
of April A.D. 1879. after the contents
herof had been made known and explained
to a party & that I have no interest whatever
in this Pension Claim. ^{Figure 3} drawn over figure
6 before signing & swearing. James W. Morris
Spencer Circuit Court.

State of Indiana }
County of Spencer } ss.

On this 8th day of July A.D. 1899.
before me the undersigned Clerk of the
Spencer Circuit Court a Court of
Record within and for said County and
State. Personally came Mary A.
Pettinfrangh the Claimant in Case
No 236.2)2. for a pension as widow to two
well known and whom I certify to be a
credible person who being, the first day
Sworn according to law upon her oath
makes the following statement in regard
to the discrepancy in the date of her hus-
band's death. That the date of his death
was Dec 6th A.D. 1895. and is correctly
given in the proof of Dr Crook, and
Isaac A Pettinfrangh, now on file in
the Pension Office. That when she made
out her application for pension the paper
was drawn up by one Nicholas Pettinfrangh
and he through an error placed the
date at Dec 6th 1896. and in
reading over the application of her before
claimant signed the same. She did
not notice the error in the date of the
death of her husband but she now says
in Correction thereof that her husband
died Dec 6th 1895. as stated by the witnesses,
and she is certain of that fact.

Mary A. Pettinfrangh.

Subscribed and Sworn to before me the 8th day
of July 1879 and I certify that the
contents of the above affidavit were
made known to affiant and explained
to affiant before signing the same
James Dennis Clark
Special Agent Court



State of Indiana,
Crawford County.

On this 10th day of July
1879 personally appeared before
me Thad Skelco Clerk of the Circuit
Court within and for the County
and State aforesaid Nicholas
R Peckinpaugh whom I certify
to be respectable and entitled
to Credit who being duly sworn
on his oath says that he was
well acquainted with one William
St. Peckinpaugh late Captain of
Company "F" 49 Regt of Indiana
Inf and am well acquainted
with his widow Mary A. Peckin-
paugh who is now prosecuting
a claim for pension No. 286,272
as the widow of said Wm St. Peckin-
paugh - That he is informed that
it is alleged in said appli-
cation that the said Wm St. Peck-
inpaugh died on the 6th day of
December 1876 and affiant fur-
ther says that he was the attorney
who wrote said application
for said applicant and that if
the same alleges the date of the

death of said Wm H Peckinpaugh to
be the 6th day of December 1876 is
is erroneous and was so incited
through mistake by him - That he
was present at the interment of
said decedent. Wm H Peckinpaugh
and saw him while he lay a
couch on the morning of the 7th
day of December 1875 and knows -
from his observation and personal
knowledge that the said William
H Peckinpaugh died on the 6th
day of December 1875 and
that the said 6th day of December
1875 is the true date of his
death and said affiant fur-
ther says that he has no in-
terest in the prosecution of this
claim further than being a relation
of said applicant having transferred
his attorneyship there in to R. S. Herd
Esq. Nicholas R. Peckinpaugh,

Subscribed & sworn to this 10th day
of July 1879 before me and I
hereby certify that I have no interest
in the claim this affiant is sworn

glt A procure into direction
in direct -

Thos. P. Kelsy Clerk
Circuit Court

State of Indiana
Circuit of Spencer, Ind.

Before me the Clerk of the
Spencer Circuit Court on this
26th day of August A.D. 1899 per=
Erasmus D. Crook, to me well known and
where I certify to be a real little
fellow and a physician of
good standing whose residence &
Post office address is Jasper
Dubois County Indiana who being
the first day sworn according
to law says that he was the attending
physician upon Capt. William
St. Patrick whose widow
has filed pension claim No
236,212. That said William
St. Patrick died December
6th 1895 and that applicant was
the physician attending upon him
at his death that he died of
Hemia and Pneumonia that I am
satisfied in my own mind that
Hemia Strangled Hemia was
the real cause of his death and
if it had not been for the said
Strangled Hemia the probability is
that he would have recovered from
the Pneumonia and that I have
no interest in said pension claim

Erasmus D. Crook

WAR OF THE REBELLION.

Act of July 14, 1862, and subsequent acts.

WIDOW'S PENSION.

