

Frank S. Schieffer

6th Ohio Infantry Regiment



Residence was not listed; 21 years old.

Enlisted on 4/20/1861 as a Corporal

On 4/20/1861, he mustered into "F" Co. Ohio 6th Infantry.

He was Mustered Out on 6/12/1861 at Cincinnati, OH

Promotions:

2nd Lieutenant 6/12/1861

He also mustered into "F" Co. Ohio 6th Infantry

(3 yrs)

On 6/12/1861, he was commissioned into "F" Co. Ohio 6th Infantry.

He was listed as:

Prison of War 09/11/1861 Stewarts Run, VA / Wounded 12/31/1862 Stones River, TN

Promotions:

1st 2nd Lieutenant 6/12/1861

7/19/1862 (As of Co. E)

Captain 4/1/1864 (As of Co. A)

Intra-regimental company transfers

7/19/1862 From company F to company E

4/1/1864 From company E to company A

He was Mustered Out on 6/23/1864 at Camp Dennison, OH

Frank S. Schieffer

6th Ohio Infantry Regiment

At the age of 21, Frank S. Schieffer enlisted as a Corporal "F" Co Ohio 6th (3 month) Infantry on 4/20/1861 for a period of 3 months and Mustered Out of 6/12/1861, Cincinnati, Ohio. He immediately reenlisted as a Sergeant and would promote to 2nd Lieutenant that same day and mustered into "F" Co. Ohio 6th Infantry (3 yrs).

Three months later 09/11/1861, He would be captured and made a **Prison-of-War** at Stewarts Run, Virginia. The force captured at Stewarts Run consisted of three officers and forty-seven enlisted men to include 2nd Lieutenant Schieffer, and the officers were accounted brave and competent. Schieffer would initially be confined at **Richmond, Virginia** 09/19/1861; then sent to **Tuscaloosa Alabama** 11/25/1861; then back to **Richmond** 12/03/61; in confinement at **Salisbury, North Carolina** 4/1862; released by Rebels on 07/14/1861 and paroled on 08/17/1862. He would rejoin his command in time to be promoted to 1st Lieutenant on 07/19/1862 as the regiment advance into Tennessee. Since he was previous captured and most likely lost his original sword, it was after this promotion he obtained his newly identified Ames Model 1850 Foot Officers.

During the battle of Murfreesboro (Stones River) Tennessee on 31 December, 1862, Lieutenant Schieffer was severely wounded by a musket ball passing through the left leg below the knee. After being in the hospital for surgery and recovery, he was discharged and Mustered-Out on 06/23/1864. However, this did not stop his military service because he would enlist into the Navy 10/10/1864 as an Ordinary Seaman and serve on the USS Grampus to 10/14/1864; the USS Great Western to 11/03/1864, on the USS Rattier to 01/12/1865; and back to the USS Great Western to June 1865 when discharged.



Frank S. Schieffer

6th Ohio Infantry Regiment

Identified Ames Model 1850 Foot Officers sword



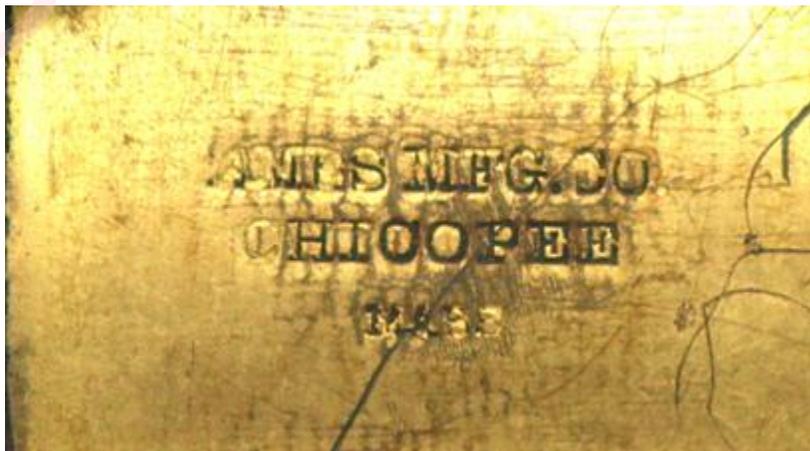
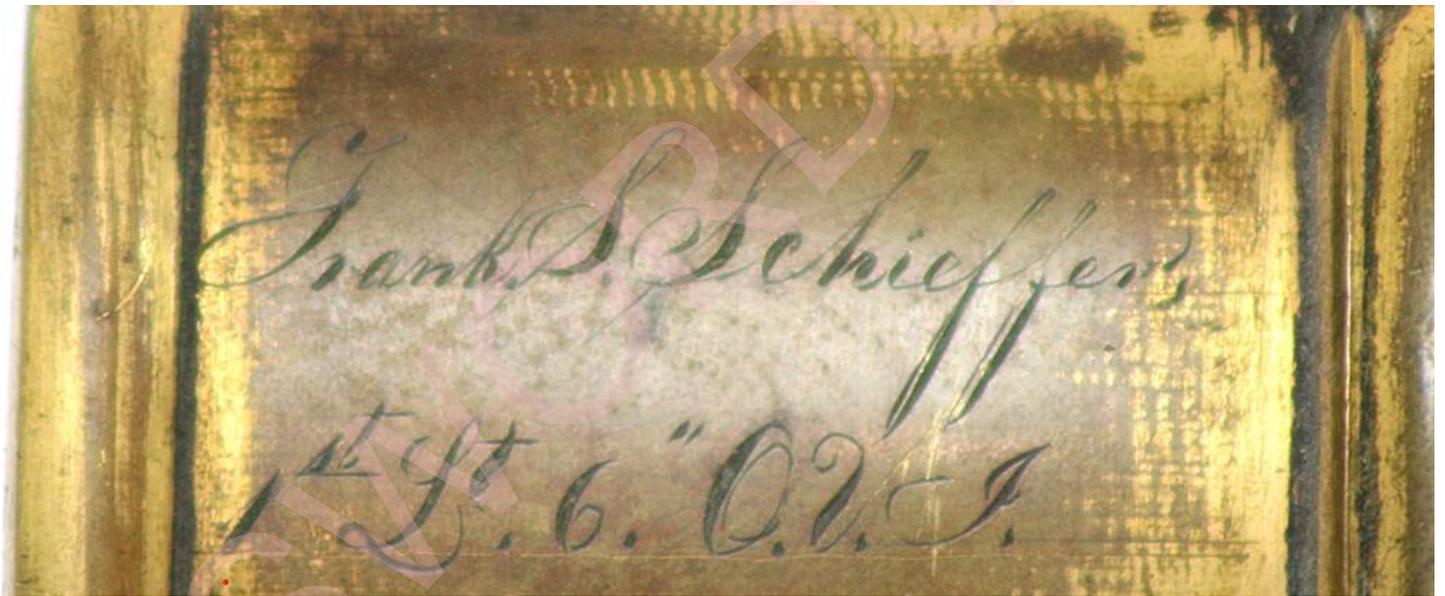
This Ames Model 1850 Foot Officers sword is identified to 1st Lt. Frank S. Schieffer of the 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment. The sword is in excellent+ condition and is original. The hilt retains a good amount of original gold wash with 100% original shark-skin grip and twisted wire, and the original blade washer holds the frosty marked etched blade tight. The black leather scabbard has expected crazing with no breaks, and retains all gold wash mounts and screws with a little wear, and the top mount is Ames maker mark with the identification skillfully etched to the front. It has an exceptional sword knot!



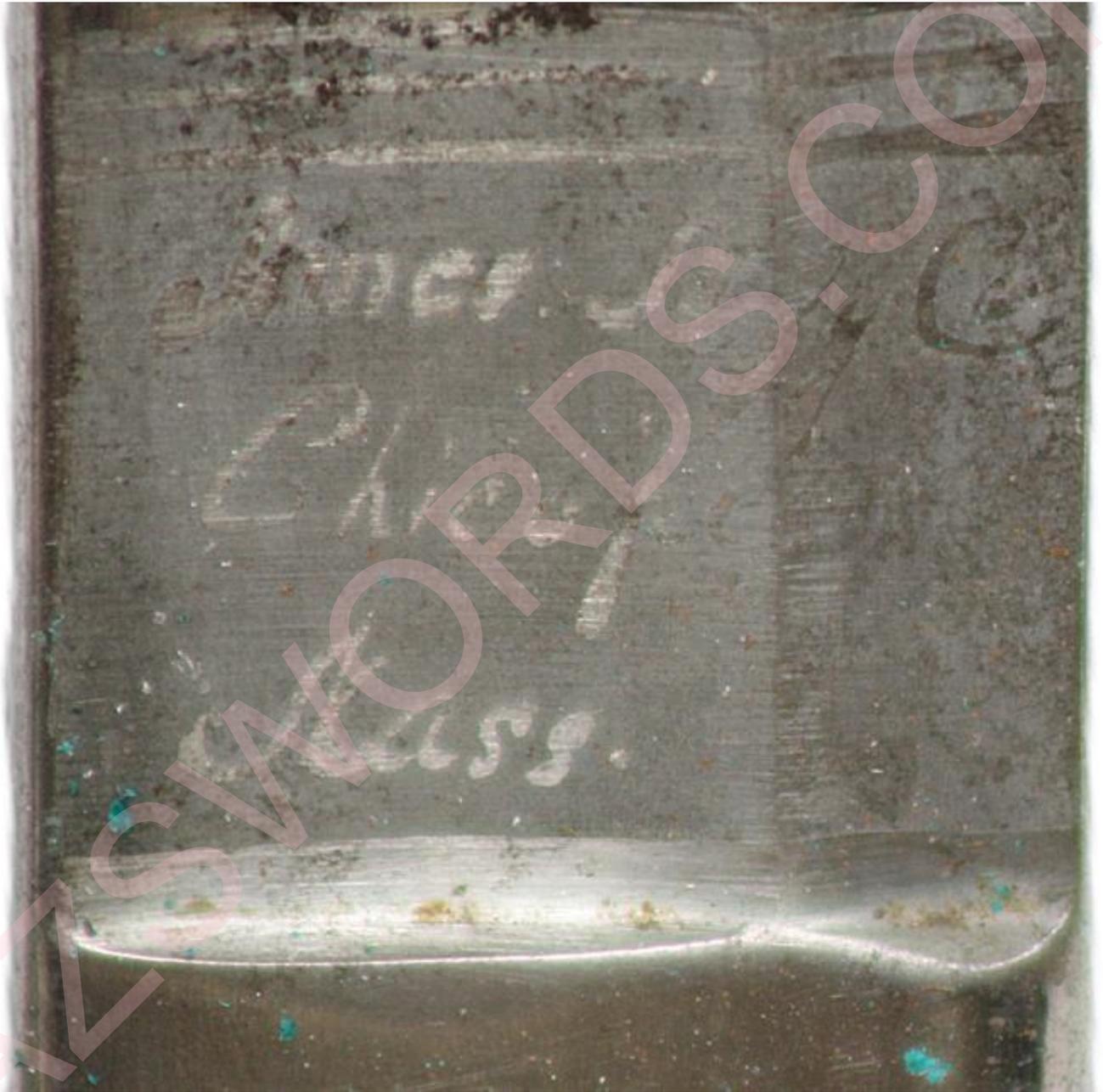
Frank S. Schieffer

1st Lt. 6th O.V.I.









UNION OHIO VOLUNTEERS

6th Regiment, Ohio Infantry

Overview:

Organized at Camp Dennison, Ohio, June 18, 1861. Moved to Fetterman, W. Va., June 29-July 2. Attached to 1st Brigade, Army of Occupation, West Virginia, to September, 1861. Reynolds' Command, Cheat Mountain, W. Va., to November, 1861. 10th Brigade, Army Ohio, to December, 1861. 10th Brigade, 4th Division, Army Ohio, to September, 1862. 10th Brigade, 4th Division, 2nd Corps, Army Ohio, to November, 1862. 3rd Brigade, 2nd Division, Left Wing 14th Army Corps, Army of the Cumberland, to January, 1863. 3rd Brigade, 2nd Division, 21st Army Corps, Army of the Cumberland, to October, 1863. 2nd Brigade, 3rd Division, 4th Army Corps, to June, 1864.

Service:

At Grafton, W. Va., July 2, 1861. March to Philippi July 4. West Virginia Campaign July 6-21. Laurel Hill July 8. Carrick's Ford July 13. Pursuit of Garnett's forces July 15-16. Duty at Beverly till August 6. Camp at Elkwater, foot of Cheat Mountain, August 6-November 19. Operations on **Cheat Mountain** against Lee September 11-17. **Cheat Mountain Pass** September 12. Reconnaissance up Tygart Valley September 26-29. Moved to Louisville November 19-30. Duty at Camp Buell till December 9, and at Camp Wickliffe, Ky., till February 14, 1862. Expedition down Ohio River to reinforce Gen. Grant at **Fort Donelson**, thence to Nashville, Tenn., February 14-25. Occupation of Nashville February 25, the first Regiment to enter city. Camp on Murfreesboro Pike till March 17. March to Savannah, Tenn., March 17-April 6. Battle of **Shiloh**, Tenn., April 6-7. Duty at Pittsburg Landing till May 24. **Siege of Corinth**, Miss., May 24-30. Occupation of Corinth May 30. Pursuit to Booneville May 30-July 12. Moved to Athens, Ala., and duty there till July 17. Ordered to Murfreesboro July 17, thence to McMinnville and duty there till August 17. March to Louisville, Ky., in pursuit of Bragg August 17-September 26. Pursuit of Bragg into Kentucky October 1-22. Battle of **Perryville** October 8. March to Nashville, Tenn., October 22-November 7, and duty there till December 26. Advance on Murfreesboro, Tenn., December 26-30. **Battle of Stone's River** December 30-31, 1862, and January 1-3, 1863. Duty at and near Murfreesboro till June. Actions at Woodbury, Tenn., January 24, and April 4. Middle Tennessee or Tullahoma Campaign June 23-July 7. At Manchester till August 16. Passage of Cumberland Mountains and Tennessee River, and Chickamauga (Ga.) Campaign August 16-September 22. Battle of Chickamauga September 19-20. **Siege of Chattanooga**, Tenn., September 24-November 23. Reopening Tennessee River October 26-29. **Brown's Ferry** October 27. **Chattanooga-Ringgold Campaign** November 23-27. Orchard Knob November 23-24. Mission Ridge November 25. March to relief of Knoxville, Tenn., November 28-December 8. Operations in East Tennessee till April, 1864. About **Dandridge** January 16-17. Garrison at Cleveland, Tenn., April 12-May 17, and at **Resaca**, Ga., guarding railroad bridge over the Oostanaula River, till June 6. Ordered to the rear for muster out June 6. Mustered out at Camp Dennison, Ohio, June 23, 1864, expiration of term.

Regiment lost during service 4 Officers and 82 Enlisted men killed and mortally wounded and 2 Officers and 56 Enlisted men by disease. Total 144.

6th Ohio Infantry

3 Months Service in the American Civil War

Overview

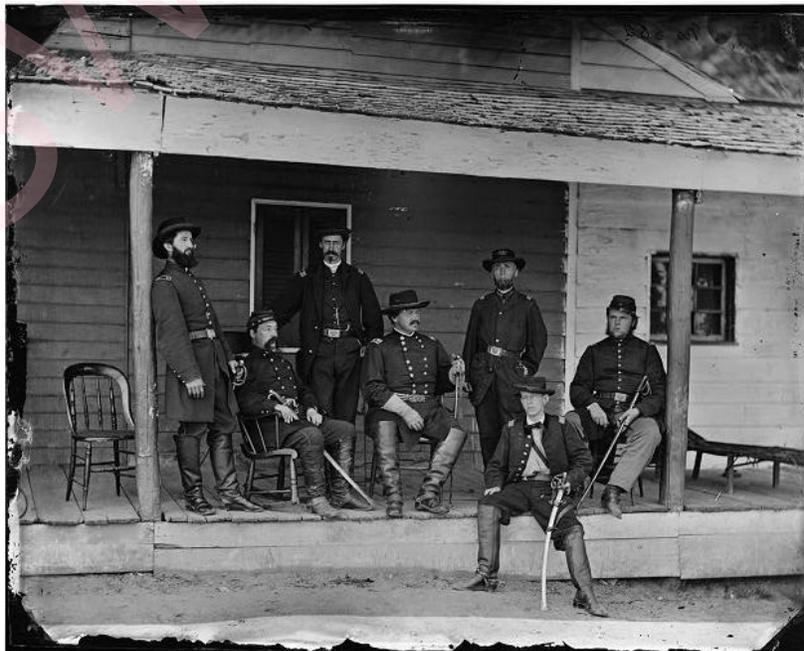
The 6th Ohio Infantry (Three Months' Service) was an infantry regiment organized in Ohio for short-term Federal service at the outset of the Civil War. Principally recruited from the Guthrie Gray Battalion, an independent military organization in Cincinnati, the regiment entered Union service in April and May 1861. It served under the United States in the Western Theater during the initial mobilization period following the outbreak of hostilities.

This unit is distinct from the 6th Ohio Infantry (Three Years' Service).

Organization & Service

The 6th Ohio Infantry (Three Months' Service) was enrolled on April 20, 1861, and mustered into United States service at Camp Harrison on April 27, 1861, with Companies H and K mustered in on May 10 and 12, respectively. The regiment was primarily composed of men from Cincinnati, drawn from the Guthrie Gray Battalion. After initial muster, the regiment moved to Camp Dennison for equipping and preparation for field service.

While the regiment was still being organized and equipped, President Lincoln issued a call for 300,000 men for three years' service. The majority of the 6th Ohio's members chose to reenlist for the longer term between June 6 and June 18, 1861, forming the nucleus of the subsequent three years' regiment. Those who did not reenlist for the extended service were mustered out with their companies on August 21, 1861, at Cincinnati. The regiment's three months' term was thus largely spent in organization, training, and transition to longer service, with no major field operations recorded for this period.



6th Ohio Infantry

3 Years Service in the American Civil War

Overview

The 6th Ohio Infantry (Three Years' Service) was an infantry regiment organized at Camp Dennison, Ohio, in June 1861 for service in the Union Army during the American Civil War. Serving primarily in the Western Theater, the regiment participated in several major campaigns and engagements, earning distinction for its actions in battles such as Shiloh, Stones River, Chickamauga, and Missionary Ridge.

This unit is distinct from the 6th Ohio Infantry (Three Months' Service).

Organization & Service

The 6th Ohio Infantry (Three Years' Service) was mustered into Federal service at Camp Dennison in June 1861. Shortly after organization and equipment, the regiment was ordered to western Virginia, where it participated in operations around Laurel Hill and the pursuit of Confederate forces, culminating in the action at Carrick's Ford.

In April 1862, the regiment was transferred to the Western Theater, arriving at Savannah, Tennessee, on April 5. The following day, as the Battle of Shiloh began, the 6th Ohio marched to the battlefield and was among the first of General Buell's troops to cross the river under fire. The regiment was immediately engaged in repelling the final Confederate assault on the Union left that evening. Subsequently, the 6th Ohio took part in the operations before Corinth and the pursuit of retreating Confederate forces.

In December 1862, the regiment was heavily engaged at the Battle of Stones River, suffering significant casualties. The 6th Ohio continued to serve in the Army of the Cumberland, participating in the Battle of Chickamauga in September 1863, where it again sustained heavy losses. During the Chattanooga Campaign, the regiment was in the advance at Orchard Knob and took part in the charge up Missionary Ridge. It then participated in the Knoxville campaign and joined the Atlanta Campaign in the spring of 1864.

The regiment was relieved from duty on June 6, 1864, and ordered home. It arrived in Cincinnati on June 15, 1864, and was mustered out at Camp Dennison on June 23, 1864, with an aggregate of 30 officers and 495 enlisted men.

6th Ohio Infantry Regiment

The **6th Ohio Infantry Regiment** was a Union volunteer infantry unit that served in the American Civil War from 1861 to 1864, primarily in the Western Theater, participating in key campaigns such as the West Virginia Campaign, Shiloh, Stones River, Chickamauga, and Chattanooga. Organized at Camp Dennison near Cincinnati, Ohio, on June 18, 1861, under Colonel William K. Bosley, the regiment initially drew from veterans of a short-term 3-month unit known as the "Guthrie Greys," mustering approximately 900 men for three years' service. It quickly moved to West Virginia, attaching to the 1st Brigade, Army of Occupation, and saw early action in the West Virginia Campaign (July 6–22, 1861), including the engagements at Laurel Hill (July 8), and Carrick's Ford (July 13), contributing to the Union victory over Confederate forces under General Robert Garnett.

In late 1861, the regiment transferred to Kentucky, reinforcing Major General Ulysses S. Grant at Fort Donelson in February 1862 before advancing to occupy Nashville, Tennessee, on February 25, 1862, as the first Union unit to enter the city. It then joined the Army of the Ohio under Major General Don Carlos Buell, marching to Pittsburg Landing for the **Battle of Shiloh** (April 6–7, 1862), where it fought in Nelson's Division and helped repel Confederate assaults. Subsequent service included the Siege of Corinth, Mississippi (May 10–30, 1862), pursuit of Confederate General Braxton Bragg into Kentucky, and the **Battle of Perryville** (October 8, 1862), after which it attached to the 14th Army Corps, Army of the Cumberland. The regiment endured severe fighting at the **Battle of Stones River** (December 31, 1862–January 2, 1863), suffering heavy casualties while holding key positions near Murfreesboro, Tennessee.

Under Colonel Nicholas L. Anderson, who commanded from mid-1862 onward, the unit pressed forward in the Tullahoma Campaign (June 23–July 7, 1863) and the Chickamauga Campaign, enduring devastating losses at the **Battle of Chickamauga** (September 19–20, 1863), where it lost over 125 men killed, wounded, or missing. It then participated in the Siege of Chattanooga (November 23–December 5, 1863), including assaults on Orchard Knob and Missionary Ridge during the Chattanooga-Ringgold Campaign (November 23–27, 1863), and marched to relieve Knoxville in late November. By early 1864, with its enlistment expiring amid the Atlanta Campaign, the regiment performed garrison duty at Resaca, Georgia, guarding vital bridges before returning north; it mustered out at Camp Dennison on June 23, 1864, having suffered 144 total casualties (86 killed or mortally wounded, 58 to disease).

Formation and Organization

Recruitment and Composition

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment was formed in April 1861 in Cincinnati, Ohio, initially as a three-month regiment in response to President Abraham Lincoln's call for 75,000 volunteers following the fall of Fort Sumter. Recruitment efforts were led by key officers, including Adjutant Nicholas L. Anderson, who later rose to command the regiment as colonel, along with Major William K. Bosley and other members of the nucleus unit, the Independent Guthrie Greys Battalion, a pre-war militia organization established in 1854. Volunteers were primarily drawn from urban Cincinnati and surrounding rural areas in southwestern Ohio, with enlistments surging after news of the Baltimore riot on April 19, 1861, filling ranks rapidly at Camp Harrison, established that same day at the Cincinnati Trotting Park. The regiment was mustered into federal service on April 27, 1861 (with

Companies H and K following on May 10 and 12), under Colonel William K. Bosley, totaling approximately 800 to 900 men organized into ten companies labeled A through K (skipping J).

The composition of the regiment reflected Cincinnati's diverse population, consisting mainly of native-born Ohioans and German-American immigrants who formed a significant portion of the volunteers, many of whom had prior militia experience in units like the Guthrie Greys. Companies were commanded by captains such as Marcus A. Westcott (A), Julian White (B), and Frank H. Ehrman (D), with the rank-and-file including laborers, clerks, and young professionals motivated by patriotism and economic incentives. Upon arrival of equipment at Camp Dennison on May 16, 1861, the men adopted gray uniforms, though elements of the original militia drew inspiration from zouave-style attire, featuring baggy trousers, short jackets, and fezzes reminiscent of the French Foreign Legion, which added to their distinctive appearance during early drills and parades. Health and morale remained high despite rainy conditions, bolstered by civilian support and regimental activities like music and athletics.

The three-month 6th Ohio Infantry participated in the West Virginia Campaign in July 1861 before returning to Camp Dennison, where those who declined to re-enlist were mustered out on July 24, 1861. Amid President Lincoln's July 22, 1861, call for 300,000 three-year volunteers, a majority of the original members re-enlisted shortly after, joining the newly organized three-year 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment as veteran replacements. This three-year unit, also under Bosley initially, had been separately mustered into service on June 18, 1861, at Camp Dennison, drawing its initial core from new Cincinnati volunteers and militia like the Guthrie Greys. Further veteran re-enlistments occurred in May 1864, when surviving members of the three-year regiment, now battle-hardened, signed on for additional terms with federal and state bounties offered as incentives, preserving the regiment's continuity through the war's later phases.

Initial Training and Equipment

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment underwent its initial organization and training primarily at Camp Harrison near Cincinnati, Ohio, beginning on April 19, 1861, before relocating to Camp Dennison on May 17, 1861, where preparations continued until late June. At Camp Harrison, the regiment, drawing from Cincinnati volunteers including the Independent Guthrie Greys as Companies A and B, focused on basic mustering and rudimentary drills under Major William K. Bosley, with Captain Gordon Granger overseeing formal enlistment on April 27. Upon arrival at Camp Dennison—a site selected by General George B. McClellan and laid out by Captain William S. Rosecrans—the training intensified with daily company and regimental exercises in infantry tactics, including alignment, wheelings, turns, squad movements, marching, company formations, and introductory bayonet practice, all conducted under the supervision of field officers such as Lieutenant Colonel Nicholas L. Anderson, who emphasized discipline from the outset. These sessions, often followed by evening dress parades and brigade reviews, prepared the roughly 1,000 men for field service, though the volunteers remained relatively raw by departure on June 29.

Equipment issuance began sporadically in mid-May 1861 at Camp Dennison, where the regiment received 853 muskets—likely altered flintlock smoothbores—along with basic accoutrements such as knapsacks, haversacks, canteens, and camp utensils, though distribution was uneven and reliant on private funding for some units like the Guthrie Greys. Uniforms were similarly limited, with only 414 gray outfits provided initially for select companies, while others wore civilian shirts and caps; standard federal-issue gray uniforms arrived later but were not complete by muster-out of the three-months' service. The interior companies were armed with smooth-bore Springfield muskets, while flanking companies A and H later received more accurate Enfield rifles upon reorganization for three-years' service on June 18; these weapons, supplemented by ammunition loads of up to 56,000 rounds

prepared for transport, formed the core armament, though no rifled variants like the .58-caliber Springfield or Austrian Lorenz were noted in initial outfitting. Tents, including Sibley models, and wagons were procured but often incomplete, contributing to improvised shelters during early moves.

Logistical challenges plagued the early months, including shortages of arms, uniforms, and transport that delayed full equipping until federal supplies resolved them by late June 1861; for instance, the regiment departed Camp Dennison with incomplete tents and relied on four light wagons for a 30-mile march, lacking full haversacks and provisions at times. Medical setup was established concurrently, with Starling Loving appointed as regimental surgeon—a graduate of Starling Medical College in Columbus—and Fisher W. Ames as assistant surgeon, both ensuring routine health amid excellent overall conditions, marked by only isolated incidents like the drowning of Private John Bliven of Company D on May 29. This preparation, bolstered briefly by the discipline from the regiment's Cincinnati roots including German-American elements familiar with European tactics, positioned the 6th Ohio for its first deployments despite these hurdles.

Early Campaigns

West Virginia Campaign

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment, organized at Camp Dennison, Ohio, on June 18, 1861, did not participate in the First Bull Run Campaign in northern Virginia. Instead, during the same period in July 1861, the regiment was deployed to western Virginia as part of Union efforts to counter Confederate advances in the region and secure loyalist support. Transported by rail to Fetterman, West Virginia, arriving June 29 to July 2, it was attached to the 1st Brigade, Army of Occupation, under Brigadier General George B. McClellan.

The regiment's initial movements involved a rapid march to Philippi on July 4, arriving after the Battle of Philippi on June 3, which marked the first organized Union victory of the war. Advancing further, the 6th Ohio joined the West Virginia Campaign from July 6 to 21, engaging in operations around Laurel Hill on July 8 and pursuing retreating Confederates. On July 13, elements of the regiment supported actions at Carrick's Ford, where Confederate Brigadier General Robert S. Garnett became the first general officer killed in the war during the engagement. These early skirmishes marked the unit's first exposure to combat, though losses were light and primarily from disease rather than battle wounds.

Following these successes, the regiment remained on duty at Beverly until August 6, guarding supply lines and conducting reconnaissance amid rugged terrain that tested the volunteers' endurance. The concurrent disaster at First Bull Run on July 21 highlighted the war's intensity elsewhere, but the 6th Ohio's operations in West Virginia helped consolidate Union control over the area, preventing Confederate reinforcement of eastern forces. Morale among the men rose from their survival and minor victories, though the campaign exposed logistical challenges, including shortages of equipment during rainy marches. By late July, the regiment shifted to Elkwater at the foot of Cheat Mountain, preparing for further operations against Confederate positions, including reconnaissance up Tygart Valley from September 26-29, 1861.

Move to Kentucky

In November 1861, the 6th Ohio transferred to the Western Theater, moving to Louisville, Kentucky, from November 19-30, and performing duty at Camp Buell until December 9 and Camp Wickliffe until February 14, 1862. The regiment then joined an expedition down the Ohio River to reinforce Major

General Ulysses S. Grant at Fort Donelson, Tennessee, advancing to occupy Nashville on February 25, 1862, as the first Union unit to enter the city. It encamped on the Murfreesboro Pike until March 17, before marching to Savannah, Tennessee, in preparation for further operations.

Non-Participation in Major Eastern Theater Battles

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment's service was confined to the Western Theater due to Union strategic priorities focused on securing the Mississippi River and Tennessee, resulting in no participation in major Eastern Theater battles. Its assignments prevented involvement in operations with the Army of the Potomac. Below is a summary of its activities during the periods of key Eastern engagements.

Battle of Antietam

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment did not participate in the Battle of Antietam on September 17, 1862, as it was assigned to operations in the Western Theater during the Maryland Campaign. Organized in June 1861 at Camp Dennison, Ohio, the regiment had been attached to the Army of Occupation in West Virginia and later transferred to the Army of Ohio, where it conducted duties in Kentucky and Tennessee throughout the fall of 1862. In September 1862, while Union forces under Major General George B. McClellan clashed with Confederate General Robert E. Lee's Army of Northern Virginia near Sharpsburg, Maryland, the 6th Ohio was engaged in the pursuit of Confederate General Braxton Bragg's forces into Kentucky as part of the larger Confederate Heartland Offensive.

Instead of joining the Army of the Potomac's IX Corps or advancing on Sharpsburg, the regiment marched from Murfreesboro, Tennessee, to Louisville, Kentucky, arriving in late September to reinforce Federal defenses against Bragg's invasion. This positioning kept the 6th Ohio focused on midwestern campaigns, including the subsequent Battle of Perryville on October 8, 1862, where it supported Union efforts to repel the Confederate advance. No records indicate any transfer to Ambrose Burnside's command or involvement in assaults along Antietam Creek, such as at Rohrbach's Bridge (later known as Burnside's Bridge), nor in supporting actions near the Sunken Road. The regiment's absence from the Eastern Theater engagements underscores its primary role in protecting Union lines in the West, contributing to victories like Shiloh earlier that year but missing the bloodiest single day of the war.

Battle of Fredericksburg

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment did not participate in the Battle of Fredericksburg (December 11–15, 1862), as it remained in the Western Theater throughout late 1862, assigned to the Army of the Cumberland following its service in the Army of the Ohio. At that time, the regiment was encamped near Nashville, Tennessee, as part of the 3rd Brigade, 2nd Division, Left Wing, 14th Army Corps, preparing for operations against Confederate forces in Middle Tennessee. On December 26, it joined the advance on Murfreesboro as part of Major General William S. Rosecrans's army, culminating in the Battle of Stones River later that month. This deployment kept the unit far from the Eastern Theater engagements under Major General Ambrose E. Burnside, where the IX Corps conducted assaults on Marye's Heights across the Rappahannock River. No records indicate any transfer or involvement of the 6th Ohio in Virginia operations during this period.

Battle of Chancellorsville

During the Battle of Chancellorsville from May 1 to 6, 1863, the 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment was not present, as it was assigned to the Western Theater and had no involvement in the Army of the Potomac's operations in Virginia. At that time, the regiment was encamped near Murfreesboro, Tennessee, as part of the 3rd Brigade, 2nd Division, 21st Army Corps in the Army of the Cumberland, following its service in the Stones River Campaign. It conducted routine duty and minor operations in Middle Tennessee, including an engagement at Woodbury on April 4, 1863, where it helped repel Confederate cavalry raids.

The regiment's limited activity during this period reflected its strategic positioning to secure Union gains in Tennessee against potential Confederate threats from the south and east, rather than contributing to Major General Joseph Hooker's offensive against General Robert E. Lee's Army of Northern Virginia. No direct combat or significant casualties were recorded for the 6th Ohio in May 1863, allowing it to maintain strength for upcoming operations. Shortly after Chancellorsville, in late June 1863, the unit advanced as part of the Tullahoma Campaign, advancing from Murfreesboro toward Chattanooga without notable internal disruptions or reenlistment issues documented at the time.

This detachment from Eastern Theater engagements underscored the divided nature of Union strategy, with the 6th Ohio focused on consolidating control in the Cumberland theater amid broader Confederate maneuvers. The absence of frontline exposure at Chancellorsville meant the regiment observed the Union's tactical setbacks indirectly through army-wide reports, reinforcing the importance of coordinated multi-theater efforts in its ongoing training and preparedness.

Gettysburg and Aftermath

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment did not participate in the Battle of Gettysburg or any Eastern Theater campaigns, as it served exclusively in the Western Theater throughout the war.

Post-Chattanooga Operations

Following the Chattanooga Campaign, the regiment engaged in operations in East Tennessee from late 1863 to April 1864, including actions around Dandridge in January 1864. As its three-year enlistment neared expiration amid the ongoing Atlanta Campaign, the unit was assigned garrison duty at Resaca, Georgia, where it guarded important bridges. The regiment then returned to Ohio and mustered out at Camp Dennison on June 23, 1864.

Later War Service

Overland Campaign

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment did not participate in the Overland Campaign of 1864, as it remained in the Western Theater throughout its service. By early 1864, the regiment was engaged in operations in East Tennessee and northern Georgia as part of the 2nd Brigade, 3rd Division, 4th Army Corps, Army of the Cumberland.

In January 1864, the unit saw action near Dandridge, Tennessee, where it helped repel Confederate cavalry raids during harsh winter conditions. Following this, it performed garrison duty at Cleveland,

Tennessee, from April 12 to May 17, securing supply lines against guerrilla threats. The regiment then moved to Resaca, Georgia, where it guarded the vital railroad bridge over the Oostanaula River until June 6, contributing to the logistical support for Union advances in the Atlanta Campaign. These duties underscored the regiment's role in maintaining Union control over key transportation routes in the West, rather than joining Lt. Gen. Ulysses S. Grant's offensive against Gen. Robert E. Lee in Virginia.

The expiration of the regiment's three-year enlistment term in May 1864 prompted its withdrawal from active field service. On June 6, it was ordered to Camp Dennison, Ohio, for muster out, arriving in Cincinnati on June 15 amid public receptions honoring its veterans. The regiment was officially disbanded on June 23, 1864, having suffered 144 total casualties (86 killed or mortally wounded, 58 to disease). Remaining veterans and recruits were transferred to other units to continue the fight in the Western Theater. This timely muster out reflected the intense attrition faced by three-year units, allowing many original members to return home after grueling campaigns like Stones River and Chickamauga.

Siege of Petersburg and Appomattox

Following the Atlanta Campaign's opening movements, the 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment concluded its field service in the Western Theater by guarding the railroad bridge over the Oostanaula River at Resaca, Georgia, from May to June 6, 1864.

On June 6, the regiment received orders to return to Ohio for muster out, as its three-year enlistment term had expired. It marched northward and was officially disbanded at Camp Dennison near Cincinnati on June 23, 1864. Consequently, the 6th Ohio did not participate in the Siege of Petersburg, which began with Union assaults on the Dimmock Line on June 15–18, 1864, nor in the ensuing trench warfare or the Appomattox Campaign of March–April 1865 leading to Robert E. Lee's surrender on April 9. Veterans who chose to continue serving were transferred to other units, but the regiment itself ceased to exist as an organized body. Final payroll processing occurred at Camp Dennison, marking the end of its contributions to the Union war effort.

Casualties, Legacy, and Notable Figures

Casualty Statistics

The 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment suffered significant losses during its service in the Western Theater, with official records indicating a total of 144 deaths. Of these, 86 were from battle, including 4 officers and 82 enlisted men killed or mortally wounded, while 58 resulted from disease, comprising 2 officers and 56 enlisted men. These figures are drawn from compiled service records and reflect the regiment's exposure to intense combat and harsh campaign conditions from 1861 to 1864.

Breakdowns by cause reveal battle deaths totaling approximately 86, with disease accounting for the majority of non-combat losses at 58; company-level variations existed due to ethnic concentrations, such as higher desertion rates in companies with larger numbers of recent immigrants, though overall cohesion was maintained through veteran reenlistments in 1864, which helped stabilize the unit and reduce subsequent losses. (Ohio Adjutant General's Report, referencing regimental rosters)

The regiment's heaviest casualties occurred at the Battle of Chickamauga in September 1863, where it lost 132 men killed, wounded, and missing out of 354 engaged. At Stones River in December 1862–January 1863, losses totaled 159 out of 383, including substantial wounded and prisoners. These

peaks highlight the 6th Ohio's role in key Army of the Cumberland operations, with survival rates improving after mid-1863 due to reenlistment bonuses and unit experience, contrasting with higher early-war desertions among initial enlistees (estimated at 10-15% regiment-wide).

Compared to other Ohio regiments, the 6th's death rate of about 14% (144 out of roughly 1,000 mustered) was slightly above the state average of 11% for infantry units, attributable to its participation in high-casualty battles like Chickamauga. (cross-referenced with Ohio Adjutant General summaries for infantry losses).