(ORIGINAL WITH INCREASE.)

Indianaapolis
1883

Mary A Peckinpaugh

, widow of

William M. Peckinpaugh

Rank, *Capt*Company, *107th*Regiment, *49th Ind. Inf.*Residence of claimant, *Spencer* County, and State of *Ind.*Post Office, *Grandview, Spencer Co., Ind.*Attorney, *Royal S. Nickerson, Rockport, Ind.* *(Rate resigned)*

Pay Fee, \$10

Articles of agreement, *Not* having been filed *Power filed Mar 27/88*Rate of pension, \$ *20* per month, commencing *Dec 6th*, 18*75*, the dateof *Soldier's death*, and two dollars per month additional for each child, as follows:

By former marriage.	<i>None</i>	Born,	18	} Commencing	, 18
		Sixteen,	18		
		Born,	18	} "	, 18
		Sixteen,	18		
		Born,	18	} "	, 18
		Sixteen,	18		
		Born,	18	} "	, 18
		Sixteen,	18		
By last marriage.	<i>Harry J.</i>	Born, <i>Nov 5th</i>	18 <i>66</i>	} <i>Dec 6th</i>	, 18 <i>75</i>
		Sixteen, <i>Nov 4th</i>	18 <i>82</i>		
	<i>Flora B.</i>	Born, <i>Nov 7th</i>	18 <i>74</i>	} <i>Dec 6th</i>	, 18 <i>75</i>
		Sixteen, <i>Nov 7th</i>	18 <i>90</i>		
		Born,	18	} "	, 18
		Sixteen,	18		
		Born,	18	} INCREASED TO \$40 PER MONTH FROM	JUNE 4, 1928 - ACT MAY 23, 1928
		Sixteen,	18		
		Born,	18	} "	, 18
		Sixteen,	18		

Payment on all former certificates covering any portion of the same time to be deducted.

JUN 9 1928

ADMITTED, *May 21-1883*, *C. M. Zuppinger*, Examiner. *R3*APPROVED, *May 18, 1880*, *O. H. Pringle*, Reviewer. *W. Hanna*

DATES SHOWN BY PAPERS.

Enlistment,, 18 . . . Right accrued, *Dec 6*, 18*76*.
 Muster into pensionable rank, *Nov 21*, 18*64*. Claim completed, *May 9th*, 18*78*.
 Discharge, *Nov 29th*, 18*64*. Former marriage of soldier, *Aug 19*, 18*57*.
 Death, *Dec 6th*, 18*75*. Death of former wife, *Apr 20*, 18*58*.
 Invalid app. filed, *None*, 18 . . . Claimant's marriage to soldier, *Nov 19th*, 18*65*.
 Invalid last paid to, 18 . . .
 Widow's app. filed, *Nov 24*, 18*78*.

CAUSE OF DEATH, *Strangulated Permia*. PLACE OF DEATH, *Jaeger, Ind.*

INCIDENTAL MATTER.

No Invalid claim filed
+
No Duplicate

The original drawings, desigs. Parker & Co. & Co.,
the appointment of the present atty., Mr. R. S. Hicks.

MARY A PECKINPAUGH
GRAND VIEW IND
188337 MAY WID

3-1081

DROP REPORT—PENSIONER

_____ Cert. No. _____
Pensioner _____
Soldier _____
Service _____
Class _____ **SECTION W**

RECORD DIVISION

_____, 192
In the above-described case a declaration filed
in this Division indicates that said pensioner died
_____, 19____

Chief, Record Division.

FINANCE DIVISION

NOV 12 1929, 192

The name of the above-described pensioner who
was last paid at the rate of \$ **40** per month
to **OCT 4**, 1929, has this day
been dropped from the roll because of death.

Oct 6 - 1929

O. J. Randall

Chief, Finance Division



The married couple here is Mary Ann (Mollie) Emmick Peckinpaugh and her husband, William Henry Peckinpaugh. Their children are Harry Junius (believed to be about 7 here) and the baby, Flora Blanche.