Post-War Legacy and Monuments

Following the muster-out of the 6th Ohio Infantry Regiment on June 23, 1864, at Camp Dennison, Ohio, its veterans contributed to the preservation of their service history through published accounts and participation in fraternal organizations like the Grand Army of the Republic (GAR). A comprehensive regimental history, *The Story of a Regiment*, was authored by Ebenezer Hannaford, a former sergeant in the unit, and published in 1868, detailing the campaigns and personal narratives to honor the soldiers' experiences. This work served as an early effort to document the regiment's role in the Western Theater, influencing subsequent historical interpretations of Ohio's Civil War contributions.

Monuments commemorating the 6th Ohio Infantry were erected at key battlefields as part of post-war efforts to memorialize Union sacrifices. At Chickamauga and Chattanooga National Military Park, a 16.5-foot granite monument dedicated in 1895 stands along a walking trail south of Brotherton Road, inscribed with details of the regiment's actions during the September 1863 battle, where it suffered significant losses under Colonel Nicholas L. Anderson's command. Similarly, a memorial stone at Shiloh National Military Park honors the regiment's participation in the April 1862 engagement, reflecting state-funded initiatives to mark Ohio troops' positions. These structures, often featuring a granite soldier at rest with rifle, underscore the regiment's enduring place in national memory.

The regiment's legacy extended into Ohio's military heritage through its lineage, which was perpetuated in the Ohio National Guard. The 6th Ohio Infantry's traditions were incorporated into the 147th Infantry Regiment, activated for World War I service in the 37th "Buckeye" Division, where it fought in major offensives like the Meuse-Argonne. This connection highlights the unit's influence on Ohio's volunteer military tradition across conflicts.

In modern times, the National Park Service maintains interpretations of the 6th Ohio Infantry's service at sites like Chickamauga and Shiloh, integrating the regiment's story into educational programs and battlefield tours to contextualize the broader Civil War narrative. These efforts ensure the regiment's tactical contributions, such as its defense at Stones River, remain accessible to visitors, fostering ongoing recognition of its historical significance.

Frank S. Schieffer

Ordinary Seaman

Naval Ship

USS *Grampus* (1863)

The second USS *Grampus* was a side-wheel steamer in the United States Navy. She was named for a member of the dolphin family (Delphinidae): *Grampus griseus*, also known as Risso's dolphin.

Originally named *Ion*, she was purchased by Rear Admiral David D. Porter for the U.S. Navy on 22 July 1863, at Cincinnati, Ohio, for US\$9750. She was stationed at Cincinnati, Ohio, and used as a receiving ship for the Mississippi Squadron. By 14 November 1863, with Acting Master Elijah Sells in command, she was recognized as a "nice little receiving vessel in first-rate order," but contained no furnishings or weapons other than ten cutlasses and revolvers.

With Acting Ensign C.W. Litherbury in command, *Grampus* remained at Cincinnati, Ohio, assisting in stripping of ships for conversion to gunboats, and effecting their delivery to fleet staging points for the Mississippi Squadron, principally Cairo, Illinois, and Mound City, Illinois

USS *Great Western*

USS *Great Western* (1857) was a wooden-hulled sidewheel steamer acquired by the Union Navy during the American Civil War and employed as an ordnance boat to supply ammunition and stores to flotilla vessels along the Mississippi River and its tributaries. Built in Cincinnati, Ohio, in 1857 with a displacement of 429 tons and lightly armed with one 12-pounder, one 32-pounder, and one 6-pounder smoothbore guns, she was purchased by the War Department on 10 February 1862 and transferred to Navy control on 30 September 1862 after initial service with the Western Flotilla.

Operating principally from Cairo, Illinois, *Great Western* supported key Union campaigns, including the prolonged siege of Vicksburg by providing ordnance at the Yazoo River mouth and participating in joint operations against Confederate positions in December 1862; she also repelled a Confederate cavalry attack near the Arkansas River on 30 July 1862 while attached to the Mortar Flotilla. Following Vicksburg's fall in July 1863, the vessel continued as a supply ship at landings such as Skipwith's and Goodrich's before transitioning to receiving ship duties at Cairo and Mound City, Illinois, until sold at auction on 29 November 1865. Though not a combatant in major engagements, her logistical role underscored the Navy's emphasis on maintaining riverine supply lines essential to Union strategy in the Western Theater.

USS *Rattler*

USS *Rattler* was a steamer acquired by the Union Navy during the American Civil War. She was used by the Navy to patrol navigable waterways of the Confederate States of America, especially the Mississippi River, and to be employed as a gunboat when required.

On 30 December 1864, during a heavy gale near Grand Gulf, Mississippi, *Rattler's* anchor cable parted and she was driven ashore, struck a snag, and sank. After her supplies and most of her guns were salvaged, she was abandoned. Rebel troops subsequently set *Rattler* afire and destroyed her.

THE STORY OF A REGIMENT:

A HISTORY OF THE CAMPAIGNS,

AND

ASSOCIATIONS IN THE FIELD,

OF

THE SIXTH REGIMENT

OHIO VOLUNTEER INFANTRY.

By E. HANNAFORD,

Formerly a Member of the Regiment, and later Adjutant of the 197th O. V. I.

For Romans, in Rome's quarrel,
Spared neither land nor gold,
Nor son nor wife, nor limb nor life,
In the brave days of old.

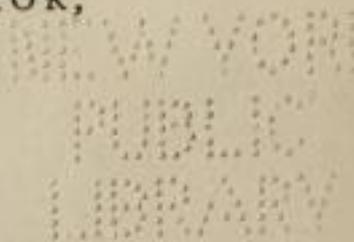
MACAULAY'S "HORATIUS."

CINCINNATI:

PUBLISHED BY THE AUTHOR,

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1868.



CHAPTER III.

REORGANIZATION.

(MAY 24-JUNE 28, 1861.)

SEVERAL days before the date referred to at the close of the last chapter, Camp Dennison was thrown into a ferment of excitement by the broaching of the three-years' question—that of reënlistment “for three years or during the war.” Reorganization was attended with many difficulties, which all the efforts of the State Executive and the functionaries at camp succeeded only partially in removing. One of the principal of these related to the appointment of officers. In the three-months' service the volunteers had exercised the privilege of militia to elect their own commanders, while, under the orders of the President, and in accordance with army regulations, the appointing power was now vested solely in the Governor of the State. There was much discussion and wide-spread dissatisfaction when these regulations came to be fully understood; and, as the true policy of the authorities evidently was to secure to the service as much as possible of the material which was now rapidly assuming the character of an army, it was wisely decided to retain the general organizations of the regiments, and, except when manifestly inexpedient, to consult the preferences of the men in granting commissions. There were other difficulties, mainly of individual operation, which

were not so easily obviated: personal jealousies and disappointments; the prospect of more rapid advancement in new organizations; the reaction, amounting to weariness, or even disgust, on the part of some fickle minds, whom the great wave of popular excitement in the first instance had carried into camp; and the urgent demands of domestic or other duties, in some instances even outweighing the promptings of a fervent patriotism.

Adjutant-General Buckingham graphically describes still another serious perplexity which the authorities experienced, as follows: "When the three-years' recruits began to come in, it was found that the presence of the three-months' men, who had declined to reënlist, was the cause of much inconvenience, and greatly tended to demoralize the entire force. The quarters were crowded, jealousies sprang up, doubts arose as to the rights of the different classes of troops, ill-feeling was engendered, and general insubordination, in most regiments, was the result. It became absolutely necessary to separate the three-months' men from the others. Instead of mustering them out of the service, however, as would seem to have been the proper method, no directions were received from the War Department as to the disposition to be made of them, though sought by the Governor and officers often and earnestly. At length the colonels of the regiments took the responsibility of sending their three-months' men home, on furlough, till further orders." The mismanagement that characterized this whole matter, for several months afterward exercised a most unfortunate effect upon recruiting in Ohio.

On the 29th of May, the German regiment—the staunch and trusty old Ninth Ohio—re-mustered almost to a man, thus becoming one of the very first regiments in the whole country

to commit itself to a three-years' service.* The Tenth Ohio mustered about one week later. At the evening dress parade of the Guthrie Greys, on the 24th of May, Adjutant Anderson made a short address, explaining the new call for troops, and urging the command, by every consideration of patriotism, to reënlist. But, in addition to the usual difficulties attending reorganization, it was soon discovered that the spirit of personal independence, and even the intelligence upon which the members prided themselves, were certain to prove great hindrances in regard to the Guthries. The regiment lost *prestige* rapidly. Many who were loud in their laudations a few weeks earlier, suddenly ranged themselves with its most unreasoning denouncers; in fact, it was only after the Sixth Ohio had been marching and fighting at the front, for many months continuously, that one class of patriotic souls, possessed in perfect quiet at home, began to comprehend the truth that these things could hardly be the work of "feather-bed soldiers."

For the Sixth Ohio, spite of all discouragements and prophecies of dissolution, did reorganize with full ranks—young men almost exclusively, in sound health, active and intelligent. On the 10th of June field officers were voted for, Colonel Bosley being reelected after a spirited canvass, in which many had shown a strong preference for Hon. Stanley M. Matthews. Captain Gordon Granger and Professor Ormsby M. Mitchel, had also been spoken of for the coloneley, but declined being candidates, and a few weeks afterward both were commissioned Brigadier-Generals. Company G (Captain Anthony O. Rus-

* The only complete three-years' organization mustered in at an earlier date, so far as the writer has any information upon the subject, was the Second Michigan Infantry, which mustered on the 25th of May, 1,017 strong.

sell's), which was the first one ready, was mustered into the three-years' service on Monday, June 17th, by Lieutenant T. W. Walker, of the regular army. By the evening of the next day the regimental organization was completed, though recruits continued to offer themselves for some days afterward, and were welcomed as long as any place remained for them.

Meanwhile the reorganized regiments began moving toward Western Virginia. The Ninth Ohio left for Clarksburg on the morning of Sunday, June 16th, accompanied by Captain Loomis' battery, from Coldwater, Michigan, which had been resting at Camp Dennison for the previous two weeks, and was destined to a long and brilliant career in the field. The Third and Fourth Ohio followed on the 21st, and a detachment of Burdsal's cavalry on the night of the 23d. General McClellan, whose escort the latter were to be, had preceded them in a special train, three days before, and was in personal command in the field. At noon of the 24th, the Tenth Ohio took its departure. "With their own new banner, presented them two days ago, waving above them, and escorted by the Sixth Ohio to the cars, the Montgomeries," says one account, "were a proud set of fellows, and as happy as if going to a wake." The Sixth daily grew more and more impatient; but, happily, the routine of drills and camp duty, into which the regiment had again settled, afforded neither officers nor men much time for idleness, while it was still enlivened by frequent interchanges of visits with friends, etc., as well as extraordinary occasions in the line of duty. On the 17th of June, General McClellan reviewed the First Brigade, which had just suffered the loss of the well-trained Ninth, and expressed himself well pleased with its progress in drill. A much greater event to the Sixth Ohio, however, was the reception, on the 24th, of a regimental banner, presented by Rev. Kingston Goddard,

rector of Christ Church, on behalf of the ladies of Cincinnati, and accepted, on the part of the regiment, by Lieutenant-Colonel Anderson. The banner, which was originally intended for the three-months' organization, was six feet square, made of the finest silk, and bore this inscription, in elegant embroidery: "Guthrie Greys, Sixth Regiment—Ohio." It was borne through all the campaigns of the regiment up to within three weeks of the battle of Stone River, then being replaced by another, the gift of the City of Cincinnati.

The following were the officers with whom the Sixth Ohio took the field, their commissions bearing date June 12th, although not received until some days later:

Field and Staff—Colonel, William K. Bosley; Lieutenant-Colonel, Nicholas L. Anderson; Major, Alexander C. Christopher; Adjutant, Charles H. Heron; Quartermaster, Edward M. Shoemaker; Surgeon, Starling Loving; Assistant-Surgeon, Fisher W. Ames.

Company A—Captain, Marcus A. Westcott; First Lieutenant, Henry McAlpin; Second Lieutenant, James M. Donovan.

Company B—Captain, Joseph A. Andrews; First Lieutenant, Charles B. Russell; Second Lieutenant, Thomas S. Royse.

Company C—Captain, J. Willis Wilmington; First Lieutenant, Frank H. Ehrman; Second Lieutenant, Charles Gilman. In this company none of the three-months' officers remained.

Company D—Captain, Ezekiel H. Tatem; First Lieutenant, John C. Parker; Second Lieutenant, Thomas H. Boylan.

Company E—Captain, Samuel C. Erwin; First Lieutenant, John F. Hoy; Second Lieutenant, George W. Morris.

Company F—Captain, Charles H. Brutton; First Lieuten-

ant, vacancy, occasioned by Lieutenant Heron's appointment as Adjutant; Second Lieutenant, Frank S. Schieffer.

Company G—Captain, Anthony O. Russell; First Lieutenant, William S. Getty; Second Lieutenant, Jules J. Montagnier—the same officers throughout as in the three-months' service.

Company H—Captain, Henry H. Tinker; First Lieutenant, John W. Morgan; Second Lieutenant, Solomon Bidwell.

Company I—Captain, James Bense; First Lieutenant, Richard Southgate; Second Lieutenant, Benjamin F. West.

Company K—Captain, Charles M. Clarke; First Lieutenant, Augustus B. Billerbeck; Second Lieutenant, Justin M. Thatcher.

Non-commissioned Staff—Sergeant-Major, William P. Anderson; Quartermaster-Sergeant, Charles C. Peck; Hospital Steward, John A. West; Chief Musicians, Jacob A. Fifer and Benjamin F. Phillips.

With the leading incidents in Colonel Bosley's career the reader is already acquainted.

Lieutenant-Colonel Nicholas L. Anderson—a grandson of Nicholas Longworth, and a nephew of General Robert Anderson, and also of Colonel Charles Anderson, ex-Governor of Ohio—was born in Cincinnati, April 22d, 1838. He graduated with distinction at Harvard College, in 1858, after a four-years' course, and immediately went to Europe, where he remained about two years, improving the time in travel and studies at the German universities. Induced to return home in the winter of 1860-61, by the disturbed condition of affairs in this country, he began the study of the law, in the office of Hon. Stanley M. Matthews, in Cincinnati. His membership in the Guthrie Grey battalion, as also his connection with the three-

CHAPTER IX.

THE DISCOMFITURE OF LEE.

(SEPTEMBER 9-17, 1861.)

THE beginning of the second week in September found General Lee's advance at Marshall's Store, twelve miles out on the Huntersville (or, as it is otherwise termed, the Marlin) turnpike, and only four miles from the junction of the Point Mountain turnpike, leading off to Brady's Gate and beyond. On Monday, the 9th, a reconnoissance, under Lieutenant-Colonel Richard Owen, of the Fifteenth Indiana, developed the enemy in considerable numbers a mile before reaching the Store, and some sharp skirmishing ensued, after which the Union forces leisurely returned to Elkwater. About eleven o'clock, on Wednesday, the 11th, a wet and dreary day, Lieutenant-Colonel Anderson received orders to hurry two additional companies out the turnpike, in the direction whither Captain Erwin's E and another company had already been dispatched, under Major Christopher. The facts were that Colonel Hascall's regiment had been attacked that morning on Point Mountain, and at that hour was retreating before overpowering numbers down Elkwater Run. A little later, the head of Lee's main column had struck Companies D and F, of the Fifteenth Indiana, posted at the Point Mountain junction, under Captain Templeton, and, after shooting down one-

half of the little party upon the first picket-post, was forcing them back upon Major Christopher's supports, at Conrad's Mill, two miles nearer camp and about six miles from the breastworks. The rebel column was steadily pushing down the valley and closing in upon Elkwater.

Long-roll was soon beating, and, with no time for inquiry, Lieutenant-Colonel Anderson hastened to get the residue of the regiment into the trenches; before which disposition was completed, however, Companies D and B—the latter strengthened by a detail of twenty men from Company A—were far beyond the breastworks. Arrived at the Ford—the point where Elkwater Run crossed the turnpike, more than a mile in advance of the fortifications—Company D, under Lieutenant Parker, crossed Elkwater Fork and moved up Stewart's Run, to the support of Company I's pickets, who were still on duty far up the ravine. While Company B, meantime, was waiting at the Ford for orders, a body of pickets, and with them Major Christopher's detachment, filed moodily by, on their return to camp, and soon afterward an ambulance came back with a precious freight of wounded. In conjunction with Company H, of the Fifteenth Indiana, it was finally ordered to picket the turnpike, which was promptly done, the outposts extending more than half way to Conrad's Mill, or to within rifle-shot of those of the enemy.

While the main body of General Lee's army was cautiously feeling its way down the valley to Conrad's, where, at an early hour, it went into bivouac for the night, General Anderson's brigade of Tennesseans, after leaving the column in the morning, moved rapidly to the head of Stewart's Run, shot down two of Captain Bense's pickets, and surrounded and captured nearly all the rest, including that officer, and Lieutenants Gilman and Schieffer, who were on duty with him. Counter-

from Loomis' battery, was run to the front three-fourths of a mile, and delivered a few shots at the enemy, doing fine execution, causing him to withdraw out of convenient range. Our relative positions remained unchanged until near dark, when we learned the result of the movement on the mountain, as above stated, and the enemy retired somewhat for the night.

On the 14th, early, the enemy was again in position in front of Elkwater, and a few rounds, supported by a company of the Fifteenth Indiana, were again administered, which caused him to withdraw as before.* The forces that had been before repulsed from Cheat returned, and were again driven back by a comparatively small force from the mountain. The Seventeenth Indiana was ordered up the path to open communication and make way for another supply train; but, as before, found the little band from the Summit had already done the work. During the afternoon of the 14th, the enemy withdrew from before Elkwater, and is now principally concentrated some ten miles from this post, at or near his main camp. On the 15th, he appeared in stronger force than at any previous time in front of Cheat, and attempted a flank movement by the left, but was driven back by the ever-vigilant and gallant garrison of the field redoubt on the Summit. To-day, the enemy has also retired from the front of Cheat, but to what precise position I am not yet informed.

The results of these affairs are, that we have killed near one hundred of the enemy, including Colonel John A. Washington, aid-de-camp to General Lee, and have taken about twenty prisoners. We have lost nine killed, including Lieutenant Junod, Fourteenth Indiana, two missing, and about sixty prisoners, including Captain James Bense and Lieutenants Gilman and

* The date here given is erroneous. The writer was one of the detachment on the hill-side above the Ford, and is very positive that the events referred to in this sentence, took place on Friday, the 13th, as before narrated.

Schieffer, of the Sixth Ohio, and Lieutenant Merrill, of the Engineers.

I append the reports of Colonel Kimball, Fourteenth Indiana; Captain Higgins, Twenty-fourth Ohio; and Lieutenant-Colonel Owens and Colonel Wagner, of the Fifteenth Indiana.

J. J. REYNOLDS,

Brigadier-General Commanding First Brigade.

Of the reports above enumerated, Colonel Wagner's is the only one possessing sufficient interest in connection with our narrative to justify its introduction here. Omitting a few details in regard to the killed and wounded of the Fifteenth Indiana, it is as follows:

HEAD-QUARTERS FIFTEENTH REGIMENT }
INDIANA VOLS., Sept. 12, 1861. }

Brigadier-General J. J. Reynolds,

SIR: On the 9th of the present month, I ordered Captain Templeton to take Companies D and F, and take possession of, and hold the Point Mountain pike, supported by Major Christopher, of the Sixth Regiment, Ohio, with one hundred men, at Conrad's Mills, two miles in the rear. The first was about eight miles in advance of my camp, and four miles from the enemy's encampment.

On the morning of the 11th, Captain Templeton's pickets were attacked by the enemy's column advancing down the road; they fell back on the main force—the enemy still advancing in force. Captain Templeton dispatched a dragoon for reënforcements. I immediately sent the left wing of the Fifteenth Indiana, under command of Major Wood, with orders to hold the position; but soon after, a scout (who had been posted three miles east of Captain Templeton, with instructions to report to me any movement of the enemy on the left flank) came in and reported a column of two thousand troops marching in this direction, with the evident intention of cutting off Captain Templeton and Major Christopher

sensible. His wound presented a sickening spectacle, from the operations of vermin, to destroy which the woman who, with her family, tenanted the hovel, had poured in turpentine, the only remedy she had. Dr. Loving had the wounded man brought back to the regimental hospital, where, in a few weeks, he partially regained the use of his faculties, and continued to improve until the regiment was ordered to Kentucky, yet eventually died of his wounds, in a general hospital at Cincinnati.

The force captured up Stewart's Run, consisted of three officers and forty-seven enlisted men, as follows. Lieutenant Gilman had performed valuable service during the scouting expeditions from Beverly, and, in fact, all the unfortunate officers were accounted brave and competent. The enlisted men were all from Company I:

Captain James Bense, Company I.

Second Lieutenant Charles Gilman, Company C.

Second Lieutenant Frank S. Schieffer, Company F.

1st Serg't Wesley B. McLane,	Private	Joseph Dreher,
" John Hanley,	"	Fred'k Ellerman,
" Ferd. McDonough,	"	Samuel Erminger,
Corporal Chas. Fahlbusch,	"	Robert Finley,
" Henry S. Gibson,	"	Wm. Forristall,
" William Langenheim,	"	Antoine Frave,
" Thomas Long,	"	August Grass,
" John Williams,	"	Edwin Green,
Private B. Frank Brahm,	"	Henry Harmyer,
" Adolph Bruner,	"	Fred'k W. Heckert,
" Henry Buddenbaum,	"	Otto Hof,
" George Burner,	"	David Hummell,
" James Carson,	"	William Jurgens,
" Michael Connell,	"	Jacob Landis,

11th of March. He had been out of the army but a short time when he received the appointment of Master's Mate, in the naval service, and soon afterward joined the gunboat Essex, one of the first and most famous iron-clads that cruised the Western waters. By successive promotions, he rose to the command of that vessel, with the rank of Volunteer Lieutenant Commanding, and for several months prior to his muster-out, at the close of the war, had charge of the district on the Mississippi from Cairo to Memphis. When the regiment started from Nashville, on the 17th of March, Captain Clarke and Lieutenant Ehrman were left in that city upon duty at the convalescent barracks. The latter was soon afterward appointed Commissary of Subsistence of Volunteers, and ordered to Evansville, Indiana, where he remained until after the war, and then went into business there. Captain Brutton was in Cincinnati, but rejoined the regiment on the 25th of March, after a long and severe illness. Captain Bense and Lieutenants Gilman and Schieffer were still in durance vile in a rebel prison. Lieutenants Royse and Morris were absent on recruiting service, and Lieutenants Anderson, Southgate, and Montagnier on staff duty, the latter being with General Hascall, in Wood's division. Lieutenant Sheridan was permanently detached on signal duty.

Two field, two staff, and fifteen line officers thus remained on duty with the regiment, when it left Nashville for Savanna (including Captain Brutton, who joined it between Nashville and Columbia), as follows: Lieutenant-Colonel Anderson and Major Christopher; Adjutant Heron and Surgeon Stephens; Captains Westcott, Andrews, Wilmington, Erwin, Brutton, and Russell; First Lieutenants McAlpin, Russell, Donovan, Thatcher, Getty, Morgan, and Peck; and Second Lieutenants West and Gettier. When the regiment moved to the sound of

Morgan—which was not a bad joke, all things considered. Colonel Anderson's muster took effect November 9th (1862), as did that of Lieutenant-Colonel Christopher, promoted from major. Captain Erwin had rejoined the regiment in the vicinity of Camp Wildecat, with about thirty recruits, but was still suffering from the effects of his wound. Captain Bense and Lieutenants Gilman and Schieffer joined it soon afterward at Glasgow, and within a few weeks of this time nearly the whole of Company I was got together again, most of the enlisted men captured up Stewart's Run having been paroled at Salisbury, North Carolina, May 18th, and declared to be exchanged in orders from the War Department, dated November 19th. The commissioned officers, however, had refused to take a parole, and were not sent north until September. Captain Bense twice escaped from prison, but was recaptured and treated with great harshness.

A few more dates must suffice for an outline of the Sixth Ohio's history and surroundings, down to the Stone River campaign.

On the 14th of November, Colonel Grose, the brigade commander, formally announced his staff, although most of the officers designated had been serving thereon ever since leaving Louisville. Lieutenant Southgate, of the Sixth Ohio, was acting assistant adjutant-general, and Captain Erwin, brigade inspector. The latter was relieved soon afterward by Lieutenant John P. Duke, of the Twenty-third Kentucky. On the 15th, the Sixth Ohio (still at Silver Springs) was on picket, and on the 18th was paid off by Major Yohn for the four months ending August 31st. At the same date, Ezra Kelsey was announced as regimental sutler *vice* Cobb, who had not made his appearance for several months.

early in December. Quartermaster Shoemaker, on the 7th of December, was appointed Master of Transportation for the division, and for the next four months the duties of regimental quartermaster were discharged by Lieutenant Irwin. At the same date, First Lieutenant West, of Company I, was permanently detached for duty in the Pioneer Corps of the Army of the Cumberland (consisting of twenty men from each regiment), where he performed energetic and valuable service; and First Lieutenant Donovan, Second Lieutenant Schieffer, and First Sergeant Jesse C. La Bille, of Company F, were recommended by Colonel Anderson for promotion, as being "deserving and exceedingly efficient officers." Sergeant James F. Graham, of Company E, was made sergeant-major *vice* Irwin. When the regiment marched from Nashville to what proved to be the battle-field of Stone River, Lieutenant Choate was still absent, not yet being exchanged, and Captains Westcott and Brutton were incapacitated for commanding their companies. Company I, which for two weeks had been doing duty as provost guard for the brigade, now rejoined the regiment.

Thus, the officers on duty with the Sixth Ohio, at that date, were as follows: Colonel Anderson, Major Russell, and Adjutant Williams; Captains McAlpin, Russell, Erwin, Getty, Tinker, and Bense; First Lieutenants Donovan, Thatcher, Montagnier, and Gilman, the last three of whom were in command of Companies K, F, and C, respectively; and Second Lieutenants Foster (commanding his company), Holmes, Kestner, Antram, Schieffer, Irwin (detailed), Meline, and Lawrence.

Anthony Octavius Russell, the newly-appointed major, was born at Southington, Connecticut, on the 4th of December, 1826. The family removed to Ohio in 1830, and in 1841, he

fighting of the Sixth Ohio;* and well those troops deserved it, who, with the help of the Thirty-sixth Indiana, held the enemy in check long enough to afford time for the batteries in the rear to take position, whence they broke the rebel line as it came careering across the cotton-field in pursuit of the retreating infantry, and sent it a routed, flying mass of gray far back into the forest. When the Sixth Ohio reformed, as it promptly did, behind Parsons' guns, near the turnpike, it was with fearfully-thinned ranks, and hearts that bled for the comrades who were stretched helpless under the cedars. Adjutant Williams was killed, Lieutenant Foster dying, Captain McAlpin hurt unto death, and Lieutenant Schieffer severely wounded. Both color sergeants and three of their guard had been struck down in quick succession, and the colors had been brought off most gallantly by young Corporal Thorp, of Company B, who claimed the precious charge as his own, and scarce would suffer the *Colonel* to take it from his hands, to organize the nucleus of another formation. Colonel Anderson, though painfully wounded in the thigh, refused to leave the field, and remained at the head of the regiment through the whole fight. A score of gory corpses—brave men but half an hour before—marked the line where the Sixth had fought, and five score more were suffering there, or wending their painful way toward the rear in search of the surgeon.

The Twenty-third Kentucky, Twenty-fourth Ohio, and Eighty-fourth Illinois were re-posted while the terrific fighting of the Sixth Ohio and Thirty-sixth Indiana was in progress in the cedars, and poured a withering fire into the enemy's charging column as it emerged into the cotton-field. As yet

* "The Sixth Ohio Infantry, Colonel Nick Anderson, joined my command on the right of the Regular Brigade, and stood manfully up to the work."—*General Rousseau's Official Report.*

Canady, and privates Frank H. Halliday and Wm. Krohmer. *Wounded*—Corporal Jos. Reel, and privates Chas. M. Thompson and Henry Herman. *Missing*—Corporal James M. Newman.

COMPANY B.—*Killed*—Corp. David H. Medary, and privates Albert Hardy and John Boerst. *Mortally wounded*—Captain Henry McAlpin. *Wounded*—First Sergeant Geo. W. Cormany, Corporal E. Hannaford, privates Guy C. Nearing, Albert Goettle, Theophilus Davis, James Mitchell, Fred. J. Miller, John Helfenbein, Andrew Schuttenhelm, William E. Doherty, John Cline, Anson Clapper, Hugo Hochstaedter, and J. Hahneman.

COMPANY C.—*Killed*—Corporal Alois Kaelin. *Wounded*—Sergeants Wm. Brown, John Crotty, and Aug. W. Peters (color sergeant); Corporals Frank H. Thieman, James Jordan, Edward P. Horn, and John C. Hefferman; privates Wm. Boyd, And. Schube, Jacob Stocklin, H. Stocklin, John Laerch, Wm. Lidell, and W. A. Baldwin. *Missing*—Corporal John Sykes and private Edward Ayres.

COMPANY D.—*Mortally wounded*—Private Adam Hugel. *Wounded*—Sergeant Wm. Bowers and Amos Willoughby, Corporal Liberty H. Jenks, privates Frank Dellar, Reinhold Hoffman, Frank A. Manns, Fred. Soghan, Stephen H. Weeks, Wm. W. Williams, Martin Weiderecht, A. C. Dripps, John Wakeman, S. W. Stephenson, and Simon Weeks. *Missing*—Private Luther Carpenter, James H. Mahon, and Wm. Saxon; musician Wm. A. Cormany.

COMPANY E.—*Killed*—Privates Simeon Shattuck, Robert Davis, Chas. Davis, Chas. Deikmeyer, and Michael Schwabe. *Mortally wounded*—Private Agathon Otto. *Wounded*—Corporal William Leike, privates Jos. L. Ferdou, Eugene Diserens, John O'Neil, Chas. H. Baldwin, Thos. Greenwood, Edmund M. Hall, Samuel Schroder, Geo. W. Bowen, Chas. Eckhardt, Enoch West, and Peter Kreps.

COMPANY F.—*Killed*—Corporal Lewis Evers and privates Christ. Ark, Thos. Brown, and Henry Willis. *Mortally wounded*—Privates Gottfried Heileman and John Q. Root. *Wounded*—

Second Lieutenant F. S. Schieffer, Sergeant Wm. E. Jackson, Corporal John A. Seigel, and privates Wm. Kessemeyer, John Lawrence, John Linceman, Jos. T. Nepper, August Nierman, Anthony Schaffer, Stuart Terwilliger, and Wm. R. Wood. *Missing*—Corporal John B. Miller.

COMPANY G.—*Killed*—First Sergeant Geo. B. Ridenour and Corporal Oliver P. Rockenfield. *Mortally wounded*—Privates J. Addison Colwell, Robert M. Taulman, and Samuel P. Stallenp. *Wounded*—Corporals Harry Simmons (color-guard) and J. C. Schenck, and privates Thos. Burnett, Silas S. Dunn, Hamer Bradbury, Anson W. Schenck, and John Fenhoff. *Missing*—Corporal Wm. A. Clark, and privates Chas. S. Dunn and And. M. Dunn.

COMPANY H.—*Killed*—Private Chas. Waltermet. *Mortally wounded*—Privates Martin Seebauer and Henry Rasher. *Wounded*—Captain H. H. Tinker, Corporals Thos. Kennedy (color-bearer), Chas. Ashmap, and Albert Speece (color-guard), and privates Delevan Brown, Samuel Lawrence, Edward Ulm, and Lawrence Geiss.

COMPANY I.—*Killed*—Privates Samuel Pulver, Jacob H. Rapplee, and Fred. W. Springmeyer. *Wounded*—Corporal Edward Roderija, and privates And. Ray, Jos. Seiter, John McGlore, Samuel Parker, Gottlieb Heller, F. Larcom, John Storker, and Christ. Kohli.

COMPANY K.—*Killed*—Sergeant Thos. G. Drake and private Theo. Wesselman. *Mortally wounded*—Corporals H. G. Kreyenhagen and Jos. Martin; and privates J. Nickel, Geo. Kelsch, David Klein, and Lewis F. Frantz. *Wounded*—First Sergeant Geo. Benson Nicholson, Sergeants W. Pappenbrook and Jethro T. Hill; Corporals Chas. Donnelly and Albert Kimble; privates Pedro Montaldo, Wm. Gain, Henry Beckman, Chas. Warner, Christ. Albert, Jos. Haddock, Henry Ellsing, Lorenz Huber, and Franz Meier. *Missing*—Private Chas. Cunningham.

day four of the officers, who had been commissioned in November, tendered their resignations (which were not accepted), on account of the harsh rulings of the pay department, as to the time when their pay as officers began. On the 28th, the resignation of Major Russell was accepted, and three days later he started home, and is now the head of a large job printing establishment in Cincinnati. This leads us to speak of the other changes among the officers up to the above date.

On the 3d of February, several new commissions arrived, whereupon the following assignments of promoted officers were announced: Captain Montagnier to Company B, which, since the battle, had been commanded by Lieutenant Holmes; First Lieutenant Choate (still absent) to Company G; Second Lieutenant Graham—promoted from sergeant major, and absent by reason of wounds—to Company E; Second Lieutenant George T. Lewis, promoted from sergeant in Company I, to Company A; and First Lieutenant Throop, promoted from first sergeant of Company A, appointed adjutant. On the 19th of February, the following: Captains Donovan and Thatcher to Companies K and F, respectively, (although they remained until April 1st in command of Companies E and K); First Lieutenant Schieffer (absent by reason of wounds) to Company E; First Lieutenant Irwin, then acting quartermaster, to Company F; First Lieutenant Kestner to Company C, (though in command for several weeks afterward of Company H;) Second Lieutenants Jesse C. La Bille, George W. Cormany, and Leon-

COMPANY I—Sergeant W. B. Maclane, Corporal Richard Garwood,* and privates James Martin,* John Jackson,* D. E. McCarty,* Newton Bucknell, and Max. Essinger.

COMPANY K—Sergeant W. S. Squires, Corporal J. H. Cohagen, and privates Charles Warner,* Henry Funk,* Harry Shelton, Theo. Ortman, and Daniel Henrie.*

The regiment was now counting by days the brief period which it yet had left to serve, and expected to remain at Cleveland until sent home for muster-out, but on the 17th marching orders came. It started for the front at once, marching that day nine miles. Captain Schieffer, still unfit for field service, was obliged to go to Chattanooga. On the 18th, the regiment marched twenty miles to Dalton; on the 19th, sixteen miles to a short distance beyond Resaca; on the 20th, twelve miles, passing through Calhoun; and on the 21st, sixteen miles to Kingston, where the Ninth Ohio was met on its way home. Reporting immediately to General Thomas, Colonel Anderson was ordered to return to Resaca, there to remain until June 6th, when the regiment would be "relieved from duty in the Department of the Cumberland, in order to proceed to Ohio for muster-out of the service." On the 22d, the regiment accordingly took cars for Resaca, where, with the First and Second Kentucky, it established camp on the west bank of the Oostanaula, to guard the railroad bridge at that point. On the 23d, the Tenth Ohio passed up, on its way home. The First Kentucky followed on the 29th, and the Second Kentucky five days later. Other troops, however, were continually moving toward the front, so that Sherman's flanking operations were still being prosecuted with as yet undiminished numbers.

The return of detailed men daily swelled the regiment's ranks, and by the 6th of June its aggregate of present for duty amounted to about four hundred and thirty men, exclusive of officers. The last promotions ever made in it were announced on the 29th of May, Lieutenant Choate becoming captain of Company B, which he had commanded since Chickamauga, and Second Lieutenant Cormany first lieutenant in Company G. Sergeant-Major Mellen, and private William C. Perkins,

of Company G, held commissions as second lieutenants for months, but could not muster, because the regiment was below the legal minimum strength. The same regulation prevented the Quartermaster-Sergeant and several of the first sergeants from returning home as commissioned officers, though in no capacity could they have discharged a soldier's whole duty with greater fidelity or acceptance than in the grades which they actually held.

At 7 A. M., on the 6th of June, the Sixth Ohio took cars for Chattanooga and turned its face toward home—yes, toward HOME! Lieutenant-Colonel Christopher had previously gone forward to secure transportation, etc., and met the regiment at Cincinnati. At Chattanooga a halt was made, to draw clothing, have the camp and garrison equipage condemned, transfer a squad of orphaned recruits to the proper authorities to serve out their full term of three years in other commands, and complete whatever else was necessary to do before returning home. There also the regiment was rejoined by Captain Thatcher, just relieved from four months' able service as Judge Advocate of a department court-martial, and who now relieved Lieutenant La Bille, of the command of Company F; by Captain West, whose long and useful connection with the Pioneer Corps was now terminated; by Lieutenant Holmes, who had been paroled in February and exchanged a short time before this date; and also by Captain Schieffer. Surgeon Stephens, being relieved from duty as brigade surgeon late in May, met the regiment on its arrival in Cincinnati, as did Lieutenant Peck also, for the first and last time leaving his trains in other hands. Captain Sheridan, on duty with the Signal Corps since Camp Wickliffe times, had been severely wounded in the fighting at Resaca, and was barely able to be brought in a carriage to greet the regiment's return at Cincinnati; while Captain Tin-

the muster-out rolls, etc., could be prepared, the regiment went to Camp Dennison, where, on the 23d of June (1864), it was mustered out of the United States service, with an aggregate strength of 532, including thirty commissioned officers, or a fraction more than one-half the number with which it left the same camp just one week less than three years before.