Mary Ann (Mollie) Emmick Peckinpaugh

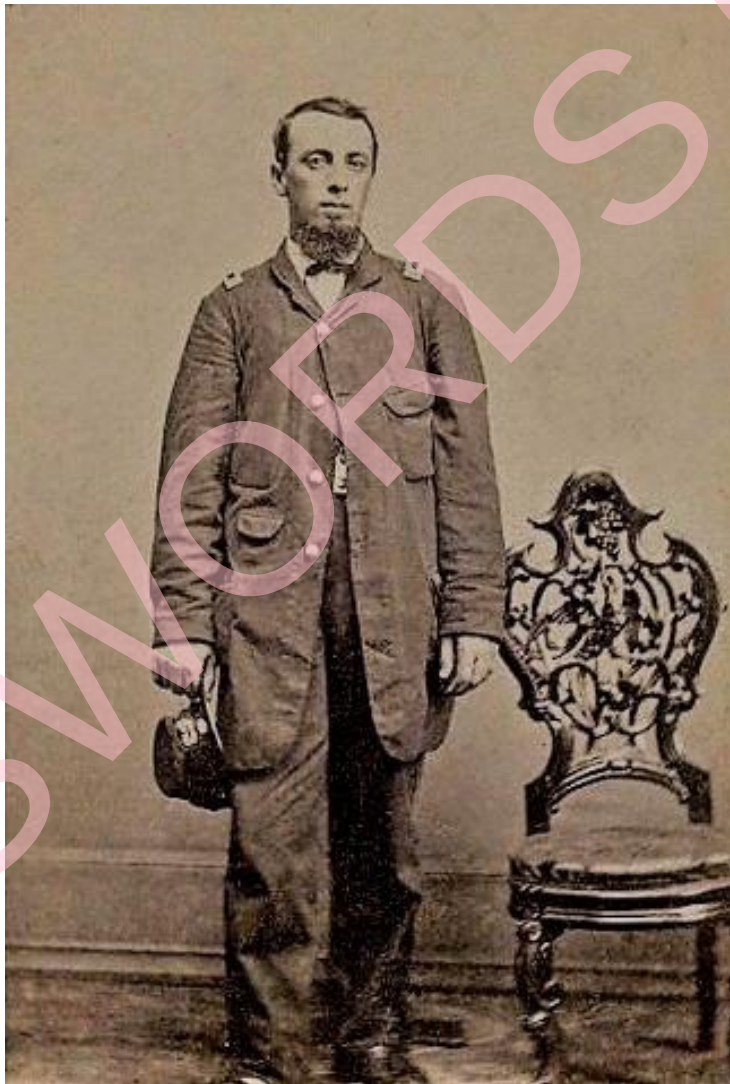
William H. Peckenpaugh

Captain

49th Regiment Indiana Infantry

Letters

1861-1862



Residence Leavenworth, IN.
Enlisted on 10/18/1861 as a Captain.

On 11/21/1861, he was commissioned into "F" Co. Indiana 49th Infantry.
He was Mustered Out on 11/29/1864

Collection #
SC 3637

**A. N. PECKINPAUGH
COLLECTION, 1860-1983**

Collection Information	1
Biographical Sketch	2
Scope and Content Note	3
Contents	3

Processed by

Joanna Reese
September 2020

Manuscript and Visual Collections Department
William Henry Smith Memorial Library
Indiana Historical Society
450 West Ohio Street
Indianapolis, IN 46202-3269