A considerable number of the Sixth Ohio afterward enlisted in the gunboat service and in Hancock's corps, and several obtained commissions in other new regiments. A majority of the officers, together with about one-half of the enlisted men, are now living in Cincinnati. Upon the strong recommendations of Thomas, Wood, and other of the Sixth Ohio's old commanders in the field, Colonel Anderson has lately been brevetted Brigadier-General "for gallant conduct and meritorious services in the battle of Stone River," and Major-General "for distinguished gallantry and meritorious conduct in the battle of Chickamauga," both to date from March 13, 1865. Lieutenant-Colonel Christopher is in the United States revenue service, and Captain Tinker, who deserves much more, holds a clerkship at the court-house. Major Bense, Captains Russell, Getty, Donovan, West, and Schieffer, and Lieutenants Kestner and Reynolds are all engaged in business in Cincinnati. Adjutant Throop—brevetted major in 1865—is practicing law on Third Street, with well-earned success. Lieutenant Cormany, who is also practicing law, declined a captain's commission which was tendered him in Hancock's corps, and afterward received the brevet of major. Captains Southgate and Choate, and Lieutenant Graham are likewise in Cincinnati.

Captain Thatcher is in the express business at Nashville, and Captain Sheridan, still on the stage—for some time past at Washington. Lieutenant Meline was commissioned captain

P. B. Umstead,
William C. Vallette,
James F. Vinton,
David S. Wallace,
Thomas C. Ware,
George B. Weidler,

William B. Wells,
Carleton White,
David Wilcox,
Aaron Wiley,
W. W. Winder.

ROSTER OF THE SIXTH OHIO (THREE-YEARS' TERM).

The rosters following are made up from the muster-out rolls on file in the Adjutant-General's Office, at Columbus. Occasional inaccuracies in dates and the spelling of names may, perhaps, be found, and, of course, must be in those cases where the muster-out roll is in error. Members of the regiment will confer a favor upon the writer by calling his attention to them, in order that the proper corrections may be made in subsequent editions, should any be called for.

The writer has been unable to procure a roster of the three-months' Sixth Ohio. (See foot-note on page 37.)

FIELD AND STAFF.

Mustered out with Regiment.

Colonel, N. L. Anderson.
Lieutenant-Colonel, Alex. C. Christopher.
Major, James Bouse.
Surgeon, Alfred H. Stephens.
First Assistant Surgeon, Imanuel Beidel.
Adjutant, Everett S. Throop.
Regimental Quartermaster, Josiah W. Shanker.

Sergeant-Major, Frank H. Mellen.
Quartermaster-Sergeant, Edwin A. Hannaford.
Commissary-Sergeant, Julius L. Stuart.
Hospital Steward, Charles E. Lewis.
Principal Musician, George W. Peme.
" " Charles H. Buehler.

Killed.

Major Samuel C. Erwin, Nov. 23, 1863.
Adjutant Albert G. Williams, Dec. 31, 1862.

Hodged.

Major Anthony O. Russell, Feb. 28, 1863.
Adjutant Charles H. Heron, Aug. 1, 1862.
Quartermaster Edward M. Shoemaker, Oct. 22, 1863.
Assistant Surgeon Fisher W. Ames, June 12, 1862.
Assistant Surgeon Wm. W. Fountain, Aug. 3, 1863.

Honorably Discharged.

Colonel Wm. K. Bosley, Aug. 19, 1862.
Principal Musician Jacob A. Flier, Nov. 21, 1862.
Principal Musician Benj. F. Phillips, Nov. 21, 1862.

Promoted (Commissioned in the Regiment).

Sergeant-Major W. P. Anderson, Aug. 3, '61.
" " Wm. E. Sheridan, Dec. 12, '62.
" " Henry Gee, March 29, 1862.
" " A. G. Williams, June 3, 1862.
" " James F. Irwin, Nov. 8, 1862.
" " Jas. F. Graham, Jan. 10, '63.

Quartermaster-Sergeant Chas. C. Peck, Dec. 12, 1861.
Quartermaster-Sergeant Wm. R. Goodnough, April 22, 1863.
Commissary-Sergeant Josiah W. Shanker, Jan. 12, 1863.

Transferred.

Quartermaster-Sergeant Robert W. Wiss, May 31, 1862.

COMPANY A.

Mustered out with Regiment.

Captain Frank S. Schieffer.
First Lieutenant James K. Reynolds.
Second " Wm. R. Goodnough.

First Sergeant Henry A. Petty.
Sergeant John W. Moore.

" Edwin Edwards.
" Robert G. Delaney.
" Brian P. Critchell.
Corporal John A. Cushing.
Private Wm. P. Babbitt.

" Theodore Cressager.
" Alex. Drennen.
" Chas. F. Dressel.
" John A. Forbes.
" Darius H. Gates.
" John W. Hussey.
" George C. James.
" Michael J. Kelley.
" Charles D. Martindale.
" Charles Messerschmidt.
" Isaac Newman.
" Christopher Roth.
" Clement Schwartz.
" Theodore W. Seib.
" Oliver H. P. Tracy.
" James Valentins.
" John A. West.
" Henry W. Wilson.

African undercook James Malone.

Recruits (Transferred June 7, 1864).

Private Henry Coon.
" Wm. De Charms.

Corporal Liberty H. Jenkes, to V. B. Corps,
Aug. 31, 1863.

Private George W. Lawrence, to V. B. Corps,
Aug. 31, 1863.

Discharged.

First Sergeant James H. Cochnower (for promotion to another command), Dec. 13, 1861.

Sergeant Geo. T. Marshall, Nov. 29, 1862.

James W. Morgan, Aug. 26, 1862.

Corporal Wm. Hawkins, Feb. 24, 1863.

Wallace Hume, Jan. 19, 1863.

James Johnson, Feb. 3, 1862.

Giles D. Richards, March 23, 1861.

Private Jas. Bender, May 1, 1863.

John Bernbaum, Dec. 29, 1862.

C. Columbus Jones (for promotion

in another command), Aug. —, 1862.

Chas. DeLeon, March 25, 1863.

Albert C. Drige, March 9, 1863.

Jacob Griss, Feb. 15, 1863.

Samuel Kollar, Aug. 25, 1861.

Fred. Lancaster, March 19, 1863.

Henry H. Lanjus, Nov. 13, 1862.

Chas. Mitchell, May 18, 1862.

John E. Ross, Sept. 29, 1861.

George W. Weiss, —, —.

Wm. W. Williams, April 14, 1863.

Thos. Wolcott, Oct. 9, 1862.

John F. Wolfick, July 31, 1862.

Dropped.

Corporal Thos. Daniels, May 7, 1862.

Private Edward Chaitin, April 1, 1862.

Jos. Lively, June 21, 1861.

James H. Mahon, —, —.

Adam Roberts, April 1, 1862.

COMPANY E.

Mustered out with Regiment.

Captain Wm. E. Sheridan.

First Lieut. James F. Graham.

First Sergeant Abram B. Lemmon.

Sergeant James Lawler.

Wm. Fisher.

Joseph Turley.

Wm. Leiky.

Corporal Pulaski W. Fuller.

Alex. Kieher.

Peter Malas.

Private George W. Adams.

Joseph Ade.

Israel Arnold.

John Benedict.

Miles Blake.

Anthony W. Bowen.

Christopher C. Bowen.

George W. Bowen.

Nelson A. Britt (prisoner of war—

died in rebel prison).

Henry A. Brown (at Chattanooga at

muster-out).

Maurice D. Brown (at Chattanooga

at muster-out).

Heuben D. Burgess.

James Carr.

Patrick Corcoran.

Andrew Dolman.

Eugene Discrens.

Chas. Eckhart.

Adam Emmert.

George W. Fisher.

John Fisher.

Adam Hess.

John Hoban.

John G. Jager.

John Kauffin.

John Kincaid.

Wilberforce Knott.

Richard Lambert.

Abiel Leaver.

John E. Long.

Joseph E. Longenbach.

James H. Lyons.

Andrew Mizer.

Private Robert Porter (absent).

John Paul Rubenstein (prisoner of

war at muster-out).

Oliver Saffin.

John B. Sampson.

Benj. F. Scull.

George T. Seeley.

John H. Simmons.

Samuel Shrader.

Wm. Shrader.

Joseph Sommer (at Chattanooga at

muster-out).

John C. Spindel.

Abram A. Trussdale.

Horatio Tucker.

Enoch West.

Robert Wise.

William Wise.

Recruits (Transferred June 7, 1861).

Private George Bonn.

Power H. Britt.

Archibald Mangum.

Fairfax W. Nelson.

Sherwin S. Perkins.

Henry B. Stites.

Officer Resigned.

First Lieut. John F. Hoy, July 21, 1861.

Killed, and Died of Wounds.

Corporal Benj. F. Terry, Sept. 24, 1863.

Private Chas. Davis, Dec. 31, 1862.

Robert Davis, Dec. 31, 1862.

Chas. DeKun-ycr, Dec. 31, 1862.

Agathon Otto, Jan. 22, 1863.

Simon Shattuck, Dec. 31, 1862.

Michael Schawbe, Dec. 31, 1862.

Robert E. Tuxworth, Sept. 19, 1863.

Died of Disease.

Private Edmund H. Hall (at Knoxville,
Tenn.), date not known.

Transferred.

Captain Samuel C. Erwin (promoted Major),
April 18, 1863.

First Lieut. James M. Donovan (promoted),
to Co. K, April 18, 1863.

First Lieut. Frank S. Schieffer (promoted),
April 7, 1864.

Second Lieut. Henry C. Choate (promoted), to
Co. G, Jan. 28, 1863.

Second Lieut. George W. Morris (promoted),
to Co. D, Feb. 14, 1862.

Sergeant James F. Graham, appointed Ser-
geant-Major July 8th, 1862.

Private John Hollister, to Co. H, June 19,
1861.

Private Peter Kreps, to V. B. Corps, Feb. 21,
1864.

Discharged.

First Sergeant Joseph L. Antram (for promo-
tion in Sixth Ohio), Aug. 19, 1862.

First Sergeant Leonard Boice (for promotion
in Sixth Ohio), Jan. 28, 1863.

First Sergeant Earl W. Stimson, July 31, 1862.

Corporal Robert Howdon (to enlist in navy),
March 4, 1863.

Corporal Chas. Williams, Feb. 16, 1863.

Private Chas. H. Baldwin, Jan. 14, 1864.

William Betts, —, 1862.

Oliver Chamberlain, Aug. 28, 1861.

John E. Craig (for promotion in an-
other command), Sept. 25, 1861.

Joseph L. Erdon, April 19, 1862.

Herman Frostrom, June 18, 1862.

Thomas Greenwood, June 15, 1863.

Matthew Grogan, Feb. 15, 1862.

John Harrison, Jan. 19, 1863.

Carl Korner, Feb. 8, 1862.

Samuel J. Lawrence, Aug. 28, 1861.

Samuel Pierson, Feb. 12, 1863.

Joseph Rebel, June 15, 1863.

Nicholas Rudolph, June 22, 1862.



Private Samuel Skelton, Feb. 17, 1863.
 " Matthew Smith, Feb. 18, 1863.
 " James L. Terry, April 19, 1862.
 " Ulrich Wahrenburger, ———, 1861.
 " Benj. V. Williams, Sept. 16, 1863.

Dropped, etc.

Corporal Geo. Hewison, Jan. 19, 1863.
 Private John Climer, March 17, 1862.
 " Jacob Manning, June 18, 1862.
 " Valentine Cummings, June 19, 1862.
 " Jasper Cochran, Feb. 26, 1862.
 " Chas. Ireland, July 18, 1862.
 " John Jamieson, June 19, 1862.
 " Henry Morrison, June 19, 1862.
 " Joseph O'Connor, June 19, 1862.
 " Hugh O'Donnell, Aug. 1, 1862.
 " John O'Neil, March 28, 1862.
 " John Quinn, June 25, 1862.
 " Albert S. Ritchie, June 9, 1862.
 " Henry Stanley, Dec. 25, 1861.
 " Daniel Wilgusa, Dec. 29, 1861.

COMPANY F.

Mustered out with Regiment.

Captain Justin M. Thatcher.
 First Lieut. Jesse C. La Billie.

First Sergeant Wm. H. Read.
 Sergeant Otto Brewer.

" Wm. E. Jackson.
 " John A. Siegel.
 " John E. Hewitt.
 Corporal John B. Miller.
 " Edward Lawrence.
 " August Nieman.
 " Wm. E. Wood.
 " Fred. Linenbrink.
 " Milton Limbach.
 " James Wood.
 " Thos. B. Manning.

Musician Joseph Lafober (prisoner of war at muster-out).

Wagoner John McClary.

Private John Battell.
 " Harry T. Blich.
 " Edward Brady.
 " Louis Dorschner.
 " David Deenoy.
 " Michael Enright.
 " James B. Erwin.
 " Henry Evers.
 " Frederick Finer.
 " George Hoffman.
 " Wm. Kessmeyer.
 " Bernard Klatt.
 " Peter Langly.
 " Ernst Lawrence.
 " John Lawrence.
 " Franklin Lefebvre.
 " Henry Leonard.
 " Besant Lines.
 " John Linceman.
 " Perry McAdams.
 " Milton McNally.
 " August Martin.
 " Jos. T. Nepper.
 " Seth G. Perkins.
 " Jonathan Reames.
 " Henry Robinson.
 " Joseph Ruff.
 " Anthony Schaffer.
 " Henry Smith.
 " Levi Sponner.
 " Gustav Stube.
 " Frederick Taphorn.
 " Stewart Terwilliger.
 " Clement Thiessing.
 " Daniel Toomeyer.
 " Peter West.
 " Wm. Witte.
 " Wm. Wolf.
 " James Yost.
 " Chas. Young.
 " Wm. Young (prisoner of war at muster-out).

African undercook Carter Hughes.
 " Wm. Pope.

Recruits (transferred June 7, 1864).

Private Joseph Annear.
 " Ford Armbruster.
 " Frank Butsch.
 " Joseph Furst.
 " John Ruff.
 " Jacob Weaver.

Officers Resigned and Honorably Discharged.

Captain Chas. H. Brutton, Jan. 14, 1863.
 First Lieut. James F. Irwin, Jan. 29, 1864.

Killed, and Died of Wounds.

Corporal Louis Evers, Dec. 31, 1862.
 Private Christ. Ark, Dec. 31, 1862.
 " Wm. Brocksmitth, April 7, 1862.
 " Thos. Brown, Dec. 31, 1862.
 " James H. Brown, Sept. 19, 1862.
 " Gottfried Heileman, Jan. 20, 1863.
 " Jos. Booth, Sept. 18, 1862.
 " John G. Root, Jan. 5, 1863.
 " Joseph Toomeyer, Nov. 25, 1863.
 " Henry Willis, Jan. 5, 1863.

Died of Disease.

Private Edwin S. Crawford, Dec. 3, 1862.
 " Andrew Guchol, Sept. 24, 1861.

Transferred.

First Lieut. Chas. H. Horon, appointed Adjutant, June —, 1861.
 Second Lieut. Frank S. Schieffer (promoted), to Co. E, Feb. 17, 1862.
 First Sergeant Wm. E. Sheridan, appointed Sergeant-Major, Dec. 17, 1861.
 First Sergeant Albert G. Williams, appointed Sergeant-Major, May 21, 1862.
 Private Chas. Holtendorf (to serve out time in det. Co.), June 8, 1862.
 Private Thos. Neald, May 17, 1863.

Corporal Frederick W. Hipp, to V. R. Corps, Nov. 5, 1862.

Private Toby Sayler, to V. R. Corps, Nov. 5, 1862.

Private Wm. Simpson, to V. R. Corps, Nov. 5, 1862.

Discharged.

Sergeant David J. Decamp (for promotion in another command), May 8, 1862.

Sergeant Daniel A. Griffin, ———.
 " Vere W. Rooser, Sept. 24, 1861.

Corporal John R. Francis-Sarger, June 4, 1862.
 " Edward P. Perkins, Jan. 14, 1862.

Private Jacob Critter, Aug. 18, 1862.
 " Caspar S. Gauthier, April 13, 1863.
 " George Hearth, Oct. 4, 1862.
 " Henry Nieman, June 17, 1862.
 " Thos. Noble, July 30, 1862.
 " Henry Peters, Nov. 13, 1861.
 " Chas. Roop, Oct. 14, 1862.
 " Geo. W. Vandegrift, Aug. 29, 1862.

Dropped, etc.

Private Michael Carrigan, June 20, 1862.
 " Wm. Gloob, Dec. 5, 1861.
 " Louis Koop, Aug. 31, 1862.
 " Michael Miller, Oct. 1, 1863.
 " Wm. Overlander, Oct. 1, 1862.
 " Wm. Overend, Oct. 1, 1862.
 " George W. Plummer, Oct. 1, 1862.
 " John K. Rooser, April 10, 1863.
 " Irena Rollins, April 10, 1863.
 " Larkin Smith (sick in hospital).

COMPANY G.

Mustered out with Regiment.

Captain Wm. S. Getty.
 First Lieut. George W. Cormany.

First Sergeant Abram J. Price.



Regimental Colors of the 6th O.V.I.

This blue silk flag served as the regimental colors of the 6th Ohio Volunteer Infantry. The flag was manufactured in the United States between 1861 and 1864. The United States arms is positioned in the flag's center. The arms consist of an embroidered, gold-colored bald eagle holding an olive branch in its right talon and a bundle of thirteen arrows in its left talon. The eagle holds in its beak a painted, gold-outlined scroll with the motto "E PLURIBUS UNUM" (Latin for "one out of many"). A shield with red and white stripes and a blue upper portion is positioned on the eagle's breast. A cloud with rays extending above it is painted above the arms. Four gold stars remain between the cloud and the arms. Due to deterioration some stars have been lost. Gold text to the left of the arms reads: "PRESENTED BY THE." Text to the right of the arms is no longer legible or intact due to deterioration. Portions of a gold banner remain below the arms. The flag has gold fringe on its top, right, and bottom sides.

Muster Sheets

~~790~~ 788

Schiffler, Frank S.
Co. F, 6 Ohio Infantry.
(3 Months, 1861.)

Corporal | *Corporal*

CARD NUMBERS.

1	<i>23575978</i>	26
2	<i>23576063</i>	27
3		28
4		29
5		30
6		31
7		32
8		33
9		34
10		35
11		36
12		37
13		38
14		39
15		40
16		41
17		42
18		43
19		44
20		45
21		46
22		47
23		48
24		49
25		50

Number of personal papers herein *0*

Book Mark: _____

See also *60 Inf*

S | **6** (3 Months, 1861.) | **Ohio.**

Frank S. Schieffler

3 Corp., Co. F, { 6 Reg't Ohio Foot Vols.
(3 Months, 1861).

Age 21 years.

Appears on

Company Muster-in Roll

of the organization named above. Roll dated

Camp Harrison, May 12, 1861 .

Muster-in to date May 12, 1861 .

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When April 20, 186 .*

Where Cinth O .*

Period 3 months.*

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks : _____

* Muster-in and muster-out rolls show enrollment of all men of this company as of same date. No other rolls on file.

Book mark : _____

Merrill

S | **6** (3 Months, 1861.) | **Ohio.**

Frank S. Schieffler

3 Corp., Co. F, { 6 Reg't Ohio Foot Vols.

Age 21 years.

Appears on **Co. Muster-out Roll**, dated

Cincinnati Ohio, Aug 21, 1861 .

Muster-out to date _____, 186 .

Last paid to Pay adv from enrollment, 186 .

Clothing account:

Last settled _____, 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Due soldier \$ 100; due U. S. \$ 100

Am't for cloth'g in kind or money adv'd \$ 13 ⁵⁹/₁₀₀

Due U. S. for arms, equipments, &c., \$ 100

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks : Re-enlisted

See 60 Inf

Book mark : _____

Merrill

Muster Sheets

1415

Schieffer, Frank S.

Co. F, A, 6 Ohio Infantry.

1st Sergeant Captain

CARD NUMBERS.

1	23566624	26	23566589
2	23566717	27	23566002
3	23566819	28	31297423
4	23566921	29	40119490
5	23567022	30	42715440
6	23567123	31	43105709
7	23567223	32	34611367
8	23567325	33	
9	23567429	34	
10	23567607	35	
11	23568387	36	
12	23568008	37	
13	23568549	38	
14	23568932	39	
15	23566006	40	
16	23566081	41	
17	23566155	42	
18	23566226	43	
19	23566298	44	
20	23566366	45	
21	23566436	46	
22	23568388	47	
23	23568007	48	
24	23568970	49	
25	23568292	50	

Number of personal papers herein 9

Book Mark: _____

See also 6th Inf (3 mos '61)

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schieffer
1 Sgt., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age 23 years.

Appears on

Company Muster-in Roll

of the organization named above. Roll dated

Camp Dennison Ohio June 19, 1861.

Muster-in to date June 19, 1861.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When June 19, 1861.*

Where Camp Dennison.*

Period 3 years.*

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks:

* Muster-in roll shows enrollment and muster-in of this company as of same date. See enrollment on subsequent card or cards.

Book mark:

(356b)

Lopez

Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schieffer
2 Lieut., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Apr. 20 to Aug 31 1861.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When Apr. 20, 1861.*

Where Cincinnati Ohio.*

Period 3 mos years.*

Present or absent Not Stated

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks: Reenlisted

for 3 years at Camp
Dennison, and pro-
moted to 2d Lieuten-
ant. Was Corp. on
the 3 months roll.

From Second Auditor's Roll.

See 60 Inf (3 mos)

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark:

(358c)

Lopez

Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer

2 Lt., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Sept + Oct 1861.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When June 18, 1861 .*

Where Camp Dennison .*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent (Not Stated)

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't \$ 100 for

Remarks :

From Second Auditor's Roll.

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark :

(358r) Lopez Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer

2 Lieut., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for dated Dec 31, 1861.

Present or absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Prisoner in the hands of the enemy.

Book mark :

(858) Lopez Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
2 Lt., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Jan + Feb, 1862

Present or absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Prisoner in hands of the enemy. Taken at Stuarts run Sept. 11, 1861.

Book mark:

Lopez Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
2 Lieut., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for March + April, 1862

Present or absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Prisoner in hands of the enemy taken at Stuarts Run Va. Sept. 11/61.

Book mark:

Lopez Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schieffer
2^d Lieut, Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Apr 30 to Aug 31, 1862.

Present or absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Prisoner in hands of the enemy
Taken at Stuart Run Va Sept 11/62

Book mark:

Jarris
Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio

Frank S Schieffer
2^d Lieut Co F 6 Regt O.V.

Appears on

Muster Roll

of Company B, 1 Regiment Paroled Forces,*

for Sept - Oct, 1862

Station Camp Lew Wallace

Clothing account:

Last settled, 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Present or absent present

Remarks: assigned to Com
pany Sept 23, 62

*This organization was formed from paroled prisoners of war for duty compatible with their parole by G. O. No. 72, A. G. O., of June 28, 1862, and the members were returned to their commands, from time to time, by G. O. No. 10, A. G. O., of January 10, 1863, and subsequent orders from the A. G. O., declaring the exchange of paroled prisoners and directing their return to their commands.—R. and P. 389,713.

Book mark:

Hadfield
Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
2^d Lieut., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Sept + Oct, 1862.

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Prisoner in hands of the enemy, taken at Stewart River Va Sept 11/61.

Book mark:

Jarvis
Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
2^d Lieut., Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Nov + Dec, 1862.

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Wounded at battle Stone River Tenn Dec 31/62
Promoted to 1st Lieut to date July 19/62

Book mark:

Jarvis
Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
1st Lieut, Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Jan'y & Feb'y, 1863.

Present or absent.....

Stoppage, \$.....100 for

Due Gov't, \$.....100 for

Remarks: Promoted to 1st Lieut and transferred to Comp'y "E" July 19/63

Book mark:

Jarris

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank Scheiffer
Lieut, Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Jan'y & Feb'y, 1863.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When June 18, 1861.*

Where Camp Dennison.*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$.....100 for

Due Gov't, \$.....100 for

Remarks: Assigned from Co. D and Wounded at Stone River December 31 1862.

Leave of absence granted from Dept Md Ars January 14 1863 for 20 days

Book mark:

Hittin

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Scheiffer
Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Feb 10, 1863.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When June 15, 1861.*

Where Camp Dennison*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Wounded at the battle of
Ston River Dec 31/1862. Absent
without leave since April 5, 1863

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark:

Hilton

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Scheiffer
Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on **Special Muster Roll**

for Apr 10, 1863.

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Absent without leave since
April 6, 1863

Book mark:

Hilton

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schiffer
Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for May & June, 1863.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When _____, 186 .*

Where _____*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for _____

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for _____

Remarks: Wounded Dec 31. 62 Stone

River. Absent without leave

from May 3 1863

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark: _____

Hitten

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schiffer
Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age 24 years.

Appears on an

Individual Muster-out Roll

of the organization named above. Roll dated

Manchester Tenn. July 26, 1863.

Muster-out to date Oct 18, 1863.

Last paid to Dec 31, 1862.

Clothing account:

Last settled _____, 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Due soldier \$ 100; due U. S. \$ 100

Am't for cloth'g in kind or money adv'd \$ 100

Due U. S. for arms, equipments, &c., \$ 100

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: Accepted appointments 1st

Lieut Co. E, Vie J M Denoran

Promoted to Capt Co R

Book mark: _____

Hitten

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer

1st Lt., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age 24 years.

Appears on an

Individual Muster-in Roll

of the organization named above. Roll dated

Manchester, Tenn July 26, 1863.

Muster-in to date Feb 19, 1863.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When Feb 19, 1863.

Where Manchester, Tenn

Period 3 years.

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: M.D. as 2nd Lt. Co. F 6 Ohio Foot Vols. to date from Feb 18/63 he accept apptuit as 1st Lt. Co E. vice J. M. Donovan promoted to Capt. Co. K.

Book mark: 6181 - vs - 84 (over)

Roz

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer

1st Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for July & Aug, 1863.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When July 18, 1863.*

Where Manchester, Tenn *

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: absent Sick at Manchester Tenn from Aug 17/63.

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark:

A. J. Jansen

DECLD

23558008

1892.

This muster is accepted to date Dec. 16/62 vice J. M. Donovan, fronted.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schaeffer

1st Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on Company Muster Roll for Sept + Oct, 1863.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When Feb 17, 1863.*

Where Murfreesboro Tenn.*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Absent Sick from wounds recd at Stone River Tenn Dec 31/62, since Aug 17/63 at Manchester, Tenn.

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark:

A J Anderson (358c) Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
1 Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Nov + Dec, 1863.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When Feb 17, 1863.*

Where Manchester Tenn.*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent Absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Absent Sick from wounds
recd at Stone River Tenn Dec 31/62
at Manchester Tenn since Aug
17/63.

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark:

(358c)

A. J. Anderson Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
1 Lieut., Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Jan + Feb, 1864.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When Feb 17, 1863.*

Where Manchester Tenn.*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Absent Sick from
wounds recd Dec 31/62 Stone
River Tenn Left Sick at
Manchester Tenn Aug 17/63.

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book mark:

(358c)

A. J. Anderson Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio

Frank S Schiesser
1. Lieut, Co. E, 6 Reg't O Inf

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for March & April, 1864.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When Feb 17, 1863*

Where Murfreesboro Tenn*

Period 3 years.*

Present or absent

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks: Promoted to Captain by
Gov of Ohio to date from Apr 7/64
assigned by Sp Cr. to 27th Dr
6 Regt Ohio Vol Inf A L
Amussen Comdg Apr 19/64 +

+ Roll mutilated

* See enrollment on card from muster-in roll.

Book-mark:

(858c)

A J Amussen
Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio

Frank S Schiesser
Lieut, Co. E, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age 25 years.

Appears on an

Individual Muster-out Roll

of the organization named above. Roll dated

McDonald Station Tenn Apr 29, 1864.

Muster-out to date Apr 6, 1864.

Last paid to March 3, 1864.

Clothing account:

Last settled, 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Due soldier \$ 100; due U. S. \$ 100

Am't for cloth'g in kind or money adv'd \$ 100

Due U. S. for arms, equipments, &c., \$ 100

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: Muster out to date from Apr 6, 1864
to accept appointment as Captain Co,
A. Vice Charles Gitman honorable
discharged on account of disability

Book mark:

(348)

Hutton
Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schieffer
Capt, Co. W, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age 25 years.

Appears on an

Individual Muster-in Roll

of the organization named above. Roll dated
McDonald Station Tenn, Apr 29, 1864.

Muster-in to date Apr. 7, 1864.

Joined for duty and enrolled:

When Apr 7, 1864.

Where Camp in the Field

Period 3 years.

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: MO to date from Apr
6/64 to accept appointment as
Capt, Co A, vice Charles
Selman, honorably discharged,
on acct of Disability, M.I.
to date from Apr 7/64

Book mark:

Roe

S | 6 | Ohio.

Frank S Schieffer
Capt., Co. A, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Appears on

Company Muster Roll

for Mc. & Apr, 1864.

Present or absent present

Stoppage, \$ 100 for

Due Gov't, \$ 100 for

Remarks:

Book mark:

Russius

Frank S Schaeffer
2^d Lieut., Co. F., 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age years.

Appears on Co. Muster-out Roll, dated
Camp Dennison O., June 23, 1864.

Muster-out to date 186 .

Last paid to 186 .

Clothing account :

Last settled 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Due soldier \$ 100; due U. S. \$ 100

Am't for cloth'g in kind or money adv'd \$ 100

Due U. S. for arms, equipments, &c., \$ 100

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: Promoted to 1st Lieut
* Assigned to Co E July 19/62
wounded at Battle of Stone
River Dec 31/62
Transferred

Book mark:

C. C. Parker

Frank S. Schieffer
1st Lieut., Co. E., 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age 25 years.

Appears on Co. Muster-out Roll, dated
Camp Dennison O., June 23, 1864.

Muster-out to date 186 .

Last paid to Apr. 30, 1864.

Clothing account :

Last settled 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Due soldier \$ 100; due U. S. \$ 100

Am't for cloth'g in kind or money adv'd \$ 100

Due U. S. for arms, equipments, &c., \$ 100

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: 2^d Lieut. Co F from En-
rollment Feb 17/63 then 1st Lieut
Co "E" to Apr 7/64 then a private
Capt and transfer to Co "G"

Book mark:

A. J. Cameron

6

Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer
Capt., Co. A, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.

Age 25 years.

Appears on Co. Muster-out Roll, dated

Camp Dennison O., June 20, 1864.

Muster-out to date June 23, 1864.

Last paid to May 31, 1864.

Clothing account:

Last settled 186 ; drawn since \$ 100

Due soldier \$ 100; due U. S. \$ 100

Am't for cloth'g in kind or money adv'd \$ 100

Due U. S. for arms, equipments, &c., \$ 100

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Remarks: Assigned to command of company May 1, 1864, order Col. Anderson. Wounded at Stone River.

Book mark:

Bussine

V. R. C.

Frank S. Schieffer
Deut., Co. C, 6 Reg't Ohio Inftry.

Appears on a Roll of Officers and Enlisted Men

belonging to the 6th Reg't of Ohio Foot Volunteers, United States Army,

that are unfit for active field service, on account of wounds or disease contracted in line of duty, but that are fit for duty in the Invalid Corps. Roll dated

Camp Manchester Tenn. Aug 3, 1863.

Age 24 yrs; eyes dark; hair black

Complexion fair; height 5 ft. 6 3/4 in.

Where born Rabnitz Hungary

Occupation Printer

When enlisted June 18, 1861.

Where enlisted Camp Dennison Ohio

For what period enlisted 2 years.

When mustered in Feb 19, 1863.

Where mustered in Manchester Tenn.

To what time last paid Dec 31/62

Bounty paid \$ 100; due \$ 100

Clothing account: Due U. S. \$ 100; due soldier \$ 100

Length of time in hospital 7 months

Nature of disability Gunshot wound in calf of left leg, received <over>

How long disabled 7 months

Character in hospital

Remarks Deut. Schieffer is an intelligent, industrious <over>

Book mark:

Number of roll: 7099 Austin

S

6

Ohio.

Frank S. Schieffer

2^d Lt Co F
1st Lt, Co. G, 6 Reg't Ohio Infantry.
Capt " a

Appears on Returns as follows:

July 1861 (2^d Lt Co F) Present,
Dec 1861 Jan 1862, absent prisoner
of war in Richmond Va. Capt
killed while on duty near Camp
Elkwater Va, Sept 11 '61

Feb 6th Nov 1862, absent taken
prisoner by the enemy at
Stewart's Run, Va, Sept 11 '61.

Dec 1862, absent wounded in
action Dec 31 '62, sent to
Hosp^l no 14, Nashville,

Jan 1863, absent with leave
S.O. no 14 dated Jan 14 '63
Sept 1863, wounded in
action Dec 31 '62.

Feb 1863, (1st Lt Co G) Promoted from
2^d Lt Co F to 1st Lt to date from
July 19 '62, assigned Feb 19 '63
Wounded, absent with leave
20 days from Jan 14 '63,
Leave expired Feb 3 '63,
(over)

Book mark:

H. Shannon

(546)

Copyist.

FEB - 8.

31297423

1894.

at the Battle of Stone River
Tenn. Dec 31 '62. In action
with Regt.

Remarks: and sober young
man, writes an excellent
hand, is attentive to duty
and is perfectly cool in time
of danger

OCT. 23.

40119490

1897.

March Apr 1863, absent sick wounded in action Dec 31 & 2 absent without leave since Apr 6 '63.

May 1863, absent sick since Jan 14 '63 with leave,

June 1863, absent sick since Jan 14 '63, absent without leave since June 3 '63,

July 1863, Present sick, Returned to Co July 21 '63,

Aug 1863 to March 1864, absent left sick at Manchester Tenn Aug 16 '63, Ordered to report to Capt J. H. Wilson at Holles Board of enrollment Invalid Corps at Nashville Tenn, Aug 28 '63

Apr 1864, (Capt Co. A) Present a report left from 1st Co. E. 4th Regt. to Co. A to date June Apr 7, '64 & since for duty Apr 25 '64,

May 1864, absent sick at Chattanooga Tenn since May 17 '64

June 1864, Present, Rejoined Regt for duty June 7, '64,

S | 6 | Ohio

F. S. Shieffer
1 Lieut Co. F. 6 Regt. U. V. I.

Appears on

Returns

of West End U. S. A. Gen. Hosp.
Cincinnati, Ohio.

Jan to Mch. 1864. Comd'g.
19 Co. 2 Batt. Invalid Corps.
Apr. 1864. Relieved by Lieut
Fredrick Beers V. R. Corps

Book mark:

(660)

C. E. M. Laughlin
Copyist.

S | 6 | Ohio

Francis Schripper
Regt. 6th Regt. Ohio Vols

Return

of Convalescent Camp and Barracks, Nashville,
Tennessee,

for the month of August, 1863,
dated August 31, 1863,
shows the following with regard to the person
named above :

Post or station

Remarks :

Palmers Division
Assigned Aug 20. Relieved
Aug 29, 1863

Book mark :

(600)

J. Morris

Copyist.

Schiffers Frank S.
St. G., Co. 6 Reg't Ohio Inf.

9

Enclosures.

Bed Cards	Final Statements
Burial Records	Furloughs or L. of A
Certs. of Dis. for Discharge	Med. Certificates 2
C. M. Charges	Med. Des. Lists
Descriptive Lists	Orders
Discharge Certificates	Pris. of War Record 2
Enlistment Papers	Resignations

Other papers relating to—

Admission to Hosp'l	Furlough or L. of A 1
Casualty Sheet 2	Med. Examination
Confinement	Misc. Information 2
Contracts	Pay or Clothing
Death or Effects	Personal Reports
Desertion	Rank
Discharge from Hosp'l	Transfer to Hosp'l
Discharge from Service	Transfer to V. R. C.
Duty	Transportation

MEMORANDUM FROM PRISONER OF WAR RECORDS.

No. 430

(This blank to be used only in the arrangement of said records.)

NAME.	RANK.	ORGANIZATION.			INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM—				
		No. of Reg't.	State.	Arm of Service.	Co.	Records of—	Vol.	Page.	
Schaffer J. L.	1 Lt					M.R.	36	190 376	1
Schieffer F. I.	2 Lt	6	Ohio		Blank	Exp	2	311	
Schieffer F. I.	2 Lt	6	Ohio		7	Mis Camp Rec	5	End 34 pl	3

Captured at Elkwater Va Sept 10, 1861, confined at Richmond, Va., Sept 19, 1861.
 Sent to Tuscaloosa Ala 25 - Rtd to Camp Richmond Va Dec 3-61. Sent home
 Admitted to Hospital March 1-62 by Gen Winder - Par by Surgeon
 where he died _____, 186 , of _____
 Paroled at Arkansas Ldg Aug 17, 1862; reported at Camp Parole, Md., _____, 186 .
 Reported at Cincinnati Ohio date not given Sent to Camp Chase O Sept 16-62
 Copied by _____

MEMORANDUM FROM PRISONER OF WAR RECORDS.

No. _____

(This blank to be used only in the arrangement of said records.)

NAME.	RANK.	ORGANIZATION.			INFORMATION OBTAINED FROM—				
		No. of Reg't.	State.	Arm of Service.	Co.	Records of—	Vol.	Page.	
Schieffer F. I.	2 Lt	6	Ohio			Mis. Roll	957		

Captured at _____, 186 , confined at Richmond, Va., _____, 186 .
 In confinement at Salisbury, N.C., May 4/62
 Admitted to Hospital at _____
 where he died _____, 186 , of _____
 Paroled at _____, 186 ; reported at Camp Parole, Md., _____, 186 .
 Copied by _____

(Record continued.)

Furloughed _____, 186 , for _____ days; returned _____, 186 ;

deserted _____, 186 ;

Copied by _____

Adjutant General's Office,

_____, 18

This is accepted as referring to _____

Co. _____, _____ Reg't,

and records will be corrected accordingly.

Assistant Adjutant Gen'l

(Record continued.)

Present at Camp Gen Wallace Oct 21-62 M R 160
Furloughed _____, 186 , for _____ days; returned _____, 186 ;

deserted _____, 186 ;

No later record

Called by as F. S. Schieffer 2 Lt Co F 6 Ohio Vol

No other name known to which this report could refer
Name J. C. Schieffer met to come on rolls of Co F 6 Ohio Vol

A.G.O. case to Mt. Branch (Mr. Miller) Mar 31, 85

Copied by _____

Adjutant General's Office,

_____, 18

This is accepted as referring to _____

Co. _____, _____ Reg't,

and records will be corrected accordingly.