www.indianahistory.org

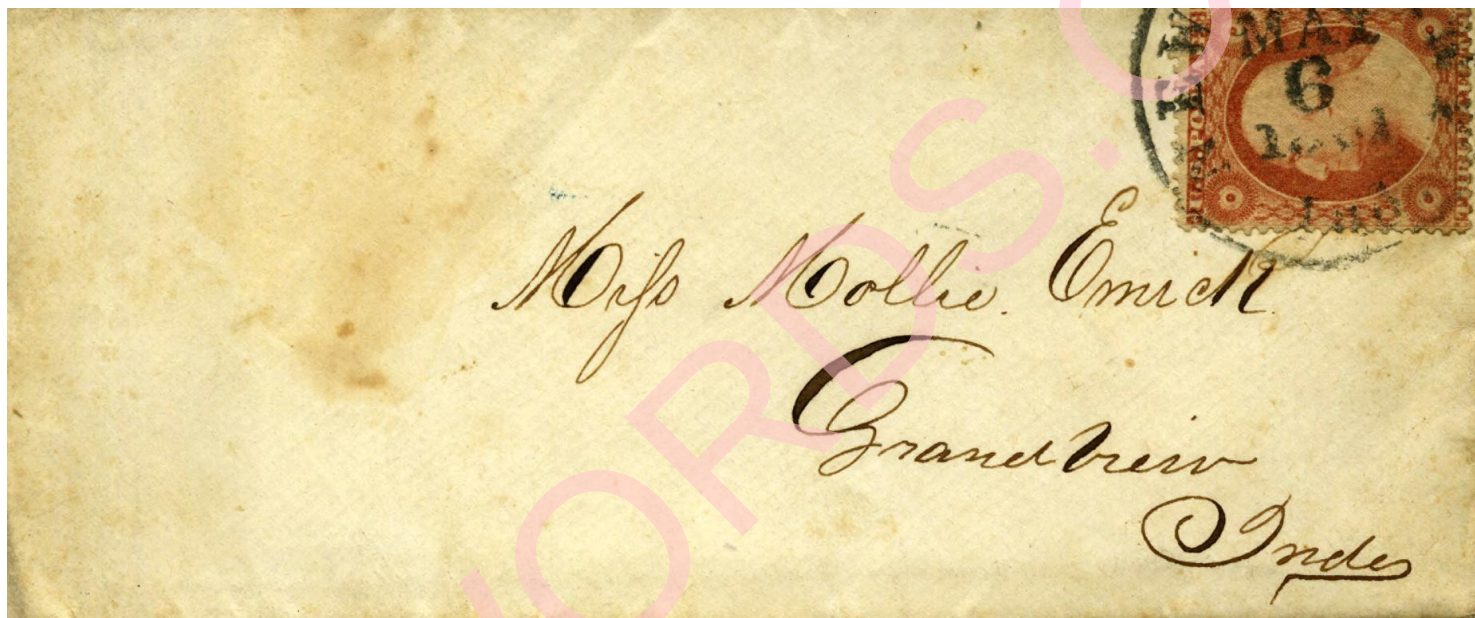
Letter to Mollie Emmick from Henry Peckinpaugh in New Albany, Indiana

Geographical Location

Indiana

Date (Text)