Assistant Adjutant Gen'l

Cincinnati Sept 1st 1862

Lt Col Burbank

Sir

Having been released by the
Rebels on 14 July and granted
a leave of absence by the Sec^y
of War for 10 days which expires
to morrow 2nd Sept & understanding
it is impossible to join my
regiment I would ask to be placed
temporarily on duty in this City

Very Respt

Your obedt Servant

Lt Frank J. Schiffer
5th Ohio Regt.

CASUALTY SHEET.

Name, *J. Shafer*,
Rank, *Lieut*, Company *F.*, Regiment, *6th*
Arm, *Inf.*, State, *Ohio*.
Place of casualty, *Murfreesboro. or Stone River,*
Tenn.
Nature of casualty, *Wounded - flesh, severely.*
Date of casualty, *from Dec. 30. 1862 to Jan. 3. 1863.*

FROM WHAT SOURCE THIS INFORMATION WAS OBTAINED

Report of ~~Killed~~, Wounded, and ~~Missing~~ of the _____ Regiment,
Brigade, *2nd* Division, *14th* Corps, dated *Jan. 6. 1863.*
Report of Gen. Rosecrans. Page 404.

**Regt. Return of Cas. for year 1862, signed Lt. L.*
Anderson, Col., Comdg., shows: Frank S.
Scheiffer, 2^d Lieut., Co. F, 6th Ohio Vols.,
wounded in battle Stone River, Dec. 31, 1862.

2. 20. '79. J. D. R.
B. Richetts

Clerk.

CASUALTY SHEET

OF WOUNDED.

Or Frank S. Scheiffer.

J. Shafer. *

2d Lieut Company *F.*

6th Regiment of *Ohio Inf.*

Volunteers at the battle of *Murfreesboro.*

or *Stone River, Tenn.*

From *Dec. 30, 1862* to *Jan. 3, 1863.*

See Guide.

Company G.

CASUALTY SHEET.

*

Name, J. Schaefer
Rank, Serjeant, Company F., Regiment, 6th
Arm, Inftry, State, Ohio
Place of casualty, Battle before Murfreesboro
Nature of casualty, Wounded - Flesh. Severe
Date of casualty, Not Stated.

FROM WHAT SOURCE THIS INFORMATION WAS OBTAINED.

Report of Killed, Wounded, and Missing of the 6th Ohio Inftry Regiment,
Brigade 2^d ^{2^d Art. Bng} Division, 14th Corps, dated in the battle
before Murfreesboro as far as reported by the
Regt. Surgeon up to this date, Jan'y. 6. /60.
detached from report signed by J. S. Buttenden
Maj. Genl. Comdg. Dept. M. S. Ind. Co. pg. 92
* Army Reg shows name of Frank S. Schiffer Capt. Apr. 7/64. 57.1-20-80.

Smith Thompson
Clerk.
1-21-80.

Nashville Tenn
Jan 14/63

Major W. H. Sidell

A. A. G.

I herewith beg the honor
to apply for leave of absence of twenty
days, in consequence of a wound received
at Pinebluff, Mo., which is explained by
the accompanying Surgeons Certificate. I
have not been paroled.

Respectfully,
Frank S. Scheffer
2nd Regt Co F 1st Div U. S.

S 38

'63.

Nashville June 14th 1863

Frank B. Schaffer
2^d St 6th Ohio, Vol. Infy

Application for leave of
absence Surgeons Certificate

(one enclosure)

Headquarters Post
Nashville, Jan. 14, 1863

Respectfully referred to Dept. Hdqrs
Postmaster

Brig. Genl. Comdg Post

2/10
want 20 days
I 30.

Recd Hdqrs S.C. June 14
1863

S 200 14 pa IV

MEDICAL CERTIFICATE.

Lieut. Frank S Schieffer

of the Sixth

Regiment of Ohio Volunteer Infantry

having applied for a Certificate on which to ground an application for leave of absence,

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY, that I have carefully examined this officer, and find that he is suffering from a gunshot wound of the left leg. Said wound was received while he was engaged in the late battle near Murfreesboro, on 31st Dec last. and that in consequence thereof, he is, in my opinion, unfit for duty. I further declare my belief that he

will not be able to resume his duties in a less period than twenty days

The said Lieut Schieffer has not been paroled

Dated at Nashville
this 13th day of Jan 1863

W. Stephens Surgeon
6th Reg O.V.I.

Sir This is to certify that
Lt Frank S. Schieffer of
the 5th O.G. I. has been under
my treatment and that I have
carefully examined this officer
and find he has a gunshot
wound of left leg received at
Battle of Stones River Tenn,
and that in consequence
thereof he is in my opinion
unable to perform Military
duty I further declare my
belief that he will not be
able to perform Military duty
in a less period than twenty
days

Dated
Cincinnati Ohio May 13th 1862
A. E. Highway
A. A. Surgeon
W. S. A.

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

I, Frank S. Schaffer.....do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or institution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter, so help me God.

Subscribed and Sworn at Manchester N.H.

On this 21st day of July 1863

Before me. David Thomas

Frank S. Schaffer
Capt Co E 6th Inf 20th Reg

John 24th Ohio Vols
Assistant Commissary of Musts.
3rd Div 2nd AC

AZSWM

Head-Quarters Board of Enrollment,

INVALID CORPS.

Nashville, August 28 - 1863.

Capt. J. Bates Lickson

A. A. G.

Sir: - You will please detail 1st Lt. Frank S. Shaeffer, 6th Ohio Vol. Inf., to report for duty to me.

This being agreeable to verbal instructions received from the General Commanding - said officer, is at the Convalescent Camp, Nashville.

Respectfully

Peter J. ...

Capt and Apt to P. M. G.

P. 137.

(D.C.)

1863.

Nashville, Aug. 28th /63.

J. I. Peterson.

Capt. & Ad. Asst. to P.M.G.

Requests that 1st Lieut Frank
S. Shaeffer 6th Ohio vols.
be ordered to report to him
for duty.

Recd
Adj. Gen. Dept. Cumberland
Nashville, Aug. 28th /63.

Par. III. So. 229 Aug. 28th /63

OATH OF ALLEGIANCE.

I, *Frank E. Schiffer* do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I have never voluntarily borne arms against the United States since I have been a citizen thereof; that I have voluntarily given no aid, countenance, counsel, or encouragement to persons engaged in armed hostility thereto; that I have neither sought nor accepted nor attempted to exercise the functions of any office whatever under any authority or pretended authority in hostility to the United States; that I have not yielded a voluntary support to any pretended government, authority, power, or constitution within the United States, hostile or inimical thereto. And I do further swear (or affirm) that, to the best of my knowledge and ability, I will support and defend the Constitution of the United States against all enemies, foreign and domestic; that I will bear true faith and allegiance to the same; that I take this obligation freely, without any mental reservation or purpose of evasion; and that I will well and faithfully discharge the duties of the office on which I am about to enter, so help me God.

Subscribed and Sworn at *Donalds Station Tenn*
On this *29th* day of *April* 186*4* *Frank E. Schiffer*
Before me. *Capt Col. 6th W.I.*

Wm. E. McKean
Leut. USA &
Assistant Commissary of Mustrs.
3rd Bri 4th Reg.

AZS W O

Pension

From SAMUEL V. NILES,
"Military and Naval Agency,"
WASHINGTON CITY.

APPLICATION FOR INVALID PENSION.

State of *Kentucky* }
County of *Campbell* } *Set.*

On this *7* day of *July* A. D. one thousand eight hundred and sixty *Six*
personally appeared before me, the *Clark County Court* within and for the
County and State aforesaid, *Frank S. Schieffer* aged *26* years, a resident
of *Newport* in the County of *Campbell* in the
State of *Kentucky* who being duly sworn according to law, declares that he is the
identical *Frank S. Schieffer* who enlisted in the service of the United
States as a *Private* in (*a*) Company commanded by _____
in (*6th*) Regiment of *Ohio Vol Infantry*
and was afterwards promoted to the rank of *capt of Company (A)*
in the war of 1861, and was honorably discharged on the *23* day of *June*
1864 at *Camp Dennison Ohio*; that while in the service
aforesaid, and in the line of his duty, as *Sinisterant* he was severely
wounded at the battle of Stone River on the *31* day
of *Dec 1862*, by a musket ball passing through
the left leg below the knee, by means of which
wound he was compelled to enter Hospital No 14
Nashville Tennessee, on or about the *1st* day *July 1863*,
and afterwards removed to *3^d* Street Hospital
Cincinnati Ohio, Dr *Highway* Surgeon in command,
at which place he reported for *seven months*
that he is still incapacitated for making a living by
any action out door exercise.

And SAMUEL V. NILES, of Washington City, D. C., is authorized to prosecute his claim and receive his Pension
Certificate; and that his Post-Office address is *Newport Kentucky*

Witness:

John Symour

Geo R Smith

(Signatures of Witnesses.)

F. S. Schieffer

(Signature of Claimant.)

PROOF OF IDENTITY.

State of Kentucky
County of Campbell
Personally appeared John Seymour and John R. Smith
residents of the Newport Campbell Kentucky persons whom I certify to
be respectable and entitled to credit, and who, being by me duly sworn, say that they were present and saw
Frank S. Schaffer sign his name to the foregoing declaration; and they
further swear that they have every reason to believe, from the appearance of the applicant and their acquaint-
ance with him, that he is the identical person he represents himself to be; and that they do reside in the
Newport Kentucky aforesaid; and have no interest in the prosecution of this claim. They further
state that they have known the applicant 5 years; that his occupation is that of a
Saloon Keeper, and his habits are good.

(Signatures of Witnesses.)
John Seymour
John R. Smith

State of Kentucky
County of Campbell
On this 7th day of July 1866, personally appeared before me, the
undersigned, Clerk of the Court of County Court for the County and State aforesaid,
Frank S. Schaffer, the applicant for an Invalid Pension, and
John Seymour and John R. Smith
the witnesses thereto, who, being duly sworn, acknowledged and signed the same before me the day and year
first above written; and I further certify that I have no interest, direct or indirect, in the prosecution of this
claim.



In Testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand, and affixed the seal of
the Court of County Court for the County and State
aforesaid, the day and year above written.

Jno. J. Thomas Clerk.

Invalid Pension

of
Capt. Frank Schaffer

Capt.
6th
Co.
A. Ohio vol.
Reg't of



FILED BY
SAMUEL V. NILES,
WASHINGTON CITY,
August 31 1866

Adjutant General's Office,

Washington D. C.,

Dec 20, 1866.

Sir:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt from your Office of application for Pension No. 114,910, and to return it herewith, with such information as is furnished by the files of this Office.

It appears from the Rolls on file in this Office, that Frank S. Schiffer was enrolled on the 7th day of April, 1864, at Camp in the Field in Co. A, 6th Regiment of Ohio Volunteers, to serve 3 years, or during the war, and mustered into service as a Capt on the 7th day of April 1864, at McDonald Station, Ind. Co. A, 6th Regiment of Ohio Volunteers, to serve 3 years, or during the war. On the Muster Roll of Co. F of that Regiment, for the months of November & December 1862, he is reported 2nd Lieut. Wounded at the battle of Stone River Dec 31/62. Nature of wounds not stated. Muster roll of Co. A dated June 23rd 1864 reports him Capt. Mustered out.

I am, Sir, very respectfully,

Your obedient servant,

Chas. Beck

The Commissioner of Pensions
Washington D. C.

Assistant Adjutant General.

Memoranda

Name of applicant Frank S. Schiffer

Address Washington D. C.

W. J. H. 13

Adjutant General's Office,

Washington, D. C.,

March 5th, 1867.

Sir:

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt from your Office of application for Pension No. 114,910, and to return it herewith, with such information as is furnished by the files of this Office.

It appears from the Rolls on file in this Office, that Frank S. Schieffer was enrolled on the 19 day of June, 1861, at C. Dennis, Ohio in Co. F, 6 Regiment of Ohio Volunteers, to serve 3 years, or during the war, and mustered into service as a 1st Sgt. on the 19 day of June 1861, at C. Dennis, Ohio, in Co. F, 6 Regiment of Ohio Volunteers, to serve 3 years, or during the war. On the Muster Roll of Co. F of that Regiment, for the months of November and December, 1862, he is reported 2^d Lieut. Wounded at battle of Stone River, December 31/62. Nature of wound not stated.

I am, Sir, very respectfully

Your obedient servant

Wm. D. Beck

The Commissioner of Pensions
Washington, D. C.

Assistant Adjutant General.

Memoranda

Name of applicant

Address

S. E. D. 114,910

Examining Surgeon's Certificate.

Cincinnati April 5, 1866.

I hereby certify, That I have carefully examined Frank S. Shieffer, late a Captain in Company "A" 6th Regt Ohio Infy Vols -

Applicant's service.

in the service of the United States, who was discharged at Camp Dennison, on the 23^d day of June, 1864, and is an applicant for an invalid pension, by reason of alleged disability resulting from G.S. Wound and Diarrhea.

Degree of disability.

In my opinion the said Frank S. Shieffer is one third incapacitated for obtaining his subsistence by manual labor from the cause above stated.

Origin.

Judging from his present condition, and from the evidence before me, it is my belief that the said disability occurred in the service aforesaid in the line of duty.

Probable duration.

The disability is Temporary

A more particular description of the applicant's condition is subjoined:

Particular description.

Flesh wound of upper part of calf of left leg; leaving large cicatrix and muscular adhesions of the part. There is some degree of weakness and lameness of the leg = There is also some degree of Emaciation and debility resulting as I believe from chronic Diarrhea which is now in a greatly improved condition

Wm. Owens
Examining Surgeon.

May be examined in six months.

Not ordered

Residence Cincinnati O.

WAR OF 1861.
ACT JULY 14, 1862.

369
28
Louisville
Brief in case of *Frank S. Schaeffer 2^d Lieut.*
of Company *F*, *C* Regiment *Ohio Vol*

POST OFFICE ADDRESS OF APPLICANT:

Newport Campbell Co. Ky.
Enlisted *April 7*, 1864, Discharged *June 23*, 1864.

CLAIM FOR AN INVALID PENSION.

DECLARATION AND IDENTIFICATION IN DUE FORM.

PROOF EXHIBITED.

Supt. General
reports him 2^d Lieut. Wounded at
the battle of Stone River December 31/62

Maj. of Regt. says claimant was
wounded in the left leg in battle
of Stone River

Dr. Owens examined him April
3, 1866 finding one third disability
from ~~amputation~~ ~~wound~~ in left leg.
Large cicatrix and muscular ad-
hesion of the part.

Admitted *March 7*, 1867, to a Pension of \$ *5.00* per month, commencing

Sept. 1, 1866

Disability

one third

Disabled by

Wound in left leg.

E. S. Manning
Examining Clerk

Wm. J. Miles
Wash. D. C.
Name and Residence of Agent.

Navy Inv. C 47,986

3-337.
(Old No. 3-464aa.)

S. W. Quinn, *AS*, Ex'r.

Department of the Interior,

BUREAU OF PENSIONS,

Washington, D. C. July 29 1902

Respectfully referred to the Chief of the Record and Pension Office, War Department, requesting a full ~~history~~ and medical history of the soldier.

He alleges service from April 20/61 to June 17/61, in Co. F - 6 Ohio U.S. Please report as to this.

(Enc)

No other report on file.

Ref. No. 78369

Name Frank S. Schieffer
Co. F, 6 Regt. O. Vol. Inf.

B. J. Warren

0-4

"Address." Chief of the Record and Pension Office, War Department, Washington, D. C.

Record and Pension Office,

WAR DEPARTMENT,

Washington.

JUL 31 1902

Respectfully returned to the

O. W. Quinn

Commissioner of Pensions,

with the information that in the case of

Frank S. Schieffer
Co. F, 6 Ohio Inf.
Military record shows
he was enrolled Apr 20-61
in Co. F, 6 Ohio Inf. (Barnes)
discharged June 17, 61,
in Co. F, 6 Ohio Inf. (Barnes).

The medical records show him treated as follows

Wounded, leg, not severe
also "shard" wounded, "Sever
Fract" at the battle of Stone
River Tenn., Dec 30/62
to Jan'y 3/63; treated Jan'y
4 and 5/63; Wounded in leg
leg; Jan'y 5 to 20 1863
(Diagnosis not stated) fr-
acture Jan'y 20 1863.
No additional record of
disability found.



BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF WAR:

J. H. ...

Chief, Record and Pension Office

Per
(323a-928m)

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE
No. 3154294
WAR DEPARTMENT
1912

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
Bureau of Pensions
Washington

Dec. 4 1912

JBH

Respectfully referred to the Adjutant General, War Department,
requesting a report showing age and ~~personal description~~ at date
of enlistment of the soldier named below; *also full military history.*

Inv. Ctr. 78.369

Name Frank S. Schieffer

Service Co. F-6 Ohio Inf.

(Inclosures)

J. B. Macpherson

Commissioner.

ARMY AND NAVY DIV.

AZSW

VOLUNTEER SERVICE.

(Civil War or War with Spain.)

WAR DEPARTMENT,

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL'S OFFICE,

DEC. 7, 1919.

Respectfully returned to the

Commissioner of Pensions.

Frank D. Schieffer
Co. F, 6 Reg't Ohio Inf

age 21, height _____ feet, _____ inches,
complexion _____, eyes _____, hair _____
place of birth _____
occupation _____

was enrolled _____, 1861,
and re-enlisted for 9 yrs June 19, 1861,
No. 0 with Co. A that
Sept. June 25, 1864.

From No. 1, 18 _____ to No. 0, 18 _____
he held the rank of Capt. 1st Sgt. 2nd Lt.
1st Lt. & Capt.

and the rolls on file for that period do not show him
absent except as follows:

Dated Dec 31, 1861.
Promoted in the time
of the Army.
He was captured as sick
March 1st Sept 10, 1861.

Conf'd at Richmond Va
19, 1861. Sent to Tazewell
Nov 25. - Reft & conf'd Rich
mond Va Dec 3, 1861.

Sent home Nov 1, 1862.
Paroled at Ballins Blg
Aug 17, 1862. Reported to
at Cincinnati Ohio date
not given. Sent to Camp
Shaw. & Sept 10, 1862.
Capt present at Camp
Lee Wallace Va Oct 31, 1862
Dec 31, 1862.

Absent - Unwounded
at Battle Stone River Tenn
Dec 31, 1862.

Absent leave of
absence granted from Dept.
for 90 days.
Apr 10, 1863.

Absent without
leave since Apr 6, 1863
Apr 30, 1863.

Absent without
leave since Apr 5, 1863
June 30, 1863.

Absent without
leave from May 2, 1863.

Aug 31/63 to Feb 24/64
Absent since Oct
Manchester Tenn since
Aug 17, 1863.

May 31/63
Absent since since
Jan 14/63 with leave
June 24/63.

Absent without
leave since June 3, 1863.
July 31/63.

Returned to Co July 31, 1863
Aug 1/63 to Nov 1/64.
Absent left sick
at Manchester Tenn Aug

16/63 ordered to report to
Capt J. B. Peterson at 100th Reg
Batt of volunteers formed
Camp at Nashville Tenn Aug
26, 1863.