May 5, 1861



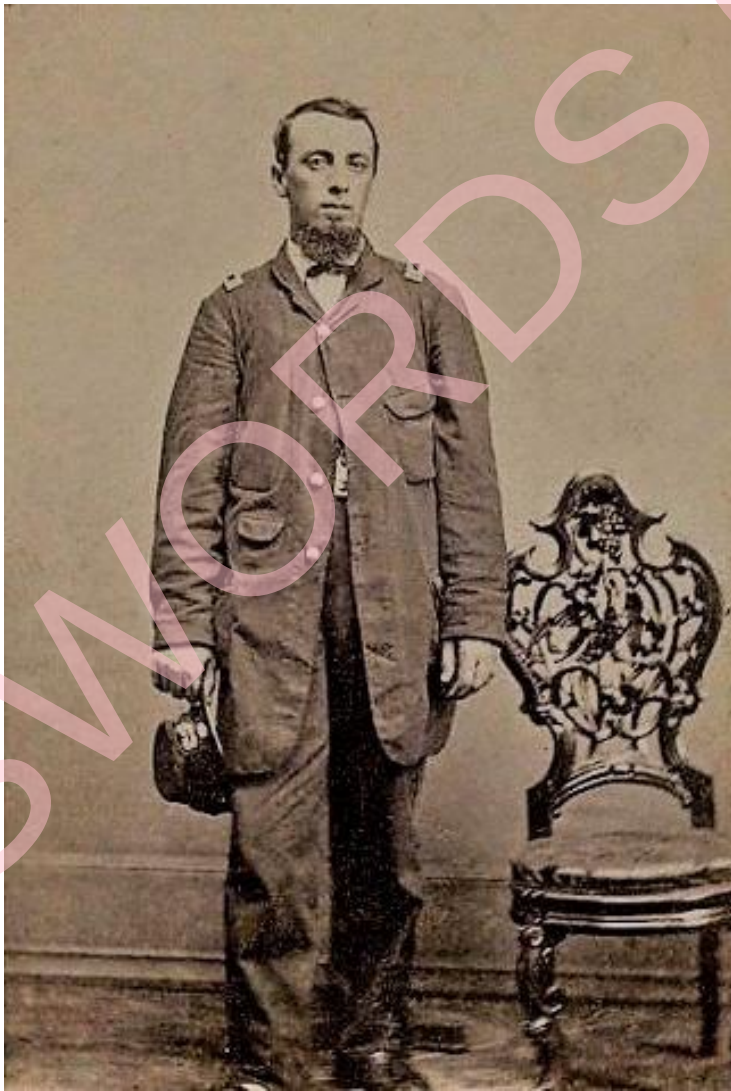
William H. Peckenpaugh

Captain

49th Regiment Indiana Infantry

Letters

1863



Residence Leavenworth, IN.
Enlisted on 10/18/1861 as a Captain.

On 11/21/1861, he was commissioned into "F" Co. Indiana 49th Infantry.
He was Mustered Out on 11/29/1864

Letter to Henry Peckinpaugh from Mollie Emmick in Grandview, Indiana

Geographical Location

Indiana

Date (Text)

January 10, 1863



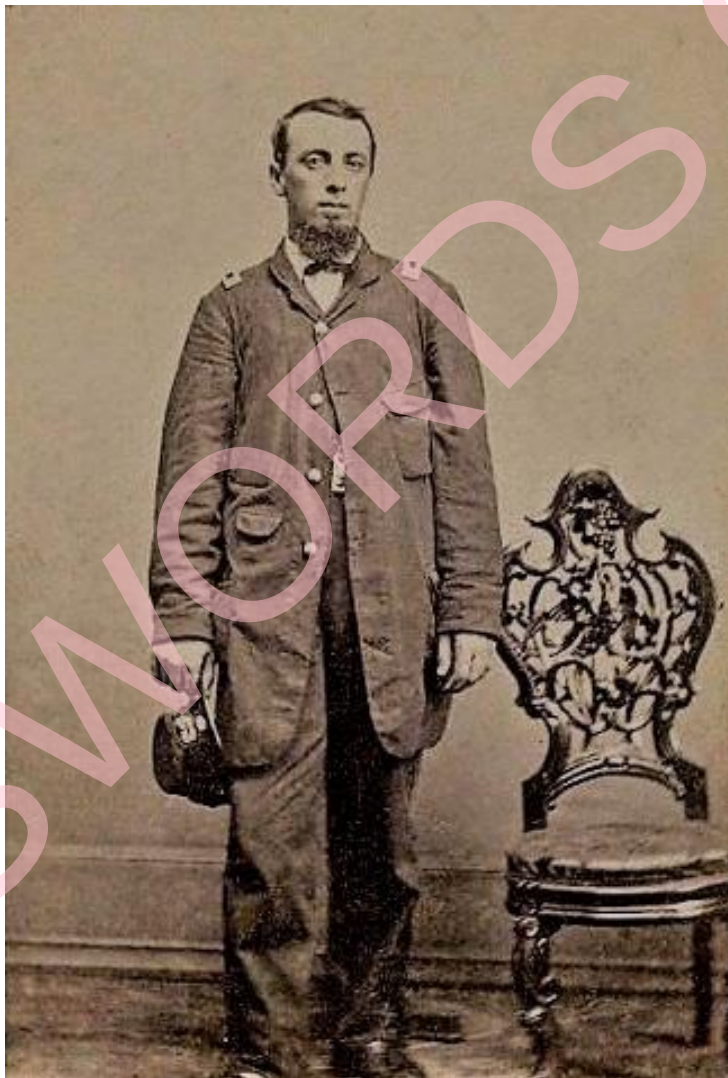
William H. Peckenpaugh

Captain

49th Regiment Indiana Infantry

Letters

1864



Residence Leavenworth, IN.
Enlisted on 10/18/1861 as a Captain.

On 11/21/1861, he was commissioned into "F" Co. Indiana 49th Infantry.
He was Mustered Out on 11/29/1864

Letter to Mollie Emmick from Henry Peckinpaugh in Decros Point, Texas

Geographical Location

Texas

Date (Text)

January 1, 1864



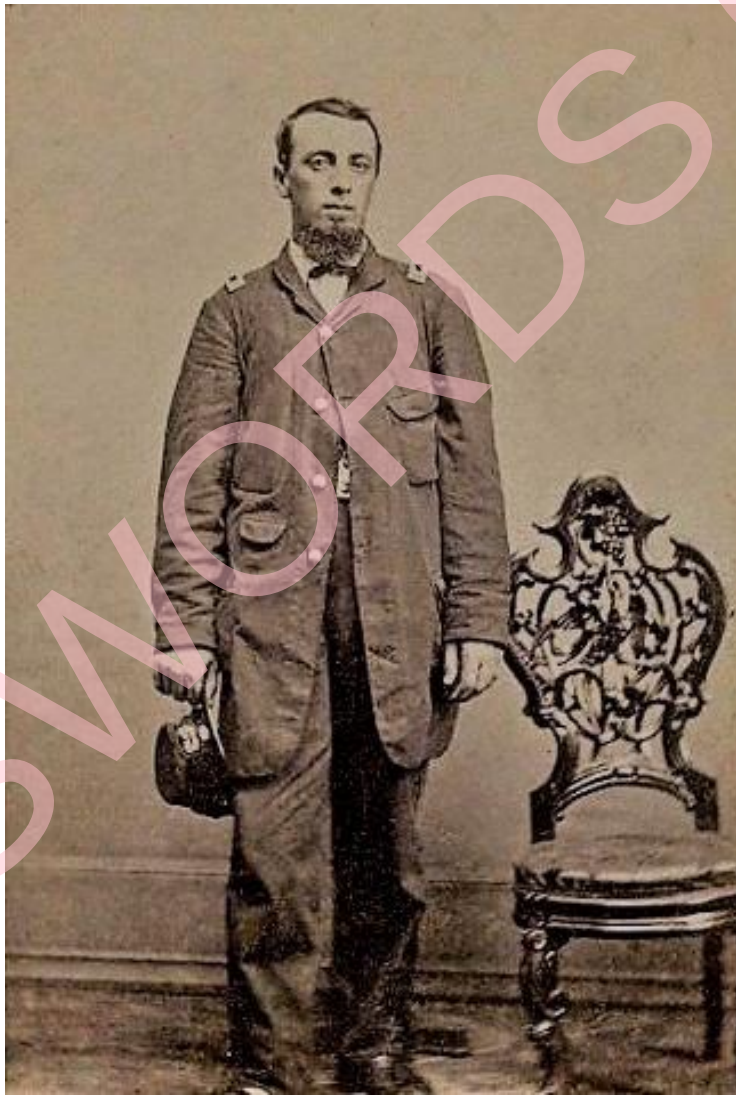
William H. Peckenpaugh

Captain

49th Regiment Indiana Infantry

Letters

1865



Residence Leavenworth, IN.
Enlisted on 10/18/1861 as a Captain.

On 11/21/1861, he was commissioned into "F" Co. Indiana 49th Infantry.
He was Mustered Out on 11/29/1864

Jan 1862? 3

Tell Miss Ann. that I hope she will be kind
hearted enough to answer Mr Allens letter for
I know he is very much in need of something
to cheer him up. And I know it is in her
power to make the poor Soldier happy. How
could one refuse. How cruel the thought.
I was pleased to hear of Ennis joining the
church, and hope he may prove to be a
worthy member.

Glad to hear that you spent the time so
pleasantly on Christmas. And hope that
in the future there are many pleasures in store
for you. Justly it could not be other wise
I tell you we had a fine time then - to find
so grand that I find language at my comm-
and perfectly inadequate to describe it -
Though we spent Xmas the best - my
that by marching all day. Well these Xmas
were ~~passed~~ quite differently to what I ever passed
then before and hope quite differently to what
I ever will be compelled to spend them again
Yet some times it looks like one year more and
we will be placed under the same circumstances if
so will be content. Many times during the day I thought
of some of the Citizens of Stringtown and wondered
if they had recovered from the measles and now
enjoying themselves. Truly pleased to hear that it was
The Curse