Reassigned for duty April 25 for
May 31/64.
Absent since at
Manchester Tenn since
May 17/64.

Reassigned for duty June 7,
1864.

Reg Andrew

THE ADJUTANT GENERAL

DEC 7 1919

Navy Inv 047986

3-067.

✓
913 Ex'r.

OLD WAR AND NAVY DIVISION.

Off. No. 78369. Department of the Interior,
Frank S. Schieffer BUREAU OF PENSIONS,
U.S.M.

Washington, D. C., July 29, 1902

SIR:

For use in the above-entitled claim for pension, you are requested to furnish
this Bureau with a statement of the service of claimant

, who, it is alleged, enlisted Oct. 10, 1864

at ✓ , and served as a O.S.

on U. S. S. "Rattler" & "St. Western,"

, and was discharged June 8, 1865
at Cairo, Ill.

42283 JUL 31 1902

Please return this circular with your report.

Very respectfully,

The Auditor for the Navy Department,

Treasury Department.

PENSION
AUG
19
1902
U. S.
OFFICE

PENSION
AUG
6
1902
U. S.
OFFICE

B. F. Ware

Commissioner.

JUL 31 1902
TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Form No. 336.
Ed. 7 3 1902 5,000.

Treasury Department,
OFFICE OF THE
AUDITOR FOR THE NAVY DEPARTMENT.

U. S. W. & N. DIVISION
AUG 7 1902
RECEIVED.

No. 42283. Aug. 5, 1902.
REA
F

Respectfully returned
TO THE
COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS.

Frank S. Schieffer enlisted Oct. 10/64, and served as Ordinary Seaman on the Grampus to Oct. 14/64, on the Great Western to Nov. 3/64, on the Rattler to Jan. 12/65, and on the Great Western to June 8/65, when discharged.

W. W. Schieffer
Auditor.

No. 78,369.
Frank S. Schieffer.

W. W. Schieffer

PENSION
AUG 6
U. S.
1902
OFFICE.

PENSION
AUG 19
U. S.
1902
OFFICE.

/MP/



WASHINGTON, D. C.,

1 Enclosure.

August 18, 1902.

Sir:

In reply to your communication of Aug. 13, 1902

relative to the disability of Frank S. Schieffer

Rate O. S., U. S. Navy, you are informed that

the records of this Bureau show as follows, viz:

There are no Medical Journals of the "RATTLER" on file, and those of the other vessels named fail to afford any information in this case.



Very respectfully,

John T. ...

Acting Chief of Bureau.

XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Hon. COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS.

SURGEON'S CERTIFICATE.

Insert character and number of claim.

Increase, Pension Claim No. 78,369

Name of claimant.

Frank S. Schieffer,

Address of Board.

Milwaukee,

P. O.

Company F. 6, Reg't Ohio Inf.

Wisconsin.

State.

Claimant's post-office address.

National Home, Milwaukee, Wis.

Jan. 11,

1905

[Date of examination.]

Names of disabilities.

Gunshot wound left leg, rheumatism, rupture, lumbago, and general debility, disease of kidneys and bladder, and stomach trouble. He receives a pension of \$6.00 dollars per month.

Here give the claimant's statement (as briefly and as completely as possible) in regard to the date of origin and cause of his disabilities and the manner in which they affect him.

He makes the following statement in regard to the origin of his disabilities and date when first discovered by him: Gunshot wound left leg in 1862 at Stoneriver, rheumatism 25 yrs., rupture 5 yrs., lumbago 25 yrs., disease of kidneys and bladder 10 yrs., stomach trouble 15 yrs., general debility 20 years.

Birthplace, Austria; age, 65, years; height, 5ft. 6 1/2 weight, 139, pounds; complexion, Dark; color of eyes, Hazel; color of hair, Dark; occupation, Laborer; permanent marks and scars other than those described below,

We hereby certify that upon examination we find the following objective conditions:

Pulse rate, 100-104-112; respiration, 18-19-21; temperature, N.; [Sitting, standing, after exercise.]

Here give a full description of the disabilities, in accordance with Book of Instructions, and make a separate paragraph for each disability.

Gunshot wound left leg; has an irregular scar size of a quarter, two inches below and 1 1/2 inches behind head of fibula, adherent to muscles and fascia. Counterscar is one inch below head of tibia and directly beneath internal condyle of femur, size of a dime, deeply adherent to muscles and fascia. Scars are painful and cause considerable pain in cold weather.

Facts within the knowledge of the Board, or any member thereof, relative to the cause of any disability found should be stated.

Rheumatism; synovial crepitation of all large joints, with limitation of motion of left shoulder joint amounting to 1/6, right shoulder joint amounting to 1/4. Rheumatic deposit in the finger joints. Pain on passive motion of both knee and hip joints. Limitation of motion of left hip joint amounting to 1/6, due to rheumatic deposits. Difficulty in stooping, lumbar muscles sensitive to pressure.

Whenever a disability is shown or is believed to be due to or aggravated by vicious habits the opinion of the board must be stated. When not due to such habits this fact must be stated.

Heart; apex beat in normal position, cardiac dullness normal, no valvular disease, no hypertrophy.

Rupture; has right inguinal hernia. Tumor passes through internal ring into canal, through external ring, size of hen's egg, is reducible and a truss controls it. Rings admit tip of three fingers.

Disease of kidneys and bladder; Urine analysis Sp. Gr. 1020, reaction acid, no abnormalities. Man is obliged to rise quite frequently at night to urinate. Urination is difficult. Prostate considerably enlarged.

Disease of stomach; ~~stomach~~ in poor condition, tongue coated with a brown fur, stomach and abdomen distended with gas. Sensitive to pressure. Complains of iruciations. Nutrition fair, no marked anemia.

We find the aggregate permanent disability for earning a support by manual labor due to gunshot wound of left leg, rheumatism, rupture, and disease of stomach, not due to vicious habits, and warrant a rate of \$10.00 per month. Except as stated no other disabilities found. Other organs normal.

When rates are recommended solely on subjective evidence the strongest reasons must be given therefor.

D. J. Hayes, Pres. F. P. Cullen, Sec'y A. J. Maxwell, Treas.

Single surgeons will use this blank, changing "we" to "I."

Marginal entries must never be made.

DECLARATION FOR INVALID PENSION.

Act of June 27, 1890, and May 9, 1900.

To be executed before any officer authorized to administer oaths for general purposes in the State, city, or county where said officer resides. If such officer has a seal it should be used; but when no seal is used by the officer before whom the declaration is executed, then a clerk of a court of record or a county or city clerk shall affix his official seal thereto, and shall certify to the signature and official character of said officer. If certificate as to official character of officer executing this declaration is on file in Pension Office, nothing else is necessary.

State of Wisconsin, County of Milwaukee, ss:

ON THIS 12th day of April, A. D. nineteen hundred and two

personally appeared before me, a Notary Public Frank S. Schieffer

within and for the county and State aforesaid aged 62 1/2 years, a resident of the National Home county of Milwaukee State of Wisconsin

who, being duly sworn according to law, declares that he is the identical Frank S. Schieffer

who was enrolled on the 18th day of April, 1861, in Co. 8 1/2 Ohio Infy - 3 mos service

Here state rank, company, and regiment in military service. Re enlisted in band organization for 3 years - June 14 1861 - promoted 2nd Lieut. or vessel if in the Navy. promoted 1st Lieut. Co. B. and again promoted to Captain of Co. A. in the service of the United States in the War of the Rebellion, and served at least ninety days and was honorably discharged as Captain Co. A. 6th Ohio Vol. Infy on the 23rd

day of June 1864 That he is wholly unable to earn a support

by manual labor by reason of S. I. Wound of left leg for which received medical aid but Here name the disease or injuries from which disabled.

Rheumatism curvature of right side, Catarrh of head in throat, Scurvy, Kidney and bladder trouble

that said disabilities are not due to his vicious habits, and are to the best of his knowledge and belief of a permanent character; that he has applied for pension under Application No.

that he is a pensioner under Certificate No. 78369 at \$6.00 per mo. - as 2nd Lieut. Co. 8 1/2 Ohio Vol. Infy. If a pensioner, the certificate number only need be given; if not, give the number of the former application, if one was made.

That he has been employed in the Military or Naval service otherwise than as stated above.

enlisted as Ord. Seaman 1st Class, Squadron U.S.N. Oct. 10, 1864 Discharged June 8, 1865. Had no other services.

That he makes this declaration for the purpose of being placed on the pension-roll of the United States under the provisions of the Act of June 27, 1890, and May 9, 1900.

He hereby appoints, with full power of substitution and revocation, JOHN D. KINNEY, OF WASHINGTON, D. C.,

his true and lawful attorney to prosecute his claim, and to receive therefor a fee of ten dollars; that his post-office address is National Home

county of Milwaukee, State of Wisconsin

Frank S. Schieffer Claimant's signature.

Attest: 1 Andrew Christie

2 M. Regan If claimant makes his mark, two witnesses who write sign here.

(OVER.)

ATTY FILED



Claimant's

GENERAL AFFIDAVIT.

90

90

State of Wisconsin County of Milwaukee, ss:

In the matter of claim of Frank S. Schieffer, Co. F. 6th Ohio Inf. A. M. S. 2007

Personally came before me a Notary Public in and for the aforesaid County and State Frank S. Schieffer - claimant aged 62 years,

citizen of the town of National Home Post-Office address. Give Street and No. if in city or town.

County of Milwaukee State of Wisconsin

well known to me to be reputable and entitled to credit, and who, being duly sworn, declares in relation to aforesaid case, as follows:

My entire service in the U.S. Army or Navy was as follows: Enlisted April 20, 1861 in Co. F 6th Ohio Vol. Infy (3rd Regt), Discharged June 17, 1861. Re-enlisted for 3 years in same Co and Regt. June 18, 1861 Discharged as Captain Co. A, 6th Ohio Vol. Infy June 23, 1864. Enrolled as Ord. Seaman U.S. Navy Oct. 10, 1864 Discharged at Louis Ill. June 8, 1865. Served on U.S. Ste. Rattles and Receiving Ship "Great Western" Miss. Squadron.



further declares that he has no interest in said claim and is not concerned in its prosecution.

1 }
2 }

Frank S. Schieffer (Signature of Affiant.)

NOTE.—In the execution of papers and evidence, whenever a person or witness signs by mark (†), two persons who can write must attest the signature by signing their names opposite. The official before whom papers are executed is not a competent witness to a mark. [OVER.]

O. W. and N.

3-389.
(Old No. 3-123)

W. D. Evans
Esq.

Dir.
Inv. Orig. No. 47986
Frank S. Schieffer
Co. Reg't *2d* NAVY

Department of the Interior,
BUREAU OF PENSIONS.

Washington, D. C., *April 24, 1902*

Sir:

Will you kindly answer, at your earliest convenience, the questions enumerated below? The information is requested for future use, and it may be of great value to your family.

Very respectfully,

Mr Frank S. Schieffer
National Army
Milwaukee to Wisc

W. D. Evans
Commissioner

RECEIVED
MAY 17 1902
DIVISION

No. 1. Are you a married man? If so, please state your wife's full name, and her maiden name.

Answer: *Margaret Schieffer. Maiden name Margaret O'Sara.*

No. 2. When, where, and by whom were you married? Answer: *Cincinnati Ohio*

April 1st 1873. By John Anthony Justice of Peace

No. 3. What record of marriage exists? Answer: *Marriage Certificate*

Recorded in Cincinnati Hamilton Co. Ohio

No. 4. Were you previously married? If so, please state the name of your former wife and the

date and place of her death ~~as follows~~. Answer: *Previously Married to Julia*

Johnston. Died Nov 1st 1872. At Newport Ky

No. 5. Have you any children living? If so, please state their names and the dates of their

birth. Answer: *One Child living, Martha Adeline*

Schieffer. born Feb 1st 1867.

PENSION
U. S.
MAY 16 1902
OFFICE

Date of reply,, 1902

Frank S. Schieffer
(Signature)

ACT OF FEBRUARY 6, 1907.

DECLARATION FOR PENSION.

THE PENSION CERTIFICATE SHOULD NOT BE FORWARDED WITH THE APPLICATION.

State of Wisconsin
County of Milwaukee ss.

On this 5th day of March, A. D. one thousand nine hundred and Seven, personally appeared before me, a Notary Public within and for the county and State aforesaid, Frank S. Schieffer, who, being duly sworn according to law, declares that he is 57 1/2 years of age, and a resident of National Home county of Milwaukee State of Wisconsin; and that he is the identical person who was ENROLLED as Frank Francis Wise under the name of Frank S. Schieffer on the 18th day of April, 1861, as a Private, in Co. 6th Wisconsin Infantry
(Here state rank, and company and regiment in the Army, or branch if in the Navy.)

in the service of the United States, in the Civil war, and was HONORABLY DISCHARGED at Camp Wisconsin, Wis. on the 2nd day of June, 1861. That he also served in Co. 6th Wisconsin from June 19, 1861 until June 23, 1864 being mustered out as Captain in the 11th Mass from August 1864 until July 1865
(Here give a complete statement of all other services, if any.)

That he was not employed in the military or naval service of the United States otherwise than as stated above. That his personal description at enlistment was as follows: Height, 5 feet 6 3/4 inches; complexion, Dark; color of eyes, Gray; color of hair, Black; that his occupation was Solemaking; that he was born July 3, 1839, at Austria-Hungary, Europe.

That his several places of residence since leaving the service have been as follows: Wisconsin until entering Natl Home in 1886
(State date of each change, as nearly as possible.)

That he is _____ a pensioner. That he has not heretofore applied for pension Rank no. 18369
(If a pensioner, the certificate number only need be given. If not, give the number of the former application, if one was made.)

That he makes this declaration for the purpose of being placed on the pension roll of the United States under the provisions of the act of February 6, 1907.

That his post-office address is National Home, county of Milwaukee State of Wisconsin

Attest: (1) James Mahoney
(2) Horace Spruell
Frank S. Schieffer
(Claimant's signature in full.)

Also personally appeared James Mahoney residing in Natl Home Wis and Horace Spruell residing in Natl Home Wis persons whom I certify to be respectable and entitled to credit, and who, being by me duly sworn, say that they were present and saw Frank S. Schieffer, the claimant, sign his name (or make his mark) to the foregoing declaration; that they have every reason to believe, from the appearance of the claimant and their acquaintance with him of 3 years and 10 years, respectively, that he is the identical person he represents himself to be, and that they have no interest in the prosecution of this claim.

Verdity accepted
S. A. Cuddy,
Chief, Law Division,
PER M E 47- 1-7

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 5th day of March, A. D. 1907, and I hereby certify that the contents of the above declaration, etc., were fully made known and explained to the applicant and witnesses before swearing including the words _____, erased, and the words _____, added; and that I have no interest, direct or indirect, in the prosecution of this claim.



James Mahoney
Horace Spruell
(Signatures of witnesses.)
Notary Public
(Signature of Notary)
My Commission Expires June 27, 1909.

cas Milwaukee

Original No. _____

Certificate No. *78369*

ACT OF FEBRUARY 6, 1907.

Claimant, *Frank S. Schieffer*
 P. O., *National Home* Rank, *Boatman (and Ordinary Seaman)*
 County, *Milwaukee* Company, *U.S. Scows and Steer*
 State, *Wisconsin* Regiment, *Quintet, Inf. Station, U.S.N.*
 Rate, \$ *12* per month, commencing *March 6, 1907*

RECOGNIZED ATTORNEY.

Name, _____

P. O., _____

APPROVAL.

Submitted for *Adm. April 5*, 1907. *W.H. Andrews*, Examiner.

Approved for *Admission*

Age over 62.

Rate \$12 per month.

Revised's allow under Act February 6, 1907. Deduct sub-payments and drop name from rolls under Act June 27, 1890.

April 16, 1907. E.W. Moore Legal Reviewer. *April 18, 1907. J.W. Davis* Re-Reviewer.

Enlisted *April 20*, 1861, honorably discharged *June 23*, 1864
 Enlisted *Oct. 10*, 1864, honorably discharged *June 5*, 1865
 Enlisted _____, 18____, honorably discharged _____, 18____
 Pensioned at \$ *10* per month, under *Act June 27, 1890.*

PRESENT CLAIM, ACT OF FEBRUARY 6, 1907.

Declaration filed *March 6*, 1907
 Date of birth alleged, *July 13*, 1839
 Age shown by evidence *66* years.
 Claimant does _____ write.

He M. C.

ACT OF MAY 11, 1912.

No. 78369

Increase



None of the same name has been deducted.

It is hereby certified That in conformity with the laws of the

United States Frank S. Schieffer

who was a Captain Co. F. 6th Regiment Ohio Infantry and Ordinary

Seaman United States Navy

is entitled to

a pension at the rate of Thirty dollars per month, to

commence July 3, 1914

2-1132

M. H.

Group 3 TO BE SECURELY ATTACHED TO THE PENSION CERTIFICATE.

Inv. Ctf. 78369 DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR,
Bureau of Pensions,
Washington, D. C.

Soldier Frank S. Schieffer

Pursuant to the Act of Congress approved by the President June 10, 1918, amending the Act of May 11, 1912, the pension in the above-described case is increased to \$ 40 per month, commencing June 10, 1918.

G. M. Sargent

Commissioner of Pensions.

William H. Moore

Secretary of the Interior.

William H. Moore
Secretary of the Interior

Countersigned.

G. M. Sargent

Commissioner of Pensions

G. M. Sargent

MAR 20 8 1919

(Form No. 37.)

NORTHWESTERN BRANCH, NATIONAL HOME FOR DISABLED VOLUNTEER SOLDIERS.

March 18th 1919

TO THE COMMISSIONER OF PENSIONS,
WASHINGTON, D. C.

SIR:

In accordance with instructions of the President of the Board of Managers, National Home for D. V. S., I have the honor to transmit herewith Pension Certificate No. 78,369 of Frank S. Schieffer deceased, late of F Co., 6th Regiment Ohio Infantry, who died at this Branch, on the 17th day of March, 1919.

Cause of death Acute Cardiac Dilatation; Arterio Sclerosis.

Social condition Married.

The name, address and degree of relationship of his next of kin, so far as indicated by the records of this Home, are as follows:

Mrs. Margaret Schieffer, Milwaukee County Poor House, Milwaukee, Wis.
(Wife)

Very respectfully,

J. E. ...
GOVERNOR.

8
W.T.B.

3-1081

PENSIONER DROPPED

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF PENSIONS**

MAR 21 1919, 191

Certificate No. 78369

Class ACT OF MAY 11, 1913

Pensioner

Soldier Frank S. Schieffer

Service 7-6. Ohio Inf &

The Commissioner of Pensions.

Sir:

I have the honor to report that the name of
the above-described pensioner who was last
paid at \$ 40 to MAR 4 1919

has this day been dropped from the roll be-
cause of death march 17 1919

FRANK S SCHIEFFER

78369 ACT MAY

National Home, Wisconsin.

Very respectfully,

W. H. Campbell

Chief, Finance Division

NOTE.—Every name dropped to be thus reported at
once, and when cause of dropping is death, state date
of death when known.

6-2219

PLATE DESTROYED

AZS

